

Supplement of

Rapid Aqueous-Phase Oxidation of An α -Pinene-Derived Organosulfate by Hydroxyl Radicals: A Potential Source of Some Unclassified Oxygenated and Small Organosulfates in the Atmosphere

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Section S1. Summary of abundance of α pOS-249 reported in previous studies

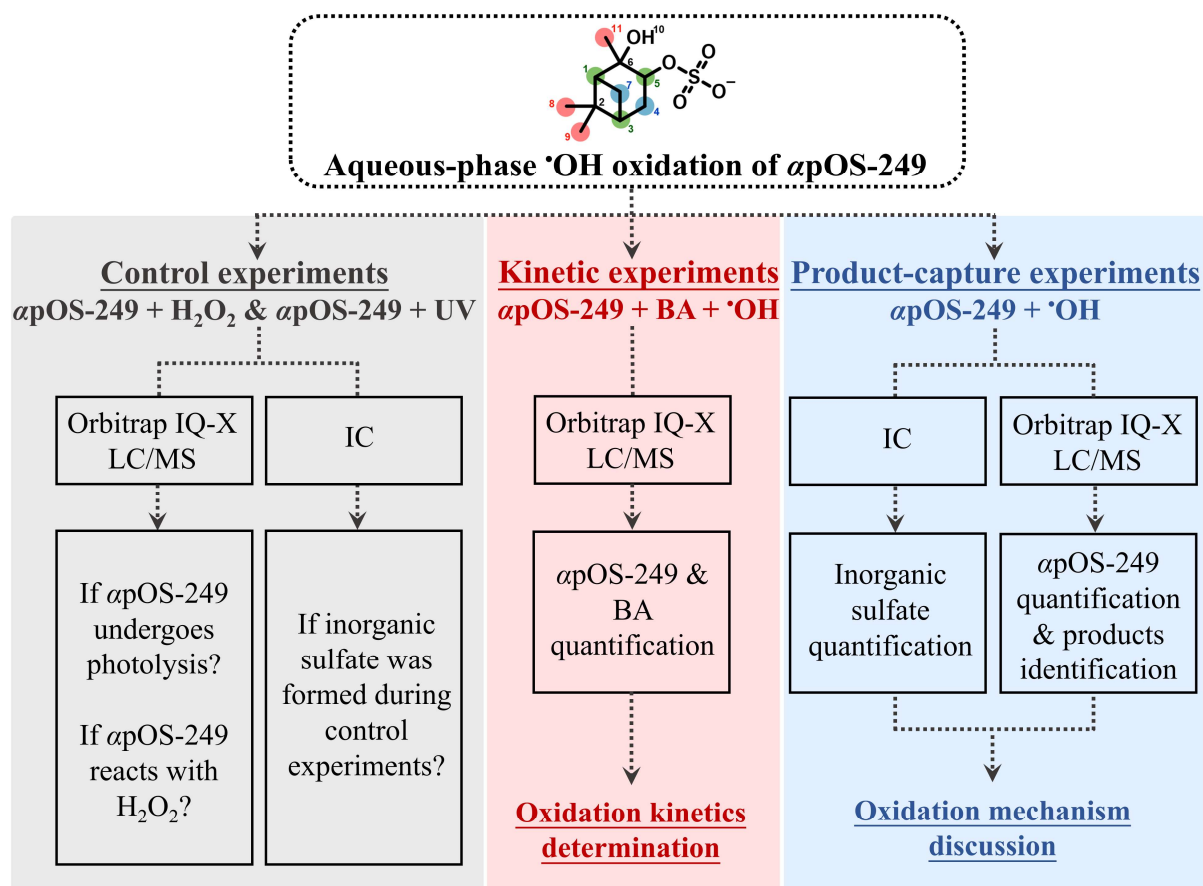
Table S1. A summary of abundance of α pOS-249 in atmospheric aerosols reported in previous studies.

Sampling location	Sampling season	Average concentration of α pOS-249 (ng/m ³)	Average concentration of total OSs (ng/m ³) ^a	Mass ratio of α pOS-249 to total OSs	Average concentration of inorganic sulfate (μg/m ³)	References
Silkeborg, Denmark	Spring, 2008	0.04	0.37	10.8 %	Not reported	(Kristensen and Glasius, 2011)
Skagerrak, Norway	Summer, 2009	0.05	0.85	5.9 %	Not reported	(Yttri et al., 2011)
Helsinki, Finland	Summer, 2009	0.08	1.43	5.6 %	Not reported	(Yttri et al., 2011)
Guangdong, China	Winter, 2010	0.41	2.71	15.1 %	18.70	(Wang et al., 2017)
Hong Kong, China	Winter, 2010	0.08	0.88	9.1 %	9.70	(Wang et al., 2017)
Shanghai, China	Spring, 2012	0.09	0.51	17.7 %	Not reported	(Ma et al., 2014)
Shanghai, China	Summer, 2012	0.37	26.69	1.4 %	Not reported	(Ma et al., 2014)
Shanghai, China	Autumn, 2012	0.17	1.56	10.9 %	Not reported	(Ma et al., 2014)
Guangdong, China	Summer & Winter, 2012	0.06	0.82	7.3 %	Not reported	(Wang et al., 2019)
Shanghai, China	Winter, 2013	0.14	1.13	12.4 %	Not reported	(Ma et al., 2014)
Beijing, China	Summer, 2016	0.06	55.2	0.1 %	Not reported	(Wang et al., 2018)
Hong Kong, China	Autumn, 2016 Summer, 2017	0.05	0.37	13.5 %	Not reported	(Wang et al., 2019)
Shanghai, China	Spring, 2017	0.05	0.50	10.0 %	Not reported	(Wang et al., 2019)

^aTotal OSs represents the total quantified concentrations of organosulfates.

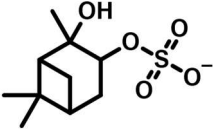
Section S2. Summary of experimental details

A series of experiments were conducted and summarized below (**Table S2**). The experiments encompassed kinetic experiments (α pOS-249 + reference compound (i.e., benzoic acid (BA)) + $\cdot$ OH), product-capture experiments (α pOS-249 + $\cdot$ OH), and control experiments (α pOS-249 + UV light only and α pOS-249 + H_2O_2 only). Duplicate experiments were performed for each condition.



Scheme S1. An overview of the experimental design and chemical analysis in this work.

Table S2. A summary of experimental conditions used in the series of aqueous-phase experiments.

Reactants		 α -pinene derived organosulfate (apOS-249, C ₁₀ H ₁₇ SO ₅ ⁻)			
Experimental Details		Control experiments		Kinetic experiments	Product-capture experiments
Reactions		α pOS-249 + H ₂ O ₂	α pOS-249 + UV	α pOS-249 + BA + $\cdot$ OH	α pOS-249 + $\cdot$ OH
Concentrations (mol L ⁻¹)	[α pOS-249]	5×10^{-5}	5×10^{-5}	5×10^{-5}	5×10^{-5}
	[H ₂ O ₂]	2×10^{-3}	–	2×10^{-3}	2×10^{-3}
	[BA]	–	–	5×10^{-5}	–
	[$\cdot$ OH] _{ss} ^a	–	–	6×10^{-14}	9×10^{-14}

^aSteady-state concentration of $\cdot$ OH ([$\cdot$ OH]_{ss}) was calculated from the simulations using the kinetic box model (Section S3).

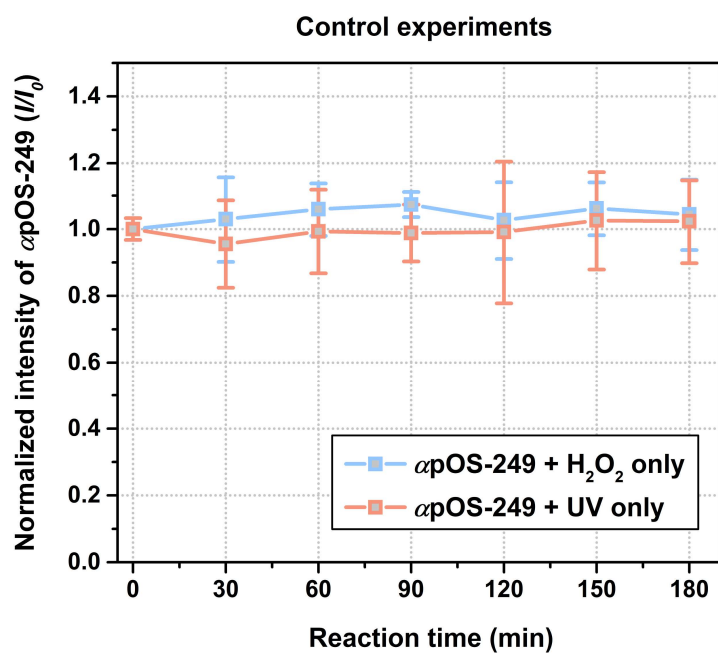
Section S3. Evaluation of steady-state concentration of $\cdot\text{OH}$ ($[\text{OH}]_{\text{ss}}$)

Table S3. Reaction schemes and rate constants for the kinetic box model.

No.	Reactions	Parameters	References
R1	$\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 + h\nu (\lambda = 313 \text{ nm}) \rightarrow 2\cdot\text{OH}$	$\Phi = 0.93$	(Herrmann et al., 2010)
R2	$2 \times \cdot\text{OH} \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$	$3.6 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	(Stanbury, 2010)
R3	$\cdot\text{OH} + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{HO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	$2.7 \times 10^7 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	(Christensen et al., 1982)
R4	$\cdot\text{OH} + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	$6.0 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	(Stanbury, 2010)
R5	$\cdot\text{OH} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{OH}^- + \text{O}_2$	$1.1 \times 10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	(Christensen et al., 1989)
R6	$\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{OH}^-$	$pK_a = 13.999$	(Pastina and Laverne, 2001)
R7	$2 \times \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{O}_2$	$9.8 \times 10^5 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	(Christensen et al., 1989)
R8	$\text{HO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \cdot\text{OH} + \text{O}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	$5.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	(Pastina and Laverne, 2001)
R9	$\cdot\text{OH} + \alpha\text{pOS-249} \rightarrow \text{Products}$	$2.2 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	This work
R10	$\cdot\text{OH} + \text{BA} \rightarrow \text{Products}$	$5.5 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	This work ^a

^aThis reaction is included only in the kinetic study and not in the product study.

66 Section S4. Control experiments



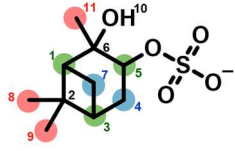
67
68 **Figure S1.** Normalized intensity analysis using Orbitrap IQ-X LC/MS in control experiments
69 to examine the effects of H_2O_2 and UV light on α pOS-249.

Section S5. Second-order rate constant of benzoic acid with $\cdot\text{OH}$ in the aqueous phase

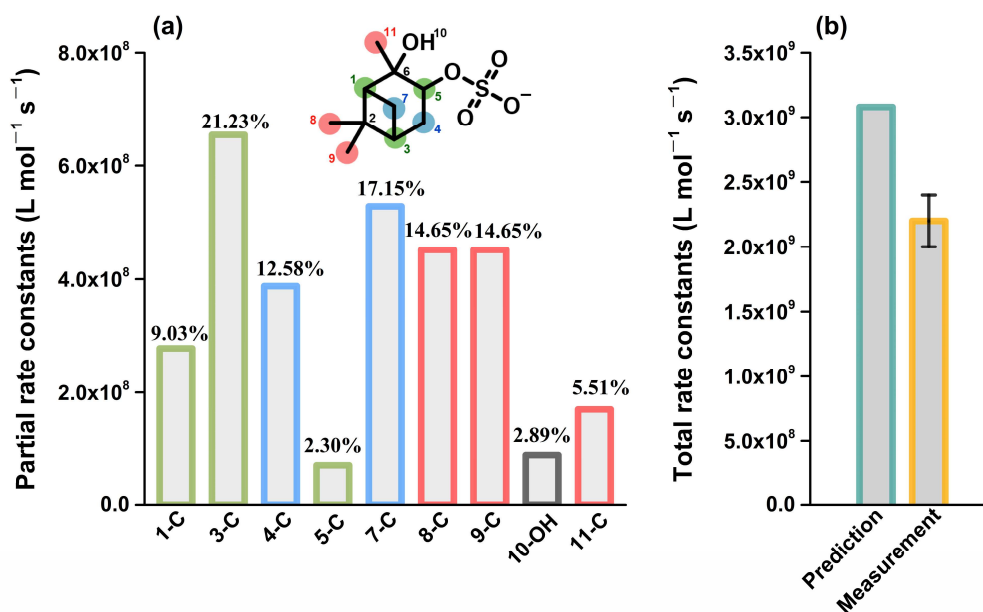
Previous study determined the second-order rate constant for the reaction of benzoic acid with $\cdot\text{OH}$ in aqueous phase to be $k = 4.3 \times 10^9 \text{ L mol}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ for the undissociated form (HA, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{COOH}$) and $k = 6.0 \times 10^9 \text{ L mol}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ for the deprotonated form (A^- , $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{COO}^-$) (Simic and Hoffman, 1972; Ayatollahi et al., 2013). In our study, with a solution pH of 4.5 and using an average dissociation constant $pK_a = 4.14$ (Jover et al., 2008), we calculated the second-order rate constant for benzoic acid at this pH to be $(5.5 \pm 0.3) \times 10^9 \text{ L mol}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (Schaefer et al., 2020).

Section S6. Structure-Activity Relationship (SAR) model

Table S4. The H-abstraction rate for different reaction sites of α pOS-249 predicted by the SAR model. In the molecular structure, red, blue, and green markings represent primary, secondary, and tertiary carbon atoms, respectively.

Chemical structure	 α -pinene-derived organosulfate ($C_{10}H_{17}O_5SNa$, α pOS-249)			
	Reaction sites	Reaction rates ($L\ mol^{-1}\ s^{-1}$) ^a	Partial rate constant/ Total rate constant (%)	
Primary carbon	8-C 9-C 11-C	4.51×10^8 4.51×10^8 1.70×10^8	14.65 14.65 5.51	34.81 ^b
Secondary carbon	4-C 7-C	3.88×10^8 5.29×10^8	12.58 17.15	29.73 ^b
Tertiary carbon	1-C 3-C 5-C	2.78×10^8 6.54×10^8 0.71×10^8	9.03 21.23 2.30	32.57 ^b
Hydroxyl group (-OH)	10-OH	0.89×10^8	2.89	2.89 ^b
Total		3.08×10^9	100	100

^aPrediction made by using the dataset developed by Monod and Doussin (2008) and new parameters from our previous work with $F(-OSO_3^-) = 0.22$ and $G(-OSO_3^-) = 0.44$ (Lai et al., 2024). ^bThe values represent total partial rate constant (considering carbon atoms such as primary, secondary, and tertiary carbons) divided by total rate constant (%).



87
 88 **Figure S2.** Calculated partial rate constants of H-abstraction from different positions based on
 89 SAR model and experimental results of the α pOS-249 aqueous-phase $\cdot\text{OH}$ oxidation.
 90 Percentages above each column represent relative reactivity.

Section S7. Summary of detected OS products upon the aqueous $\cdot\text{OH}$ oxidation of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$

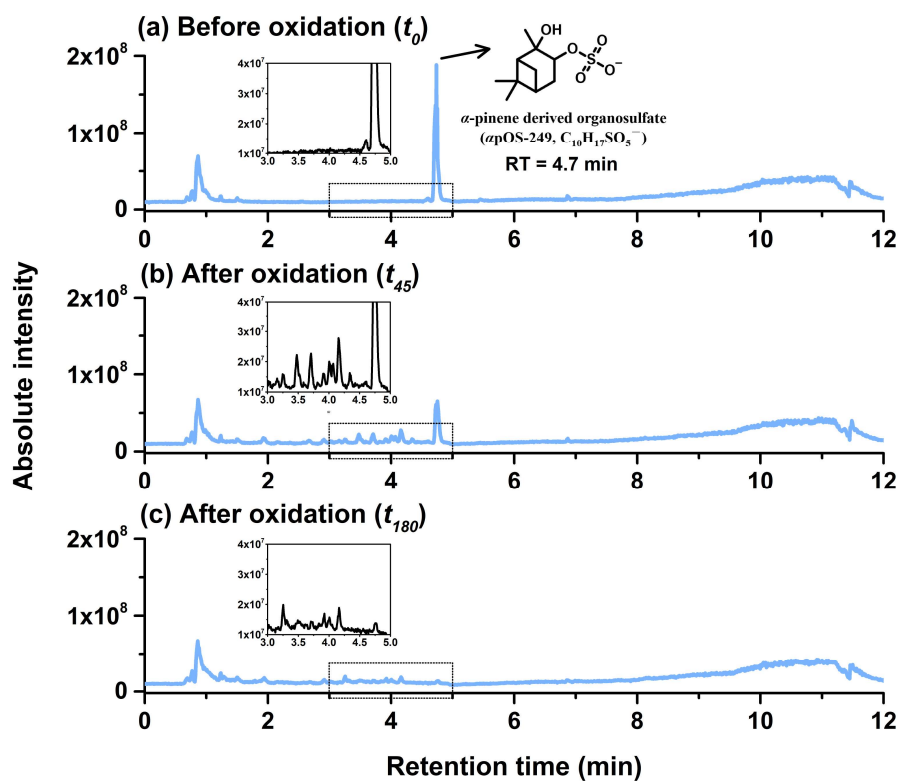


Figure S3. Total ion chromatograms (TIC) obtained with Orbitrap IQ-X LC/MS: (a) at t_0 (before oxidation), and (b) at t_{45} and (c) at t_{180} (after the aqueous-phase $\cdot\text{OH}$ oxidation of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$). The black line depicted in the figure represents an enlarged TIC specifically captured at a retention time of 3 to 5 min.

98 **Table S5.** Summary of detected OS upon the aqueous $\cdot\text{OH}$ oxidation of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$ (product study of “ $\alpha\text{pOS-249} + \cdot\text{OH}$ ”).

OSs				Previous studies					This work	
Formula	Theoretical m/z	Detected m/z^a	Retention time (min)	Detected in the ambient samples	Atmospheric abundance (ng/m^3)	Suggested precursor	Suggested formation pathway	Ref.	Additional formation pathway	Suggested new formation pathway
Smaller OS ($<\text{C}_{10}$) products										
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{SO}_5^-$	152.9858	152.9855	0.94; 1.13	Yes	0.31–17.30	Isoprene/glycolaldehyde/hydroxyacetone	Isoprene + $\cdot\text{OH}$ + (NO) + acidic/neutral sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Ma et al., 2014; Hansen et al., 2014; Nguyen et al., 2014; Hettiyadura et al., 2015; Meade et al., 2016; Kristensen et al., 2016; Hettiyadura et al., 2017; Glasius et al., 2018; Huang et al., 2018; Wang et al., 2018; Hughes and Stone, 2019; Hettiyadura et al., 2019; Wang et al., 2023)	✓	
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_7\text{SO}_7^-$	210.9913	210.9912	1.05; 1.28	Yes	0.17–131.00	Isoprene	Isoprene + $\cdot\text{OH}$ + acidic sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Nguyen et al., 2014; Kristensen et al., 2016; Rattanavaraha et al., 2017; Wang et al., 2018; Glasius et al., 2018; Le Breton et al., 2018; Hughes and Stone, 2019; Hettiyadura et al., 2019)	✓	
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_9\text{SO}_6^-$	209.0120	209.0116	1.24; 1.35; 1.78	Yes	10.20	Anthropogenic	Unknown	(Hettiyadura et al., 2019; Hughes and Stone, 2019)		✓
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_7\text{SO}_7^-$	222.9913	222.9911	0.94; 1.12; 1.23; 1.38; 3.92	Yes	Not reported	Unknown	Unknown	(Kuang et al., 2016)		✓
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_7\text{SO}_8^-$	238.9862	238.9859	1.05; 1.23; 1.56; 1.74	No	–	–	–	–		
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_9\text{SO}_8^-$	241.0018	241.0014	0.91; 1.12	Yes	Not reported	Unknown	Unknown	(Kuang et al., 2016)		✓
$\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{SO}_7^-$	234.9913	234.9910	1.36	No	–	–	–	–		

$C_7H_9SO_7^-$	237.0069	237.0065	0.95; 1.12; 1.32; 1.58; 2.01; 2.27; 2.63; 3.01; 3.51	Yes	0.01–6.60	Isoprene	Methyl vinyl ketone + $SO_4^{\bullet-}$	(Nozière et al., 2010; Hettiyadura et al., 2019)	✓	
$C_7H_9SO_8^-$	253.0018	253.0017	0.93; 1.07; 1.78; 2.96; 3.93	Yes	Not reported	Unknown	Unknown	(Mutzel et al., 2015; Brüggemann et al., 2017)		✓
$C_7H_{11}SO_8^-$	255.0175	255.0168	0.94; 1.23; 1.49	Yes	Not reported	Unknown	Unknown	(Kuang et al., 2016)		✓
$C_7H_7SO_9^-$	266.9811	266.9808	1.04	No	–	–	–	–		
$C_7H_9SO_9^-$	268.9967	268.9960	0.94; 1.22	No	–	–	–	–		
$C_7H_{11}SO_9^-$	271.0124	271.0120	0.92; 1.09; 1.21	Yes	0.13–0.24	Unknown	Unknown	(Yang et al., 2023)		✓
$C_7H_{11}SO_{10}^-$	287.0073	287.0066	0.94	Yes	0.15–0.23	Unknown	Unknown	(Yang et al., 2023)		✓
$C_8H_9SO_6^-$	233.0120	233.0117	3.32	Yes	Not reported	Unknown	Unknown	(Kuang et al., 2016)		✓
$C_8H_{11}SO_7^-$	251.0226	251.0221	1.35; 1.64; 1.97; 2.30; 2.73; 3.01; 3.31; 3.49	Yes	Not reported	Isoprene	Methyl vinyl ketone/methacrolein + $SO_4^{\bullet-}$	(Nozière et al., 2010; Schindelka et al., 2013; Kuang et al., 2016)	✓	
$C_8H_{11}SO_8^-$	267.0175	267.0169	1.10; 1.30; 1.55; 1.77; 1.94; 2.25; 2.62	Yes	0.02	Unknown	Unknown	(Meade et al., 2016)		✓
$C_8H_{11}SO_9^-$	283.0124	283.0116	1.04; 1.35; 1.70; 2.05	Yes	Not reported	Unknown	Unknown	(Kuang et al., 2016)		✓
$C_9H_{15}SO_5^-$	235.0640	235.0635	4.21; 4.52; 4.66	Yes	0.13–1.62	Monoterpenes	Unknown	(Meade et al., 2016; Brüggemann et al., 2019)		✓
$C_9H_{13}SO_6^-$	249.0433	249.0427	1.72; 2.32; 2.82; 3.03; 3.19; 3.52; 3.74; 4.04; 4.39; 4.76	Yes	0.22	Monoterpenes	Limonene/terpinolene + $\cdot OH$ + NO + highly acidic sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Brüggemann et al., 2019)	✓	
$C_9H_{15}SO_6^-$	251.0589	251.0585	1.23; 2.07; 2.21; 3.28; 3.54; 3.79; 3.96	Yes	0.06–8.00	Monoterpenes/sesquiterpenes	limonene + $\cdot OH$ + (NO) + (highly) acidic sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Nguyen et al., 2014; Kristensen et al., 2016; Wang et al., 2018; Hettiyadura et al., 2019; Brüggemann et al., 2019; Hughes and Stone, 2019)	✓	

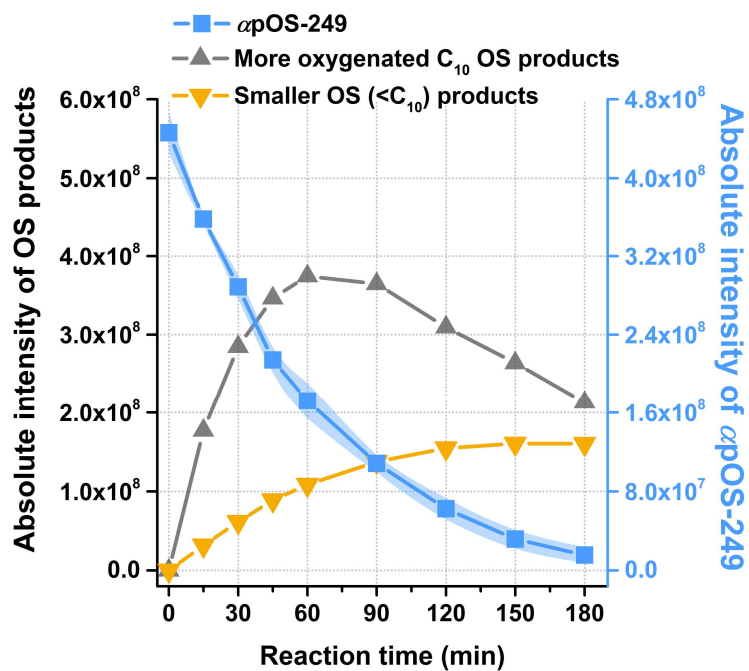
$C_9H_{11}SO_7^-$	263.0226	263.0211	1.67; 2.20; 2.61; 2.77; 3.48; 3.70; 4.01	Yes	0.05–0.13	Monoterpenes	Unknown	(Yttri et al., 2011; Brüggemann et al., 2019)		✓
$C_9H_{13}SO_7^-$	265.0382	265.0376	1.22; 1.93; 2.15; 3.22; 3.50; 3.64; 3.98; 4.21	Yes	0.68–1.57	Monoterpenes	Unknown	(Brüggemann et al., 2019)		✓
$C_9H_{15}SO_7^-$	267.0539	267.0532	1.41; 1.55; 2.14; 2.43; 2.97; 3.50	Yes	0.26–8.13	Isoprene/monoterpenes/ anthropogenic	limonene + $\cdot OH$ + NO + highly acidic sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Nguyen et al., 2014; Riva et al., 2016; Meade et al., 2016; Brüggemann et al., 2019; Hughes and Stone, 2019)	✓	
$C_9H_{13}SO_8^-$	281.0331	281.0325	1.24; 1.50; 1.68; 1.86; 1.97; 2.37; 2.57; 3.24; 3.73	Yes	1.79–1.93	Monoterpenes	Unknown	(Brüggemann et al., 2019)		✓
$C_9H_{15}SO_8^-$	283.0488	283.0479	1.12; 1.23; 1.38; 1.57; 1.75; 1.93; 2.13; 2.24; 3.34; 3.88	Yes	0.16–1.30	Monoterpenes	α -terpinene + $\cdot OH$ + NO + highly acidic sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Meade et al., 2016; Brüggemann et al., 2019)	✓	
More oxygenated C₁₀ OS products										
$C_{10}H_{15}SO_5^-$	247.0640	247.0636	4.47; 4.58	Yes	0.02–0.80	Monoterpenes	α -pinene + $\cdot OH/NO_3\cdot$ + highly acidic sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Nguyen et al., 2014; Ma et al., 2014; Brüggemann et al., 2019)	✓	
$C_{10}H_{15}SO_6^-$	263.0589	263.0584	3.47; 3.69; 3.82; 4.16; 4.34; 4.82	Yes	0.11	Monoterpenes	β -pinene + $\cdot OH$ + NO + highly acidic sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Ma et al., 2014)	✓	
$C_{10}H_{17}SO_6^-$	265.0746	265.0741	1.92; 1.97; 3.13; 3.41; 4.04; 4.15; 4.43	Yes	0.08–3.58	Monoterpenes/anthropogenic	α -pinene/ α - terpinene/terpinolene + $\cdot OH$ + (NO) + (highly) acidic sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Ma et al., 2014; Riva et al., 2016; Brüggemann et al., 2019)	✓	
$C_{10}H_{13}SO_7^-$	277.0382	277.0377	2.53; 2.74; 2.82; 2.97; 3.34; 3.66; 3.73; 3.97; 4.25; 4.36; 4.59	Yes	Not reported	Unknown	Unknown	(Kuang et al., 2016)		✓

$C_{10}H_{15}SO_7^-$	279.0539	279.0532	1.85; 2.37; 2.51; 2.76; 3.24; 3.37; 3.58; 3.70; 4.00	Yes	0.03–7.10	Monoterpenes/anthropogenic	α -pinene/ β -pinene/limonene/ α -terpinene/ γ -terpinene + $\cdot OH/NO_3^{\cdot}/SO_4^{\cdot-} + (NO)$ + (highly) acidic sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Nozière et al., 2010; Kristensen and Glasius, 2011; Yttri et al., 2011; Ma et al., 2014; Nguyen et al., 2014; Meade et al., 2016; Riva et al., 2016; Hettiyadura et al., 2019; Brüggemann et al., 2019; Hughes and Stone, 2019)	✓	
$C_{10}H_{17}SO_7^-$	281.0695	281.0689	2.63; 2.90; 3.10; 3.61	Yes	0.16–12.10	Monoterpenes	α -pinene/ β -pinene/limonene/ α -terpinene/terpinolene + $\cdot OH/SO_4^{\cdot-} + (NO)$ + (highly) acidic sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Nozière et al., 2010; Ma et al., 2014; Hettiyadura et al., 2019; Hughes and Stone, 2019)	✓	
$C_{10}H_{13}SO_8^-$	293.0331	293.0323	1.56; 1.75; 1.89; 2.05; 2.23; 3.04; 3.31; 3.44; 3.73; 3.87; 4.30	Yes	Not reported	Unknown	Unknown	(Kuang et al., 2016)		✓
$C_{10}H_{15}SO_8^-$	295.0488	295.0480	1.22; 1.42; 1.57; 1.77; 1.87; 2.11; 2.54; 3.31; 3.51; 3.83; 4.36	Yes	0.28–1.53	Monoterpenes/anthropogenic	Unknown	(Riva et al., 2016; Brüggemann et al., 2019)		✓
$C_{10}H_{17}SO_8^-$	297.0644	297.0641	1.43; 1.73; 2.04; 2.26; 3.02; 3.43	Yes	0.05–1.55	Monoterpenes/anthropogenic	α -pinene/ α -terpinene/terpinolene + $\cdot OH/SO_4^{\cdot-} + (NO)$ + (highly) acidic sulfate seed	(Surratt et al., 2008; Nozière et al., 2010; Nguyen et al., 2014; Riva et al., 2016; Meade et al., 2016; Brüggemann et al., 2019)	✓	
$C_{10}H_{13}SO_9^-$	309.0280	309.0275	1.23; 1.47; 1.70; 2.16; 2.55; 3.26; 3.50; 3.85; 4.74	Yes	0.30–0.54	Monoterpenes	Unknown	(Brüggemann et al., 2019)		✓
$C_{10}H_{15}SO_9^-$	311.0437	311.0428	1.23; 1.44; 1.77; 3.24; 3.65; 3.91; 4.12	Yes	Not reported	Unknown	Unknown	(Kuang et al., 2016)		✓

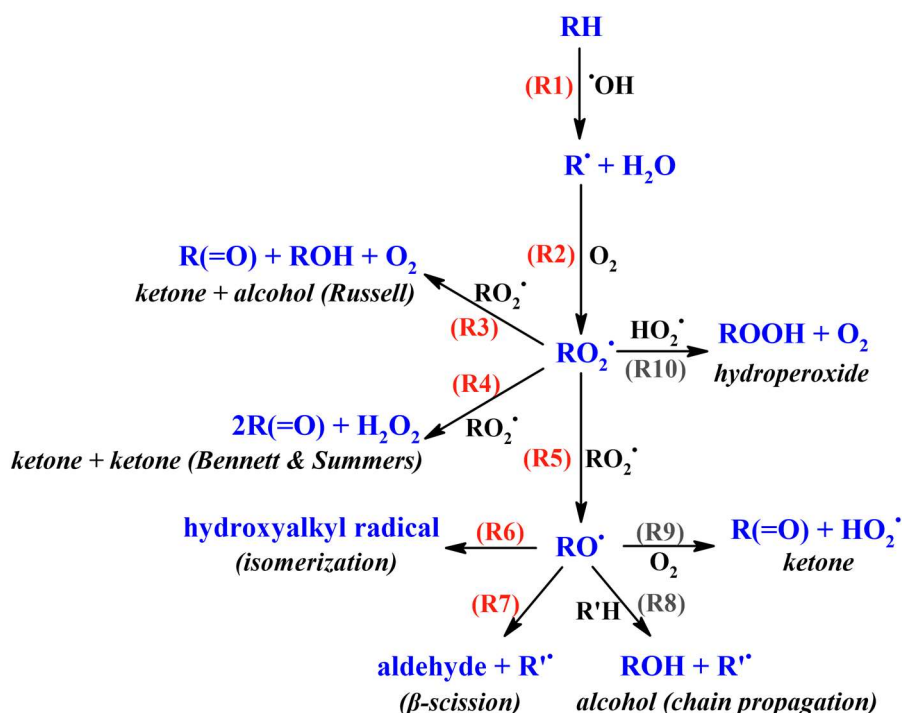
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{SO}_{10}^-$	325.0229	325.0221	1.22; 1.43; 1.58; 1.86; 2.49	No	–	–		–		
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{SO}_{10}^-$	327.0386	327.0374	1.22; 1.43; 1.60; 1.78; 1.83; 3.30	Yes	Not reported	Unknown	Unknown	(Kuang et al., 2016)		✓
$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{15}\text{SO}_{11}^-$	343.0335	343.0324	1.06; 1.23; 1.34; 1.52; 1.61; 3.41	No	–	–		–		

99 "Data were collected using Orbitrap IQ-X LC/MS with mass tolerance of ± 5 ppm to their theoretical masses.

100 Section S8. Evolutions in absolute intensity of the composition with different carbon
 101 atoms



102
 103 **Figure S4.** Time-dependent evolution of absolute intensities for α pOS-249 decay and reaction
 104 products formed during the aqueous-phase $\cdot$ OH oxidation of α pOS-249.



106

107 **Scheme S2.** A generic reaction mechanism for the aqueous-phase $\cdot\text{OH}$ oxidation of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$.

108

109 These 40 identified OS products, formed through the reaction of $\cdot\text{OH}$ radicals in the presence
 110 of dissolved oxygen (O_2), can be interpreted within the framework of the established aqueous-
 111 phase oxidation mechanism, as shown in **Scheme S2** (Hearn et al., 2007; Smith et al., 2009).

112 Before oxidation, $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$ primarily exists in its anionic form. The oxidation process
 113 typically initiates with H-abstraction by $\cdot\text{OH}$ radicals from organic compound (RH), leading to
 114 the formation of an alkyl radical ($\text{R}^\bullet$). These alkyl radicals then rapidly combine with O_2 to
 115 produce peroxy radical ($\text{RO}_2^\bullet$). The initial reaction can occur at multiple sites on the $\alpha\text{pOS-}$

116 249 molecule, yielding a diverse array of first-generation products with different structural
 117 isomers. These possible first-generation products arises from several reaction pathways: i)

118 generation of hydroperoxides (**Scheme S2, R10**) (Smith et al., 2009), ii) formation of

119 intermediate alkoxy radicals ($\text{RO}^\bullet$) (**Scheme S2, R5**) (George and Abbatt, 2010; Kroll et al.,

120 2015), iii) production of alcohol and carbonyl compounds via Russell reactions (**Scheme S2,**

121 **R3**) (Russell, 1957), iv) formation of two carbonyl products through the Bennett and Summers

122 mechanism (**Scheme S2, R4**) (Bennett and Summers, 1974). Moreover, multiple reaction

123 pathways enable alkoxy radicals to produce both stable and radical intermediate products,

124 resulting in the formation of lower-volatility oxygenated compounds in condensed phase.

125 These possible pathways include: isomerization (**Scheme S2, R6**), chain propagation with

secondary RH loss (**Scheme S2, R8**), and O₂ reaction (**Scheme S2, R9**). The C-C bond β -scission decomposition of RO[•] stands as the only known mechanism that generates higher-volatility, lower-molecular-weight products, forming an alkyl radical and aldehyde (**Scheme S2, R7**) (George and Abbatt, 2010). Overall, as the oxidation progresses, the first-generation products can further react with [•]OH radicals, forming second-generation and multi-generation products with their own set of isomers. This complexity makes it challenging to propose a comprehensive mechanism. Given this intricacy, only a generic reaction scheme is depicted for simplicity and clarity.

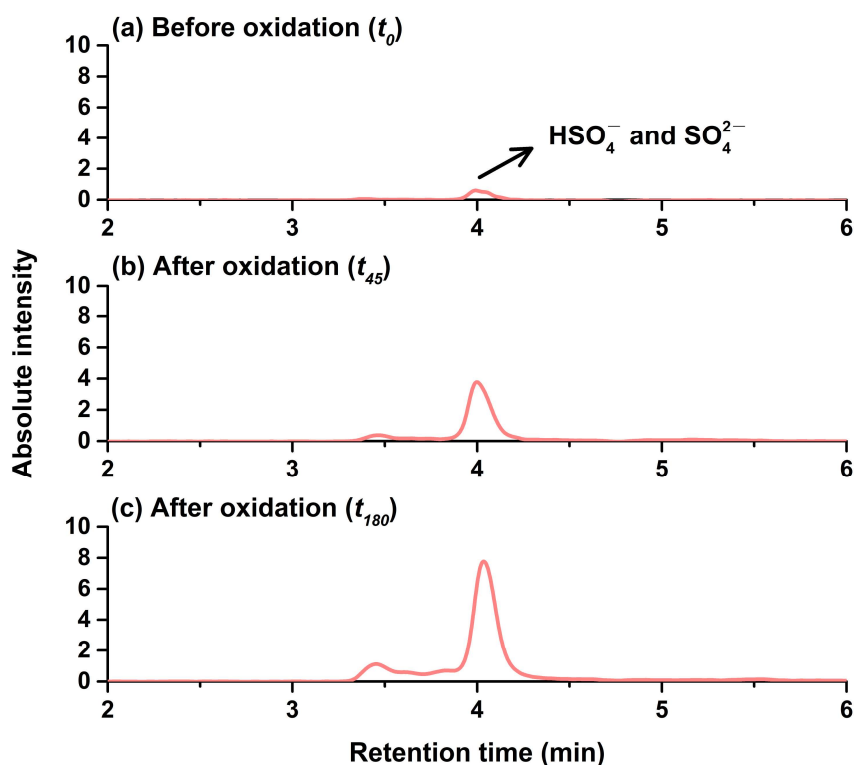


Figure S5. Ion chromatograms before (t_0) and after (t_{45} and t_{180}) the aqueous-phase $\cdot\text{OH}$ oxidation of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$.

Inorganic sulfates yield during the aqueous-phase $\cdot\text{OH}$ oxidation of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$

The formation of inorganic sulfates was quantified to determine the extent of total sulfur conversion, defined as the number of moles of inorganic sulfates formed per mole of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$ reacted as function of reaction time:

$$\text{Yield} = \frac{\Delta [\text{SO}_4^{2-}]}{\Delta [\alpha\text{pOS-249}]} \times 100 \%$$

Where the concentration of inorganic sulfates was measured by IC, and the concentration of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$ was quantified by LC-ESI-Orbitrap MS.

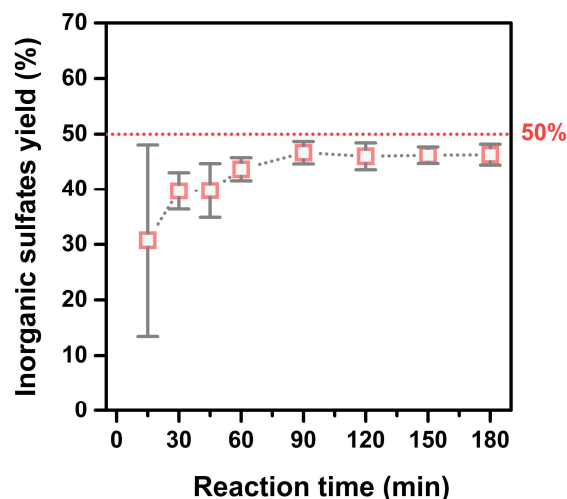
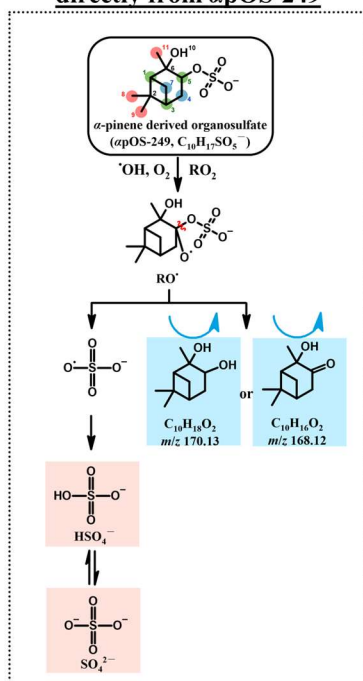
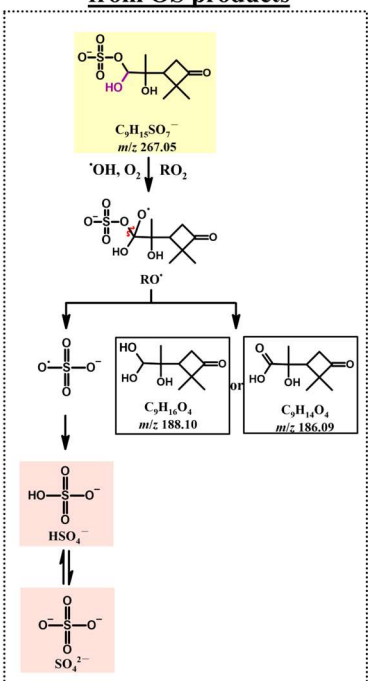


Figure S6. Inorganic sulfates (HSO_4^- and SO_4^{2-}) yield as function of reaction time during the aqueous-phase $\cdot\text{OH}$ oxidation of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$.

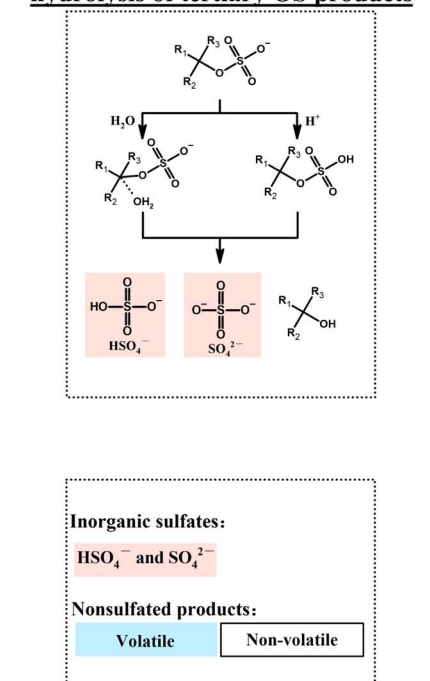
Formation of inorganic sulfates directly from $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$



Formation of inorganic sulfates from OS products



Formation of inorganic sulfates from hydrolysis of tertiary OS products



Scheme S3. Proposed mechanisms for the formation of inorganic sulfates and nonsulfated products during the aqueous-phase $\cdot\text{OH}$ oxidation of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$.

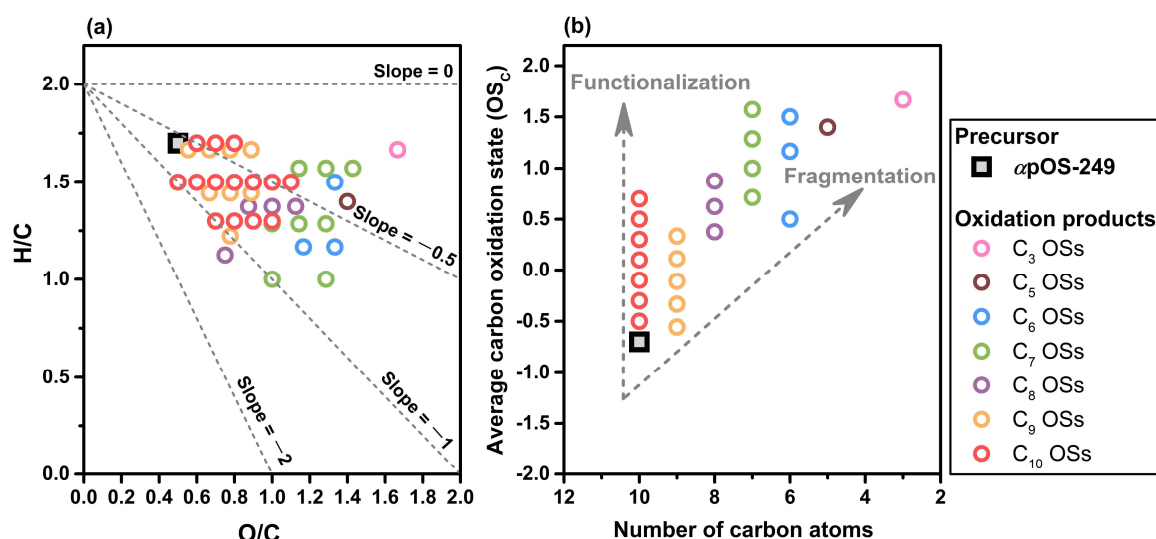


Figure S7. The evolution of composition of reaction products during the aqueous-phase $\bullet\text{OH}$ oxidation of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$ depicted in (a) the Van Krevelen diagram, and (b) the oxidation degree diagram.

Figure S7 shows the evolution of oxidation products during the aqueous-phase $\bullet\text{OH}$ oxidation of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$. The Van Krevelen diagram shows the spreading from C₁₀ precursor of $\alpha\text{pOS-249}$ towards to lower right (**Figure S7 (a)**), evolving into more oxygenated C₁₀ OS products and smaller OS products with the O/C ratio increases and the H/C ratio decreases. Additionally, **Figure S7 (b)** demonstrates that oxidation involves both functionalization and fragmentation, with both processes contribute to the overall transformation of sulfur species.

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