## Storm surge dynamics in the northern Adriatic Sea: comparing AI emulators with high-resolution numerical simulations

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## SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

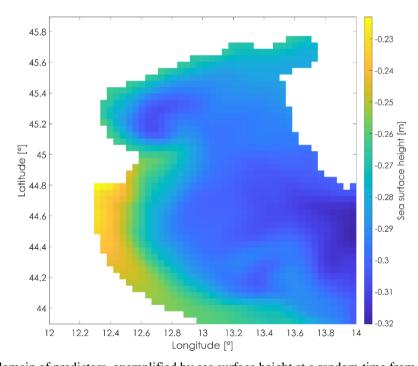


Figure S1: Spatial domain of predictors, exemplified by sea surface height at a random time from Med-MFC database.

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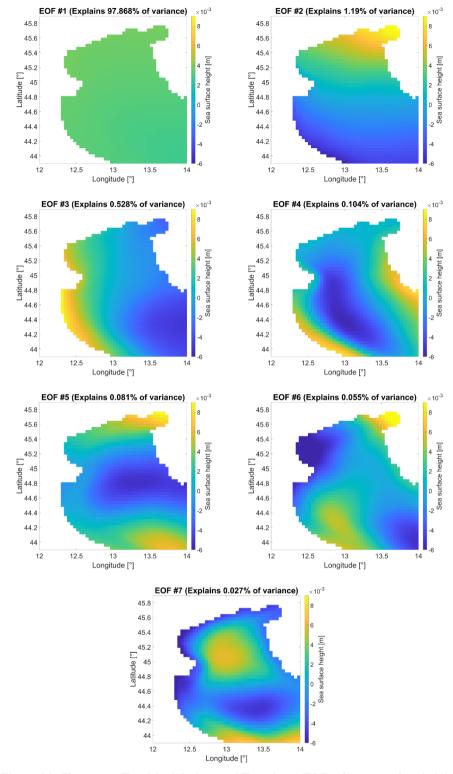


Figure S2: First seven Empirical Orthogonal Functions (EOFs) for sea surface height.

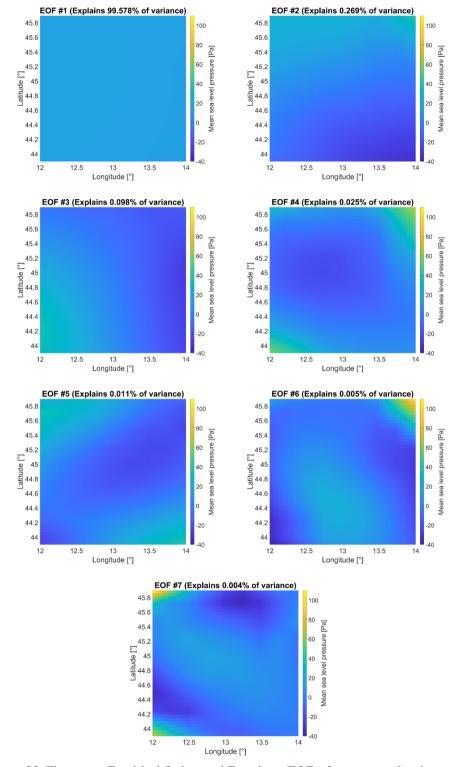


Figure S3: First seven Empirical Orthogonal Functions (EOFs) for mean sea level pressure.

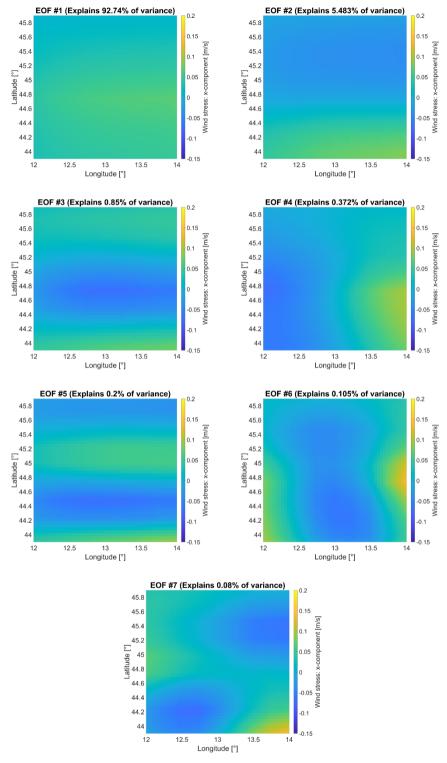


Figure S4: First seven Empirical Orthogonal Functions (EOFs) for x-component of wind stress.

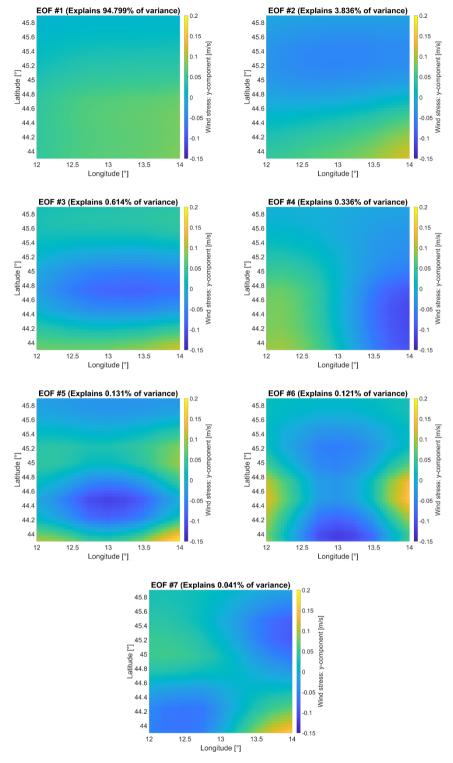


Figure S5: First seven Empirical Orthogonal Functions (EOFs) for y-component of wind stress.

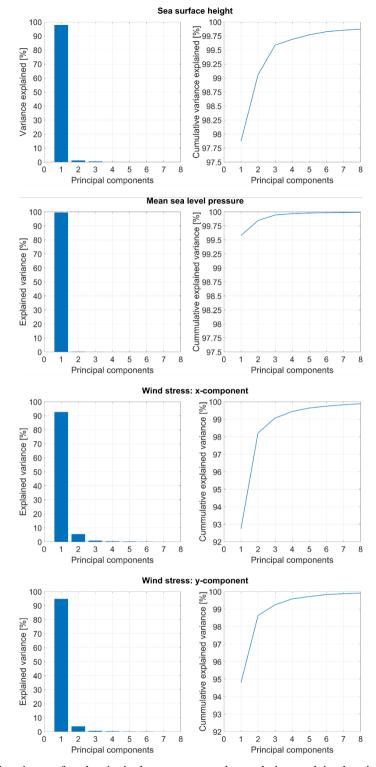


Figure S6: Explained variance of each principal component and cumulative explained variance for the predictors.

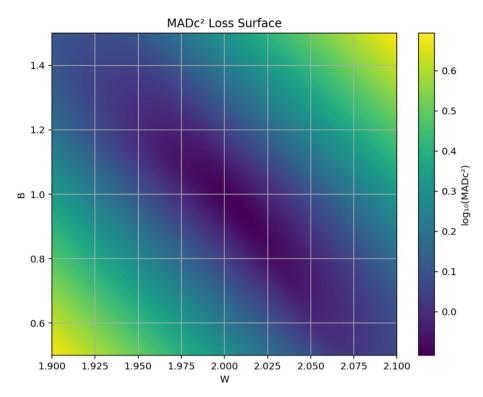


Figure S7: First seven Empirical Orthogonal Functions (EOFs) for meridional wind.

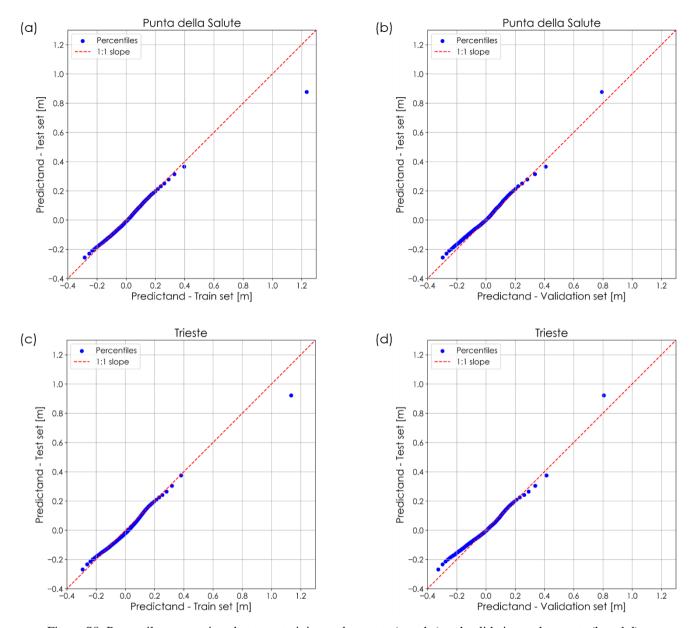


Figure S8: Percentiles comparison between training and test sets (a and c) and validation and test sets (b and d).

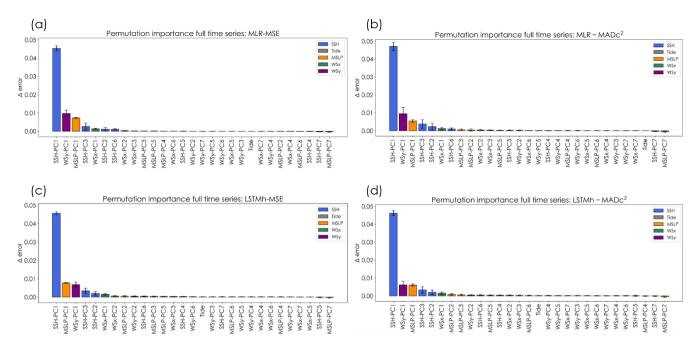


Figure S9: Permutation importance averaged by locations for full time series. (a) MLR-MSE, (b) MLR-MADc<sup>2</sup>, (c) LSTMh-MSE, and (d) LSTMh- MADc<sup>2</sup>.

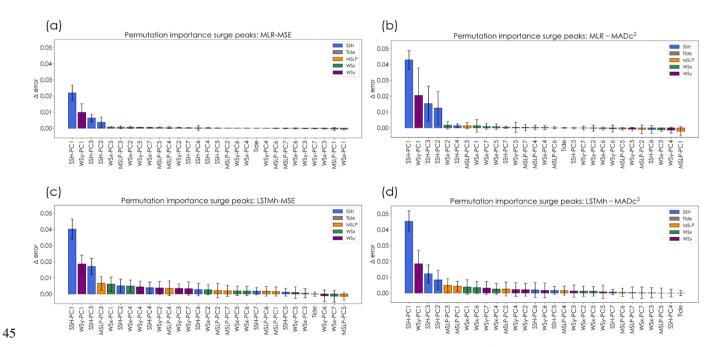


Figure S10: Permutation importance averaged by locations for surge peaks above 99<sup>th</sup> percentile. (a) MLR-MSE, (b) MLR-MADc<sup>2</sup>, (c) LSTMh-MSE, and (d) LSTMh- MADc<sup>2</sup>.