

Limited Physical Protection Leads To High Organic Carbon Reactivity in Anoxic Baltic Sea Sediments

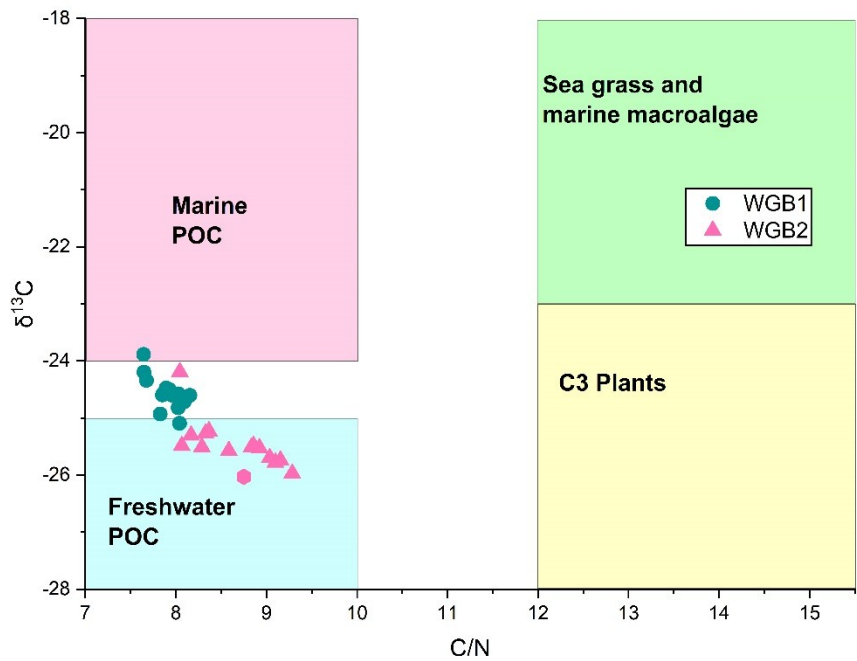


Figure S1: $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ and C/N ranges for organic inputs to coastal environment (data compiled from Lamb et al., 2006 and Khan et al., 2015), and WGB1 and WGB2 organic matter signature.

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Table S1: Steps for OC-Fe extractions. On the left the citrate bicarbonate dithionite extraction (CBD) and on the right the control extraction

	Citrate bicarbonate dithionite extraction	Control extraction
Step 1	250 mg of sample + 15 mL of 0.27 M $\text{Na}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{O}_7 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ and 0.11 M NaHCO_3 (water bath at 80°C)	250 mg of sample + 15 mL of 1.6 M NaCl and 0.11 M NaHCO_3 (water bath at 80°C)
Step 2	+ 250 mg $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_4$, 15 minutes at 80°C Centrifuge and collect supernatant	+ 220 mg NaCl , 15 minutes at 80°C Centrifuge and collect supernatant
Step 3	+10 mL ASW x3 Centrifuge and collect supernatant	+10 mL ASW x3 Centrifuge and collect supernatant
	The solutions were mixed all together (45 ml total) and acidified with 100 μL HCl 32%	The solutions were mixed all together (45 ml total) and acidified with 100 μL HCl 32%

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