

Supplemental Information for

Assessment of aerosol iron (Fe) solubility using global dataset, Part I: Mechanisms underlying the inverse relationship between Fe solubility and Fe concentration

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Supporting Text

S1. Sampling method for size-fractionated aerosol particles.

This study provides unpublished total and dissolved Fe and Al concentrations in size-fractionated marine aerosol particles collected in the Pacific Ocean. Size-fractionated aerosol particles were collected during the research cruise of R/V Hakuho-Maru (KH-14-6). A high-volume air sampler (Model-123SL, Kimoto, Japan) was installed on the compass deck at 13 m above sea level. Aerosol samples were separated into seven-size fractions using a Sierra-type cascade impactor (TE-236, Tisch Environmental Inc., USA, Table S1). Aerosol particles in stages 1 to 6 were collected on the custom-made polytetrafluoroethylene filter (Sakata et al., 2018, NAFLON™ PTFE tape, Nichias Co., Ltd., Japan). The filter was rinsed following sequential procedures: ultrapure water, 3 mol/L of HNO₃, 3 mol/L of HCl, and ultrapure water. The HNO₃ and HCl were diluted from concentrated acids with electric grade (Kanto Chemical Co. Inc., Japan). The filter was heated at 150°C for one day in all procedures. The finest fraction was collected on a cellulose filter (Whatman 41, 516 cm², GE Healthcare, USA), which was not pre-washed before sampling. The proportions of filter blank concentration relative to measurement concentration (=blank + sample) of T-Fe and T-Al were 9.1±4.9% and 2.6±2.7%, respectively.

The total digestion and water extraction of Fe and Al were performed based on Sakata et al. (2022). Briefly, total digestion and water extraction were performed using digested by a mixed acid (2 mL of 15.2 mol L⁻¹ HNO₃, 2 mL of 9.3 mol L⁻¹ HCl, and 1 mL of 20 mol L⁻¹ HF, TAMAPURE-AA100). The mixed acid was evaporated to dryness, then the residue was redissolved in 5 mL of 0.15 mol L⁻¹ HNO₃) and heated at 150°C for a few hours. The solution was filtrated by a hydrophilic PTFE membrane filter (ϕ : 0.20 μ m, Dismic®, 25HP020AN, Advantec, Japan). Dissolvable Fe and Al were extracted by 5 mL of ultrapure water with ultrasonication for 30 min. The water-extracted solution was filtrated through the hydrophilic PTFE membrane filter, then the solution was acidified to 0.15 mol L⁻¹ of HNO₃ by 15.2 mol L⁻¹ of HNO₃. All sample treatments were performed in a clean booth with HEPA filtrated air condition (SS-MAC 15) installed in a clean room (Class-10000). Total and dissolvable concentrations of Fe and Al were determined by inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS, Agilent7700, Agilent, Japan). Iron and Al concentrations were determined by helium gas and non-gas collision modes, respectively.

Supplemental Figure

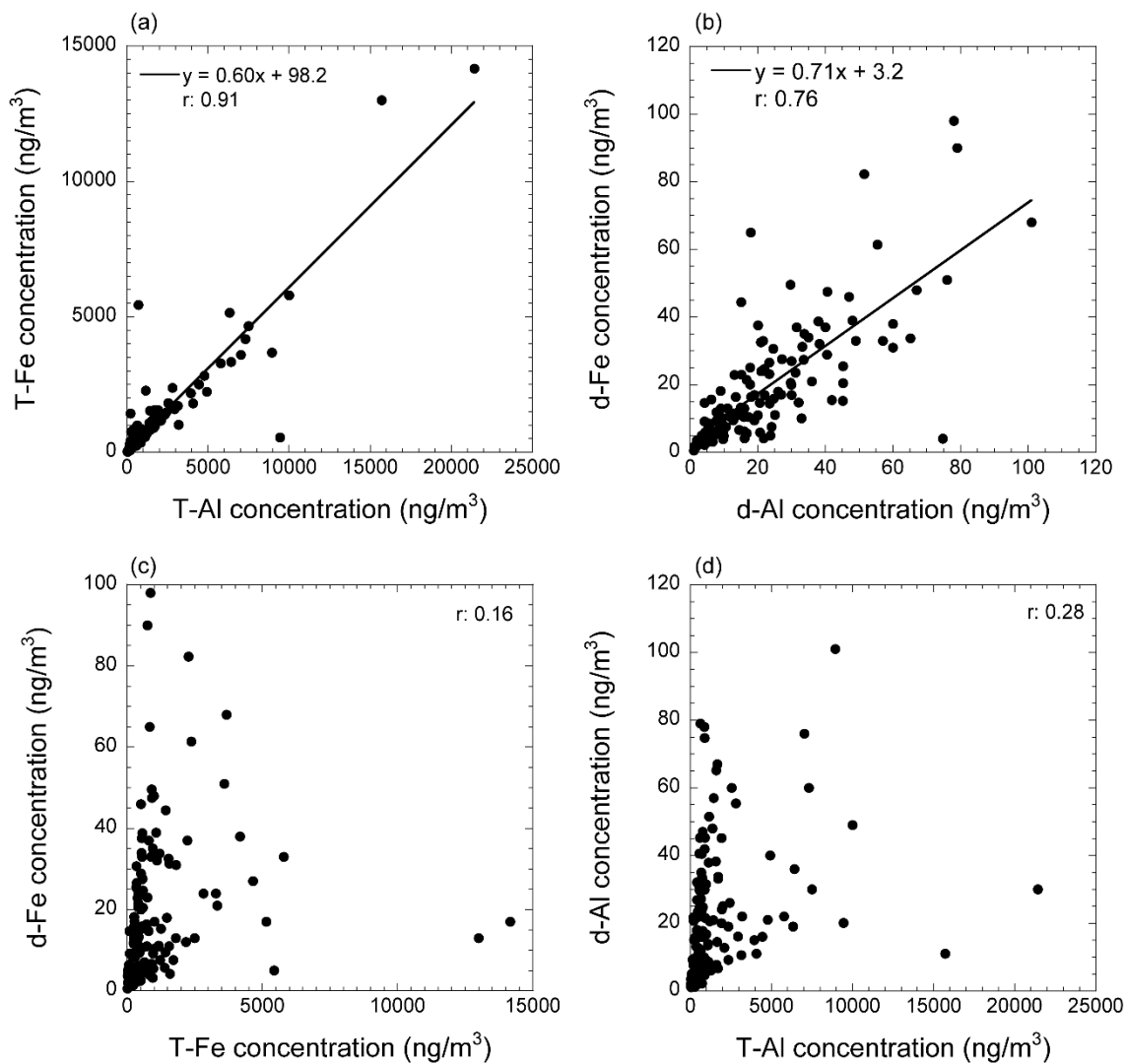


Figure S1. Scatter plots (a) between T-Al and T-Fe concentrations, (b) between d-Al and d-Fe concentrations, (c) between T-Fe and d-Fe concentrations, and (d) between T-Al and d-Al concentrations in aerosol particles collected in East Asia.

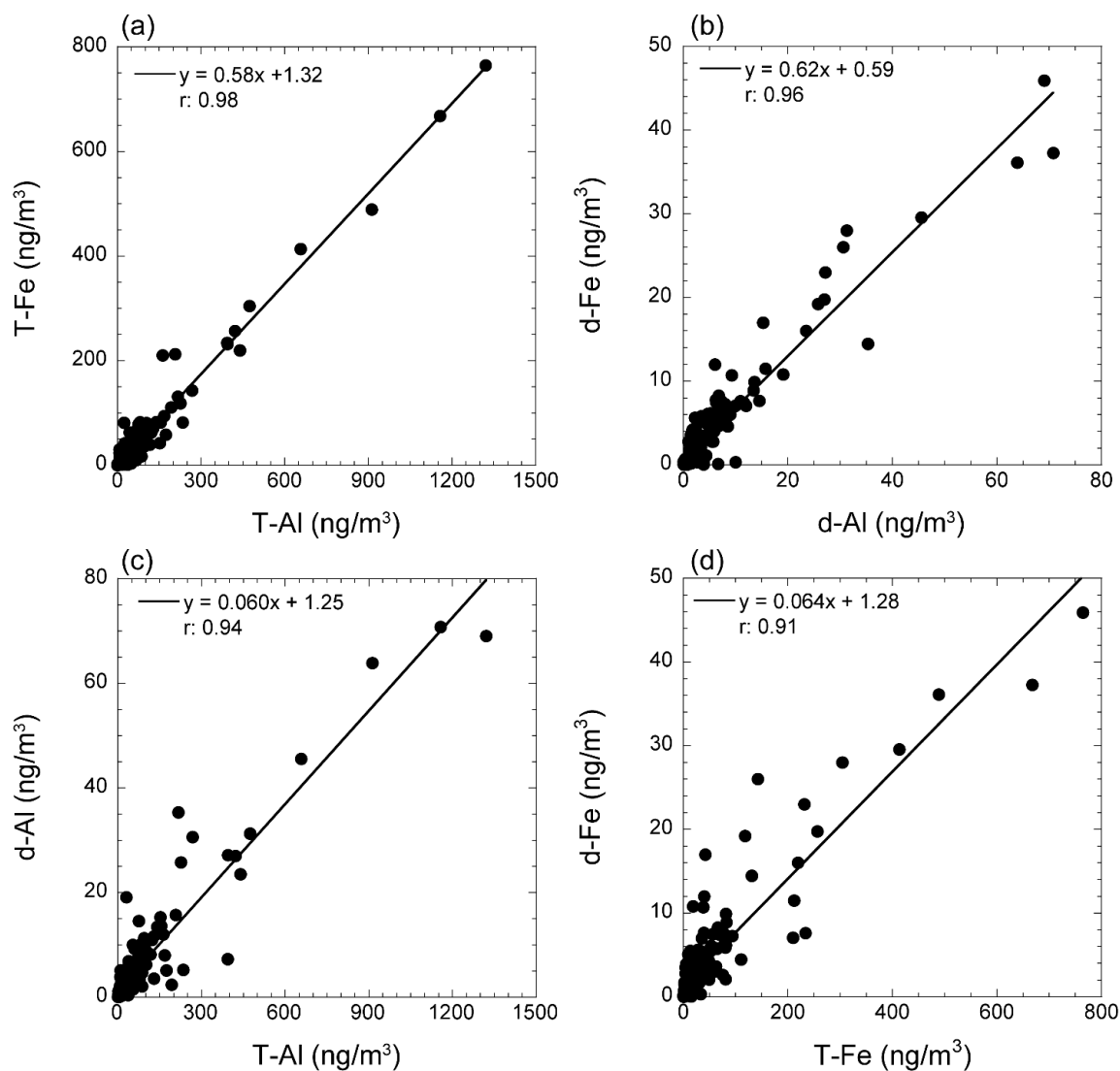
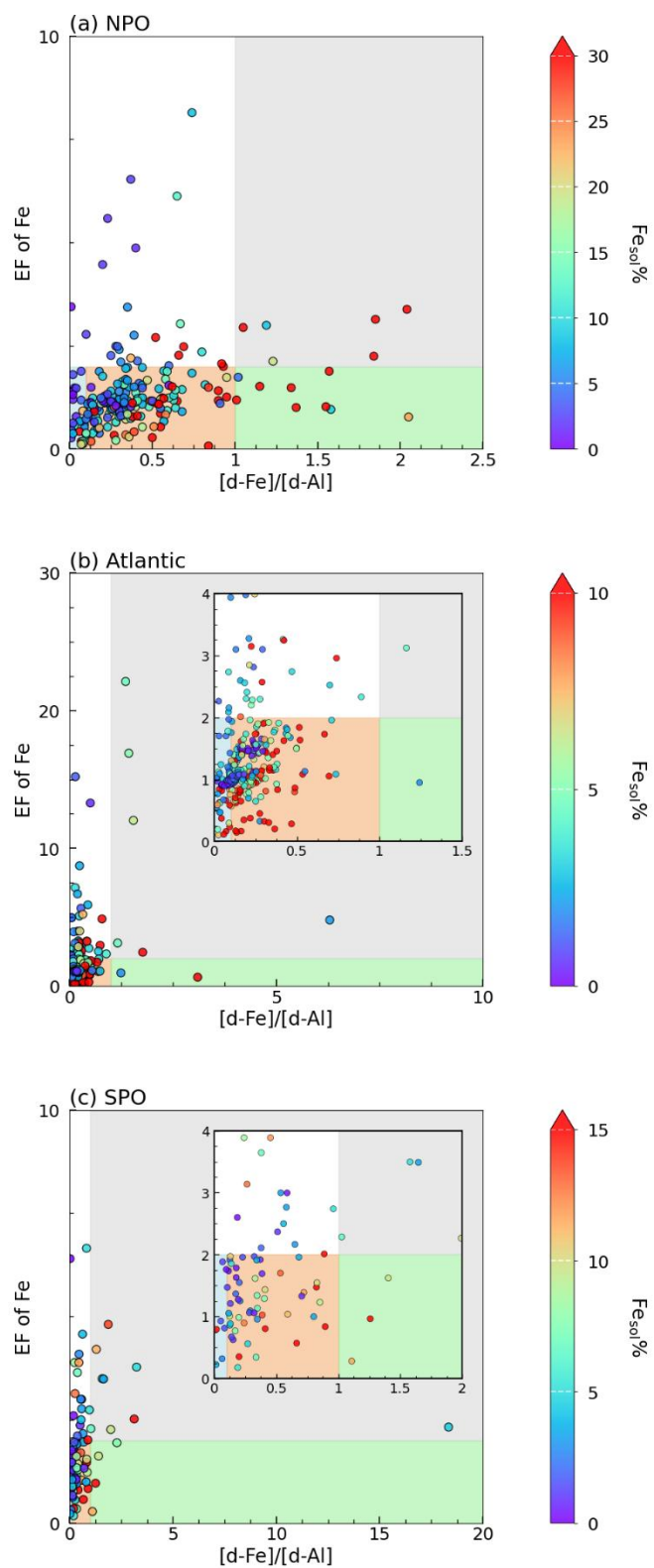


Figure S2. Scatter plots (a) between T-Al and T-Fe concentrations, (b) between d-Al and d-Fe concentrations, (c) between T-Fe and d-Fe concentrations, and (d) between T-Al and d-Al concentrations in aerosol particles collected in the North Pacific.



- **Figure S3.** Diagrams between $[d-Fe]/[d-Al]$ ratio and EF_{T-Fe} in TSP collected above (a) the North Pacific, (b) the Atlantic, and (c) the South Pacific Oceans.

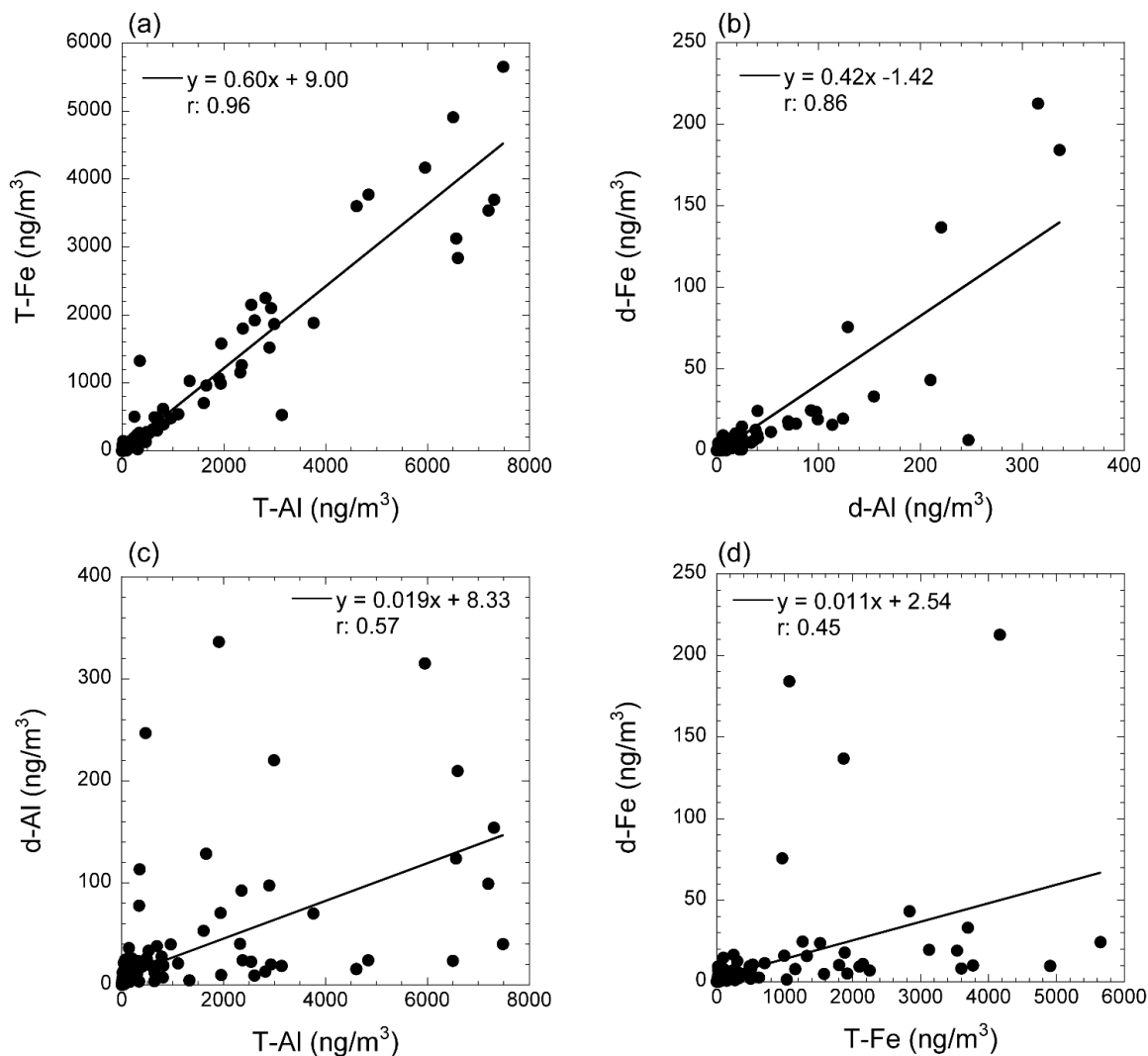


Figure S4. Scatter plots (a) between T-Al and T-Fe concentrations, (b) between d-Al and d-Fe concentrations, (c) between T-Fe and d-Fe concentrations, and (d) between T-Al and d-Al concentrations in aerosol particles collected in the Atlantic Ocean.

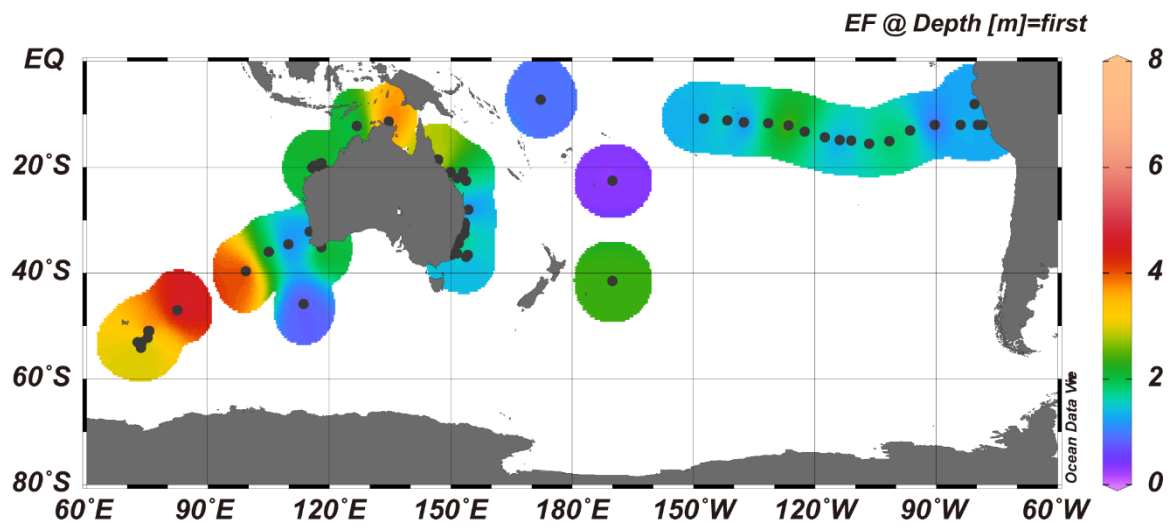


Figure S5. Spatial distribution of EFs in South Pacific TSP.

Reference

- Sakata, K., Kurisu, M., Takeichi, Y., Sakaguchi, A., Tanimoto, H., Tamenori, Y. et al. (2022). Iron (Fe) speciation in size-fractionated aerosol particles in the Pacific Ocean: The role of organic complexation of Fe with humic-like substances in controlling Fe solubility, *Atmospheric Chemistry Physics*, 22, 9461–9482, <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-22-9461-2022>.
- Sakata, K., Kurisu, M., Tanimoto, H., Sakaguchi, A., Uematsu, M., Miyamoto, C., Takahashi, Y. (2018) Custom-made PTFE filters for ultra-clean size-fractionated aerosol sampling for trace metals. *Marine Chemistry*, 206, 100– 108. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marchem.2018.09.009>.