Supplementary Data

Impact of burial conditions on NO₃-N source apportionment in groundwater: Insights from PCA-APCS-MLR and MixSIAR methods

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Section S1. The results of the $\delta^{15}N$ and $\delta^{18}O$ values for the potential pollution sources.

Table S1 $\delta^{15}N$ values for the potential pollution sources.

Pollution sources	δ ¹⁵ N (‰)			
Pollution sources	Minimum	Maximum	$Mean \pm sd$	
Atmospheric deposition	-3.9	-1.9	-2.9 ± 0.5	
Soil nitrogen	-4.6	3.8	$\textbf{-}0.9 \pm 0.27$	
Chemical fertilizer	-2.51	3.36	$\textbf{-}0.29 \pm 0.09$	
Manure and sewage	-9.8	2.7	-2.4 ± 0.8	

Table S2 δ^{18} O values for the potential pollution sources.

Pollution sources	δ ¹⁸ O (‰)			
Foliation sources	Minimum	Maximum	$Mean \pm sd$	
Atmospheric deposition	68	70.6	69.3 ± 1.3	
Soil nitrogen	-3.3	21.9	4.8 ± 0.84	
Chemical fertilizer	2.71	3.12	2.85 ± 0.16	
Manure and sewage	15.5	22.3	18.1 ± 2.1	

Section S2. The fractionation coefficients for $\delta^{15}N$ and $\delta^{18}O$ of different pollution sources.

Table S3 The fractionation coefficients of different potential pollution sources.

Pollution sources (%)	Atmospheric deposition	Soil nitrogen	Chemical fertilizer	Manure and sewage
Fractionation coefficients	0	-20.0 ± 2.7	-20.0 ± 2.7	16.8 ± 2.8