

Supplement to
**Global atmospheric methanol emissions inferred from IASI satellite
measurements and aircraft data**

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This supplement contains 8 figures and 7 tables which support the main manuscript.

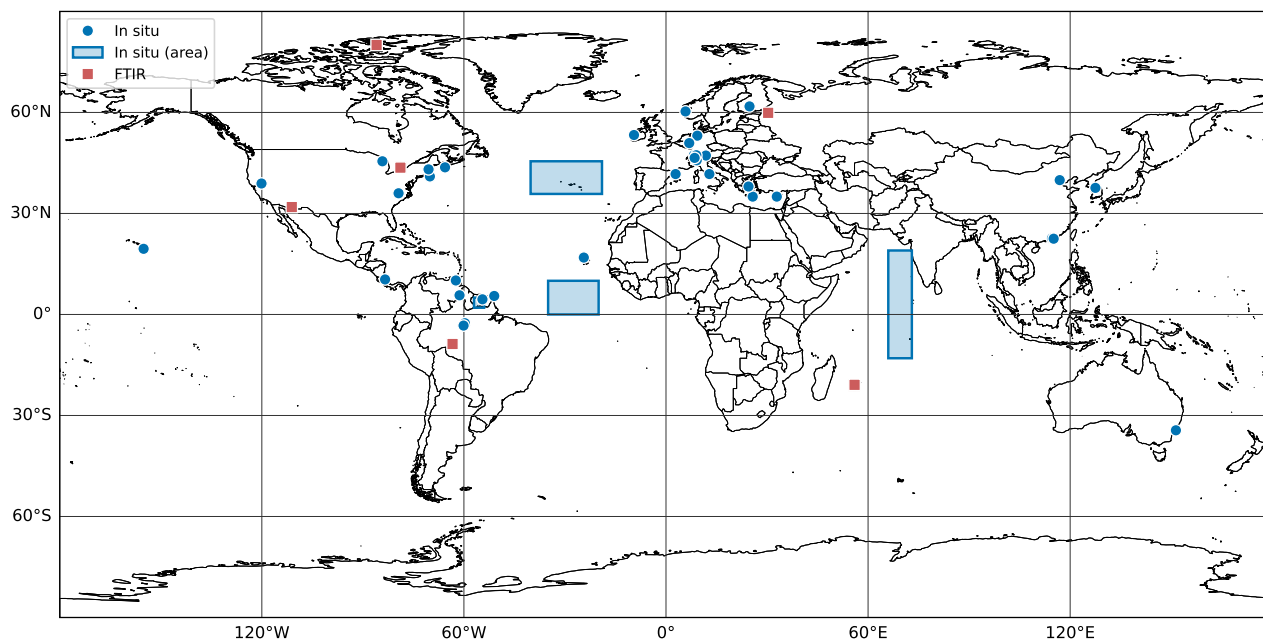


Figure S1. Location of in situ CH_3OH measurement sites used for model evaluation (blue dots and blue boxes), presented in Tables S1 and S2. Red squares correspond to the location of FTIR measurement sites, Eureka (80.05 N, 273.58 E), Saint Petersburg (59.88 N, 29.83 E), Toronto (43.6 N, 280.64 E), Jungfrauoch (46.55 N, 7.98 E), Kitt Peak (31.9 N, 248.4 E), Porto Velho (8.77 S, 296.13 E), Saint-Denis, Reunion Isl. (20.90 S, 55.49 E), and Maïdo Observatory, Reunion Isl. (21.08 S, 55.38 E).

Table S1. In situ CH₃OH mixing ratio measurements (pptv), and corresponding model values from the a priori run and IASI-based inversion. Obs.: average from observation. A priori and optimised model values are averages calculated for the year and months of the measurement campaign when simulations are available for that year, otherwise a climatology is calculated using all simulated years (2008–2019).

Site	Coordinates	Month	Obs.	A priori	Optimised	Reference
<i>Tropical forests</i>						
Malaysian rainforest (2008)	5.0 N, 117.8 E	4-5	1200	2797	1396	Langford et al. (2010)
Malaysian rainforest (2008)	5.0 N, 117.8 E	6-7	1500	2314	1481	Langford et al. (2010)
Suriname trop. forest (2005)	4.5 N, 305.0 E	10	1890	2615	1773	Lelieveld et al. (2008)
Rondonia, Brazil (1999)	10.1 S, 297.1 E	10	2500	5164	5962	Kesselmeier et al. (2002)
Suriname rainforest (1998)	2-5 N, 303-306 E	3	1100	1782	1263	Williams et al. (2001)
Central Amazonia (2004)	2.6 S, 299.8 E	9	4100	5700	4738	Karl et al. (2007)
Parupa, Venezuela (1999)	5.7 N, 298.2 E	1-2	1540	2053	1397	Sanhueza et al. (2001)
La Selva, Costa Rica (2003)	10.4 N, 276.1 E	4-5	2155	1912	1467	Karl et al. (2004)
Manacapuru, Brazil (2014)	3.3 S, 299.4 E	2	1778	3015	2148	Seco et al. (2014)
Manacapuru, Brazil (2014)	id.	3	1261	3197	2447	Seco et al. (2014)
<i>North America</i>						
Blodgett Forest, USA (2000)	38.9 N, 239.4 E	6	3650	2557	3880	Schade and Goldstein (2006)
id.	id.	9-11	3440	1632	2073	id.
id.	id.	12-1	970	985	1145	id.
id. (2001)	id.	3	1900	1268	1929	id.
Appledore Isl., USA (2004)	41 N, 289.4 E	7-8	2100	3129	3900	Mao et al. (2006)
Duke Forest, USA (2003)	36 N, 280.1 E	7	5000	6854	7184	Karl et al. (2005)
Chebogue Point, Canada (2004)	43.7 N, 293.9 E	7-8	1389	2134	3281	Millet et al. (2006)
UMBS, Michigan, USA (2001)	45.5 N, 275.3 E	9-10	3530	1359	2233	Karl et al. (2003)
UMBS, Michigan, USA (2002)	id.	6	6800	4046	6343	id.
UMBS, Michigan, USA (2005)	id.	7-8	8050	3732	5853	id.
Durham, USA (2005-2007)	43.1 N, 289.0 E	12-2	1200	863	1040	Jordan et al. (2009)
Durham, USA (2006-2008)	id.	3-5	2170	1952	3693	id.
Durham, USA (2004-2007)	id.	6-8	3350	4571	6657	id.
Durham, USA (2005-2007)	id.	9-11	1370	1425	2004	id.

Table S1. Continued.

Site	Coordinates	Month	Obs.	A priori	Optimised	Reference
<i>Europe</i>						
Bremen Campus, Germany (2004)	53.1 N, 8.8 E	7	2200	2947	4606	Solomon et al. (2005)
Juelich, Germany (2003)	50.9 N, 6.4 E	7	8000	4140	5525	Spirig et al. (2005)
Innsbruck, Austria (1997)	47.2 N, 11.35 E	9	3000	2017	2360	Holzinger et al. (2001)
Castelporziano, Italy (2007)	41.7 N, 12.38 E	5	3510	2453	3497	Davison et al. (2009)
Northern Italy (2013)	45.8 N, 8.63 E	6	6220	4513	6305	Jensen et al. (2018)
Creta, Greece (2001)	35 N, 25.25 E	8	3500	2047	1840	de Gouw et al. (2004)
Cyprus (2014)	35 N, 32.4 E	7-8	3242	1731	1657	Derstroff et al. (2017)
Athens, Greece (2001)	38 N, 24 E	8	4500	3181	2791	de Gouw et al. (2004)
Raunefjord, Norway (2005)	60.3 N, 5.3 E	6	1860	1064	1470	Sinha et al. (2007)
Central Switzerland (2004)	47.3 N, 7.8 E	7	6000	3694	4187	Brunner et al. (2007)
Zurich, Switzerland (2005)	47.3 N, 8.5 E	4	2180	2942	5388	Legreid et al. (2007)
id.	id.	7	3180	3716	4173	id.
id.	id.	11	1110	1431	1521	id.
id.	id.	12	1210	1481	1577	id.
Jungfrauoch, Switzerland (2005)	46.5 N, 8 E	4-5	790	827	1312	Legreid et al. (2008)
id.	id.	8-9	769	794	966	id.
id.	id.	10	362	456	532	id.
id.	id.	2-3	550	358	400	id.
Montseny, Spain (2009)	41.7 N, 2.35 E	2-3	1840	832	1053	Seco et al. (2011)
id.	id.	7-8	4920	2349	1823	id.
Montseny, Spain (2019)	41.7 N, 2.35 E	7-8	4600	2800	2712	Yanez-Serrano et al. (2021)
id.	id.	9	1990	1810	1809	id.
id.	id.	10	1600	1335	1558	id.
Hyytiälä forest, Finland (2007)	61.8 N, 24.3 E	1	190	476	500	Patokoski et al. (2014)
id.	id.	4	640	887	1248	id.
<i>Other</i>						
Shenzhen, China (2022)	22.6 N, 114 E	9-10	3700	4324	3005	Li et al. (2024)
Yangmeikeng, China (2016)	22.5 N, 114.6 E	6-7	3900	3411	2463	Han et al. (2019)
Seoul, South Korea (2016)	37.6 N, 127 E	5-6	11500	3908	9246	Beaudry et al. (2025)
Beijing, China (2017)	39.9 N, 116.4 E	5-6	16500	4626	17234	id.
Indian Ocean, 0-13 S (1999)	0-13 S, 71-73 E	3	600	642	635	Wisthaler et al. (2002)
Indian Ocean, 9-13 N (1999)	9-13 N, 67-70 E	3	1057	833	931	id.
Indian Ocean, 13-19 N (1999)	13-19 N, 66-70 E	3	687	716	794	id.
Indian Ocean, 7.5 N (1999)	7.5 N, 70 E	3	1417	917	968	id.
Atlantic, 1.7±1.3 km (2004)	35.8–40.2 N, 321.4–332.6 E	7-8	530	527		Lewis et al. (2007)
Atlantic, 2.4±1.4 km	36–44 N, 326–338 E	id.	630	544	659	id.
Atlantic, 3.5±1.7 km	40.5–45.5 N, 325–335 E	id.	1100	598	815	id.
Atlantic, 6.1±1.9 km	36.5–43.5 N, 323–341 E	id.	680	543	752	id.
Atlantic, 6.7±2.3 km	36.1–41.9 N, 319.8–334.2 E	id.	380	540	723	id.
Mauna Loa, Pacific (2001)	19.5 N, 204.4 E	3-4	900	627	635	Karl et al. (2003a)
Tropical Atlantic (2002)	0-10 N, 325-340 E	10-11	890	935	804	Williams et al. (2004)
Mace Head, Ireland (2002)	53.3 N, 350 E	7-9	802	729	957	Lewis et al. (2005)
Cape Verde (2006-2011)	16.9 N, 335.1 E	1-12	742	519	524	Read et al. (2012)
Maido, Reunion Isl. (2017-2019)	21.1 S, 55.4 E	1-12	961	498	513	Verreyken et al. (2021)
Wollongong, Australia (2012-2013)	34.4 S, 150.9 E	12-2	2234	1649	1718	Paton-Walsh et al. (2017)

Table S2. FTIR stations contributing in this work: longitude, latitude, altitude above sea level, microwindows, database for spectroscopy, and reference.

Station	Latitude North	Longitude East	Altitude (km)	Microwindow (cm ⁻¹)	Spectroscopy database	Reference
Eureka	80.05	-86.42	0.61	992.0–998.7; 1029.0–1037.0	HITRAN 2008	Viatte et al. (2014), Wizenberg et al. (2024)
St. Petersburg	59.88	29.83	0.02	992.0–998.7; 1029.0–1037.0	HITRAN 2016	Viatte et al. (2014)
Jungfrauoch	46.550	7.98	3.58	992.0–998.7; 1029.0–1037.0	HITRAN 2008	Bader et al. (2014)
Toronto	43.60	-79.40	0.17	992.0–998.7; 1029.0–1037.0	HITRAN 2008	Viatte et al. (2014), Yamanouchi et al. (2023)
Kitt Peak Obs.	31.90	-111.60	2.09	992.0–998.7	HITRAN 2004	Rinsland et al. (2009)
Porto Velho	-8.77	-63.87	0.09	1029.0–1037.0	HITRAN 2012	Vigouroux et al. (2012)
La Réunion (St. Denis)	-20.90	55.48	0.08	1029.0–1037.0	HITRAN 2012	Vigouroux et al. (2012)
La Réunion (Maïdo)	-21.08	55.38	2.16	1029.0–1037.0	HITRAN 2012	Vigouroux et al. (2012)

Table S3. Methanol dry deposition velocity measurements used in this work for evaluation. LAI is the reported leaf area index (m² m⁻²), when available, v_d^{obs} and v_d^{mod} the average measured and modelled deposition velocity, respectively. PFT is the the plant functional type. Notes: *: nighttime; *a*: variable, provided by the MODIS dataset. References: 1, Wohlfahrt et al. (2015); 2, Schade and Goldstein (2001); 3, Karl et al. (2005); 4, Rantala et al. (2015); 5, Schade et al. (2011); 6, McKinney et al. (2011); 7, Schallhart et al. (2006); 8, Seco et al. (2015); 9, Langford et al. (2010); 10, Misztal et al. (2011); 11, Holst et al. (2010); 12, Brunner et al. (2007); 13, Hörtnagl et al. (2011).

Site	Dominant PFT	Coordinates	Month(s)/year(s)	LAI	v_d^{obs} (v_d^{mod})	Reference
Blodgett, USA	pine plantation	38.8 N, 239.3 E	6-7/1999	1.5	1.8* (1.45)	1, 2
Duke forest, USA	pine plantation	35.98 N, 280.9 E	7/2003	3	0.96* (0.86)	3
Vielsalm, Belgium	mostly coniferous	50.3 N, 5.99 E	3-11/2009-11	3.5	1.9* (1.52)	1
Hyytiälä, Finland	coniferous	61.8 N, 24.3 E	5-9/2010-13	6	0.29 (1.34)	4
Soroe, Denmark	beech forest	55.4 N, 11.7 E	6/2007	5	1.1 (0.75)	5
Harvard forest, USA	mixed forest	42.54 N, 287.83 E	6-7/2007	5	1.0* (0.72)	1, 6
Bosco Fontana, Italy	oak forest	45.2 N, 10.74 E	6-8/2012	3.5	0.21* (0.22)	7
Ozarks, USA	deciduous	38.76 N, 267.84 E	5-10/2012	<i>a</i>	0.3* (0.44)	1, 8
Bukit Atur, Borneo	rainforest	4.9 N, 117.8 E	4-7/2008	6	0.47 (0.76)	9
Borneo plantation	palm trees	5.2 N, 118.4 E	5-6/2008	6	1.25 (0.76)	10
Stordalen, Sweden	wetland	68.33 N, 19.05 E	5-9/2007	<i>a</i>	0.70* (0.42)	1, 11
Oesingen, Switzerland	grassland	47.28 N, 7.73 E	6-7/2004	<i>a</i>	0.15* (0.14)	1, 12
Neustift, Austria	grassland	47.12 N, 11.32 E	3-11/2008-12	<i>a</i>	0.50* (0.46)	13
Average over all sites					0.82 (0.76)	

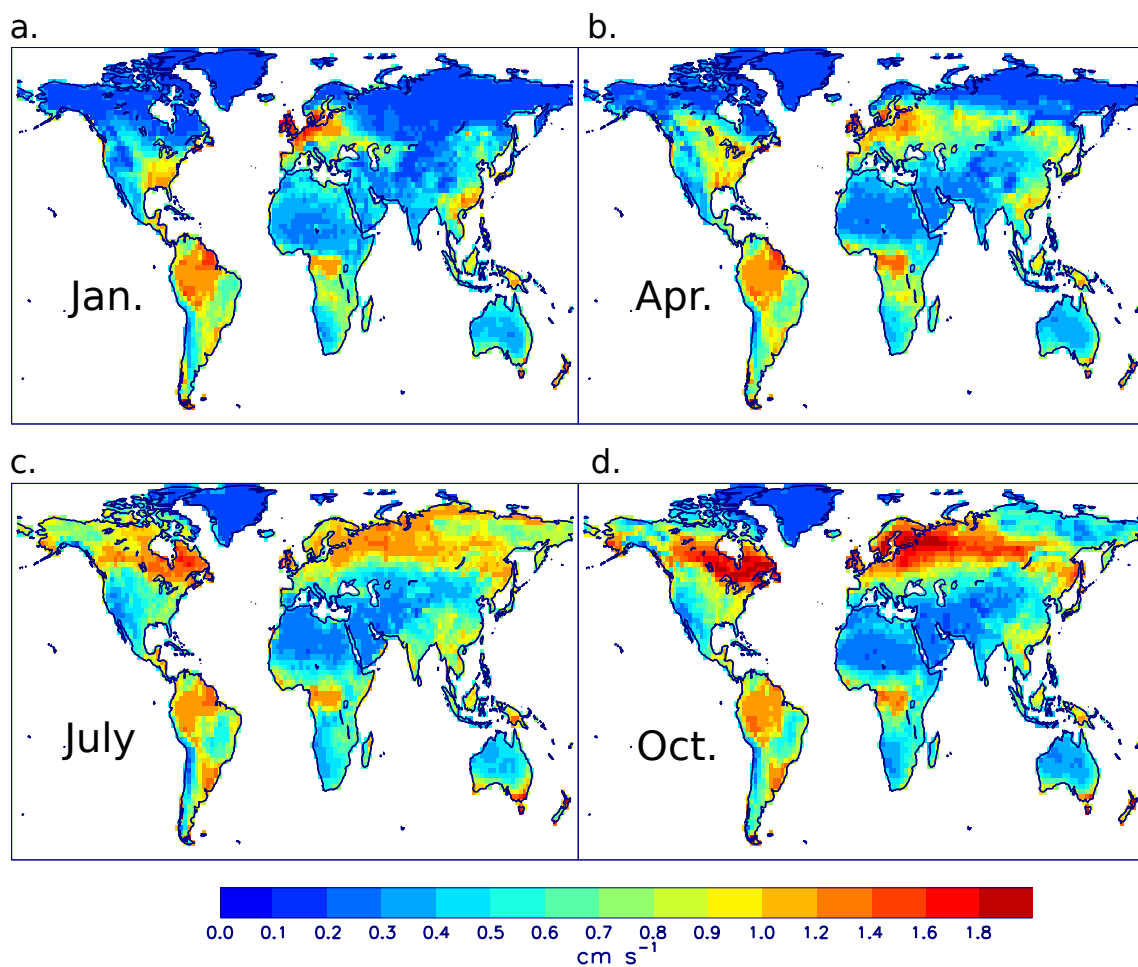


Figure S2. Climatological (2008–2019) monthly methanol dry deposition velocities at $2^\circ \times 2.5^\circ$ (cm s^{-1}) over land areas, for (a) January, (b) April, (c) July and (d) October.

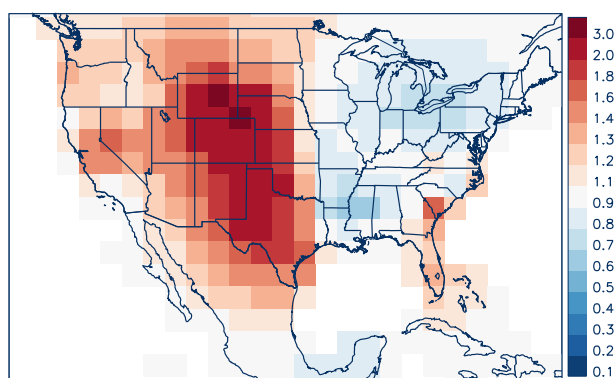


Figure S3. Enhancement of summertime biogenic emissions (May–September 2012–2013 average), relative to the a priori inventory, obtained in the aircraft-based optimisation.

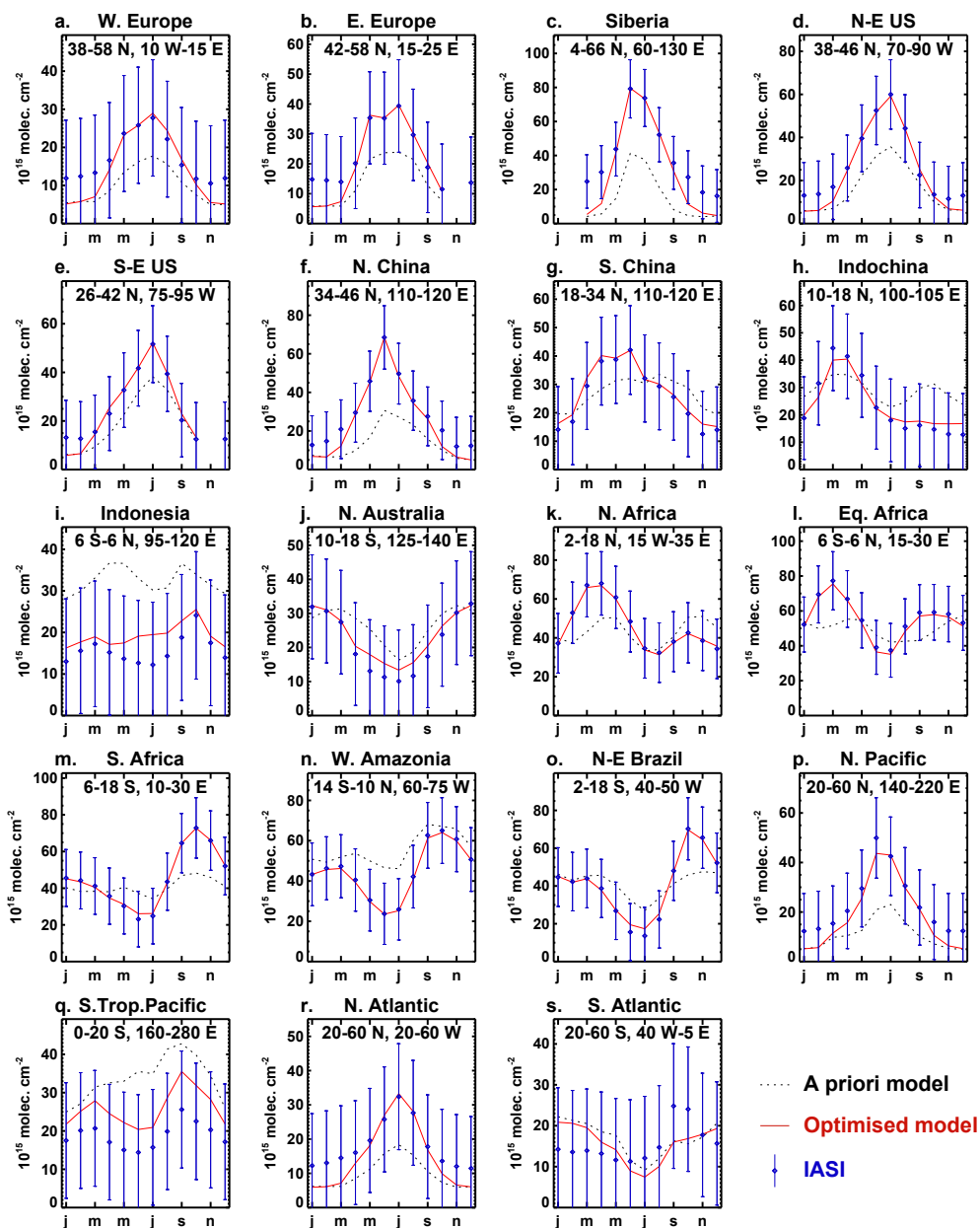


Figure S4. Seasonal variation (2008–2019 average) of CH_3OH columns ($10^{15} \text{ molec. cm}^{-2}$) over large regions. Symbols: bias-corrected IASI; dotted line: model with a priori emissions; red line: and optimised emissions (red line). Error bars denote the combined observational and model error adopted in the emission inversion.

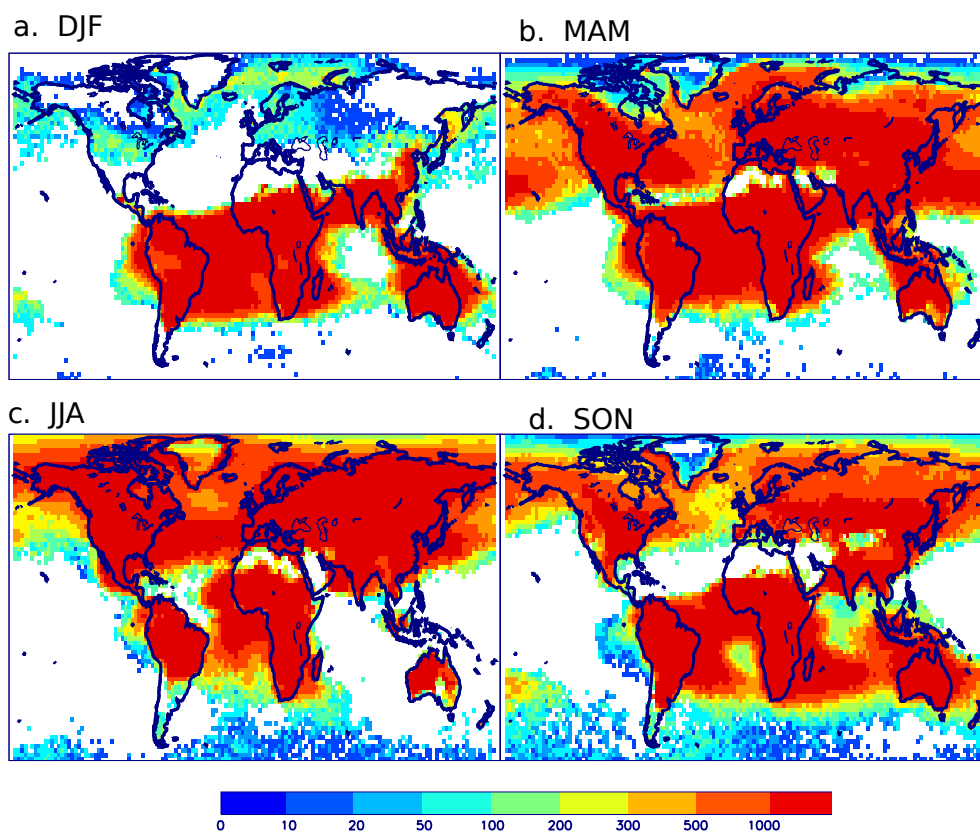


Figure S5. Average number of IASI measurements per pixel and per season used in the emission optimisations, on average between 2008 and 2019.

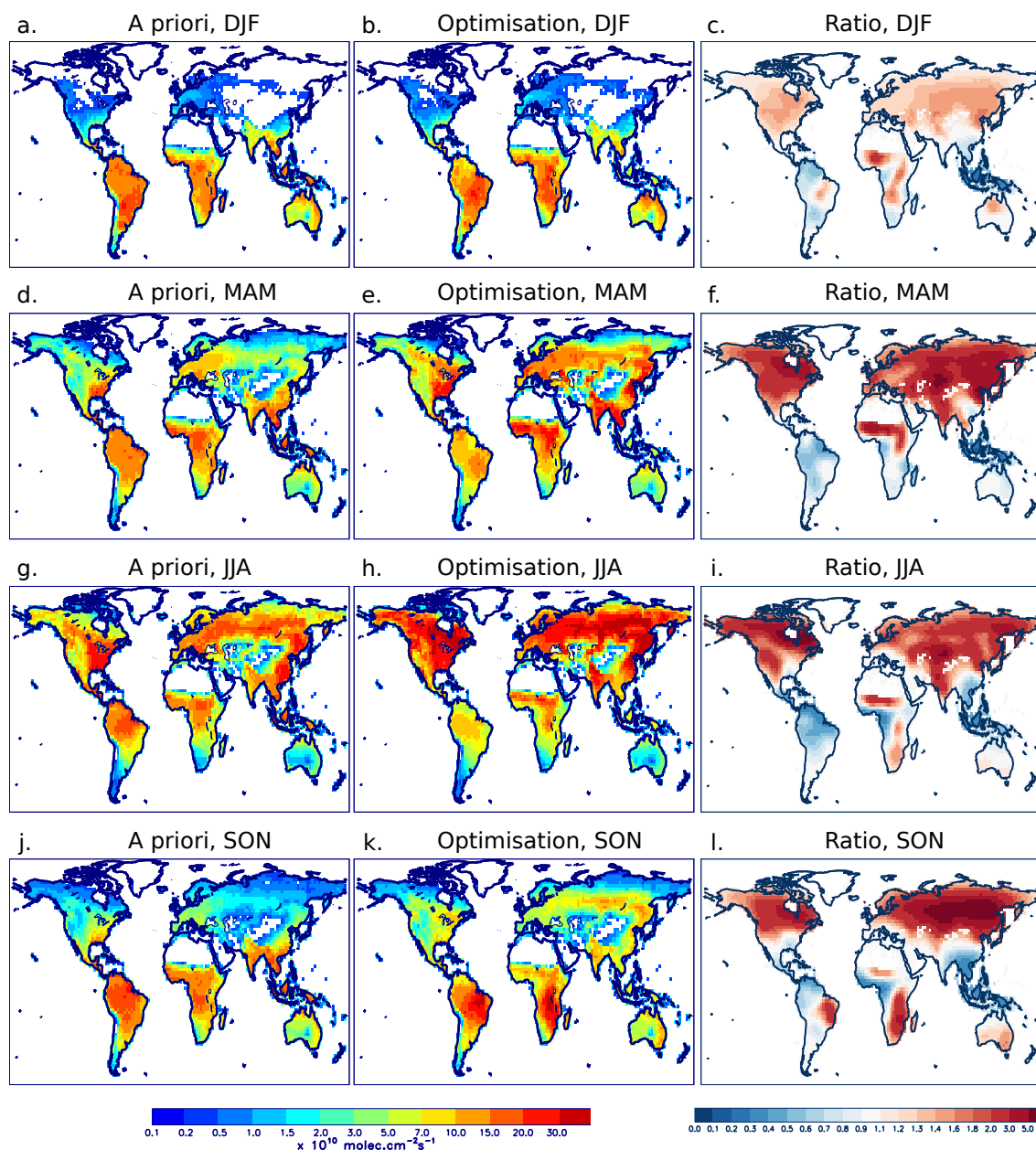


Figure S6. Seasonally-averaged biogenic emissions (2008-2019 averages in $10^{10} \text{ molec.cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$) in the a priori simulation (left panels) and in the optimisation (middle panels). The ratio of optimised to priori emissions is displayed on the right panels..)

Table S4. Statistics of comparison of in situ CH₃OH measurements from aircraft campaigns with model runs using either a priori emissions or emissions constrained by IASI. n is the number of measurements. The bias is calculated as $100 \cdot (\langle C_m - C_o \rangle) / \langle C_o \rangle$, with C_m and C_o the modelled and observed mixing ratios, respectively, and $\langle \rangle$ denote the average over all data from each campaign. The root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) is calculated as $(\langle (C_m - C_o)^2 \rangle)^{1/2}$. Only data below 8 km altitude are considered. Data over ocean are excluded from all campaigns except ATom. See main manuscript for additional details on the campaigns.

	n	C_o (ppbv)	Bias A priori (%)	Bias Optimised (%)	RMSD A priori (ppbv)	RMSD Optimised (ppbv)
ARCTAS June (PTR-MS)	1612	2.67	-36	-15	1.23	0.74
ARCTAS June (TOGA)	1369	2.23	-24	2	0.83	0.60
ARCTAS July (PTR-MS)	1773	2.67	-24	49	0.93	2.11
ARCTAS July (TOGA)	1463	2.89	-23	51	1.47	2.80
DC3 (DC8)	2847	3.19	-45	-29	1.66	1.15
DC3 (GV)	2055	3.28	-50	-34	1.83	1.30
SENEX	6273	5.29	-23	-22	1.26	1.23
SEAC ⁴ RS	4732	2.85	0	-3	0.50	0.26
GoAmazon	1765	1.55	32	1	0.71	0.36
KORUS-AQ	1057	6.08	-77	-45	5.07	2.84
<i>All campaigns over land</i>	<i>24946</i>	<i>3.52</i>	<i>-22.7</i>	<i>-8.4</i>	<i>1.29</i>	<i>1.14</i>
<i>Over ocean</i>						
ATom 1-4	3510	0.60	-21	-15	0.163	0.130

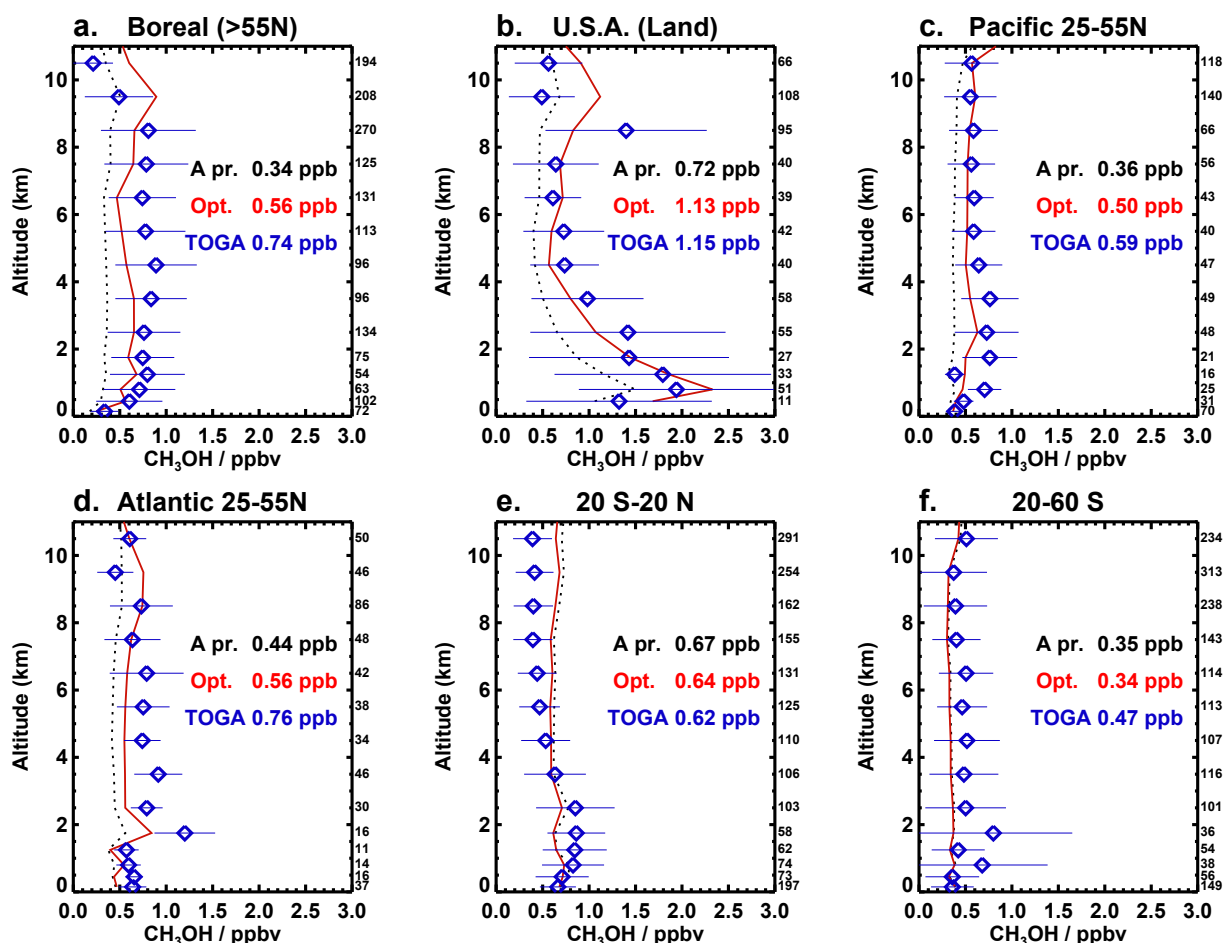


Figure S7. Averaged vertical profiles of observed CH_3OH concentrations (symbols) from the ATom campaigns (Fig. 2 and Table 2 of main manuscript) (a) poleward of 55°N , (b) over contiguous U.S., (c) N. Pacific ($25\text{--}55^\circ\text{N}$), (d) N. Atlantic ($25\text{--}55^\circ\text{N}$), (e) tropical oceans ($20^\circ\text{--}20^\circ\text{N}$), and (f) southern oceans ($20^\circ\text{S}\text{--}60^\circ\text{S}$). Dotted lines: prior model profiles; red lines: IASI-based optimisation. The error bars denote the standard deviation of the observations. The number of observations per altitude bin is indicated on the right of each plot. The average observed and modelled mixing ratios below 8 km altitude are given for each region. Data over land are excluded for all regions except for panels a and b.

Table S5. Summary of comparison between in situ CH₃OH mixing ratio measurements and corresponding model values (in ppbv) before and after IASI-based emission optimisation, averaged over large regions. The measurement sites are detailed in Table S1.

	Number of campaigns	Observed (ppbv)	A priori model (ppbv)	Optimisation (ppbv)	Ratio optimised/observed
Tropical forests	10	1.77	2.76	2.03	1.15
U.S.A.	14	2.63	2.18	3.09	1.17
Europe	25	1.92	1.62	1.90	0.99
East Asia	4	7.23	4.04	5.86	0.81
Marine	14	0.77	0.64	0.72	0.93
All	67	2.12	1.85	2.16	1.02

Table S6. Statistics of the comparison between FTIR CH₃OH column measurements and model simulations using either a priori or top-down emissions. n is the number of measurements. The bias (%) is calculated as $100 \cdot (\langle C_m - C_o \rangle) / \langle C_o \rangle$, where C_m and C_o denote the mean modelled and observed monthly columns, respectively, and $\langle \rangle$ denote the average over all data from each station. The root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) is calculated as $(\langle (C_m - C_o)^2 \rangle)^{1/2}$. R denotes Pearson's correlation coefficient. For Porto Velho, the statistics are for the alternative optimisation ignoring IASI data between 13 and 30 September, 2019 (see text).

	n	C_o (10^{15} cm^{-2})	Bias (%)		RMSD (10^{15} cm^{-2})		R	
			A priori	Optimised	A priori	Optimised	A priori	Optimised
Eureka (2008–2019)	1920	20.8	-70	-40	14.9	8.9	0.74	0.78
Toronto (2008–2019)	1148	37.2	-25	12	10.4	8.8	0.90	0.88
St Petersburg (2009–2019)	4861	21.0	-20	21	6.4	9.1	0.89	0.92
Jungfraujoch (2008–2019)	2574	7.2	-30	-6	3.2	1.7	0.82	0.90
St Denis, Reunion (2009–2011)	1312	12.0	5	4	2.6	1.6	0.45	0.86
Maïdo, Reunion (2013–2019)	4346	9.3	13	11	2.8	1.9	0.36	0.82
Porto Velho (June–Oct. 2019)	568	42.5	35	24	15.4	14.8	1.00	0.95
Kitt Peak (1985–2003)	86	9.6	-22	-12	3.3	1.9	0.87	0.96

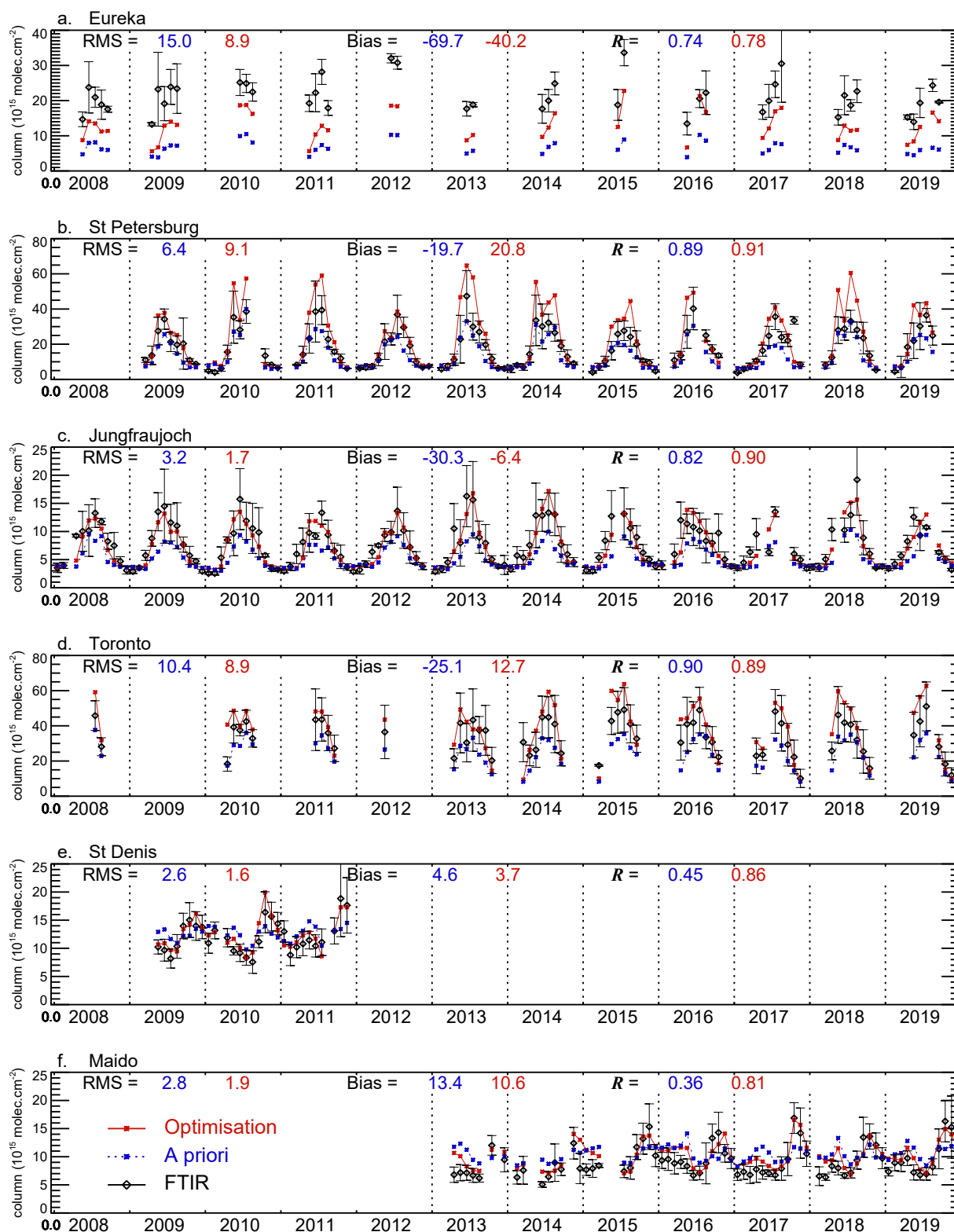


Figure S8. Time series of monthly averaged FTIR CH_3OH columns (black symbols) between 2008 and 2019, and corresponding model values from the a priori run (dotted dark blue lines) and optimised run (red lines), respectively. The model averages are calculated using the FTIR averaging kernels and model vertical profiles at the FTIR sampling times. Months for which the number of FTIR measurements is lower than three are excluded. The root mean squared deviation (RMS) and absolute bias ($10^{15} \text{ molec.cm}^{-2}$), as well as Pearson's coefficient of correlation (R) are also given. The error bars denote the standard deviation of the monthly averaged data.

Table S7. Plant functional types (PFT) and values of parameters involved in the dry deposition scheme. All resistance units are s m^{-1} .

Plant functional types	a_s J m^{-3}	b_s J m^{-2}	c_s	d_s hPa^{-1}	$R_{ac0}^{\min}$	$R_{ac0}^{\max}$	$R_{\text{cutd}0}^{\text{O}_3}$	$R_{\text{cutw}0}^{\text{O}_3}$	$R_{\text{cut}}^{\text{SO}_2}$	$R_{\text{gd}}^{\text{SO}_2}$
Needleleaf evergreen trees	14000	2	18	0.031	100	100	6000	300	2000	200
Needleleaf deciduous trees	14000	2	18	0.031	60	100	6000	300	2000	200
Broadleaf evergreen trees	4000	6	20	0.036	250	250	9000	600	2500	100
Broadleaf deciduous trees	10000	5	30	0.036	100	250	9000	600	2500	200
Shrub	10000	5	30	0.031	60	60	7500	450	2000	200
Crop	20000	6	90	0.0	10	40	6000	300	1500	200
Grass	5000	1	50	0.024	10	40	6000	300	1000	200

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