

## Author's reply to referee comments

We thank the referee for their thoughtful and constructive comments, which will help improve the clarity and precision of our manuscript. Below we provide point-by-point responses.

### Reply to comments by Referee 2 (RC2):

#### Response to minor comments:

##### **Comment: 1.1 General comment on reanalysis/ESM-forced MAR SMB and CISM**

The SMB you're using in this study is an output of MAR, whose boundaries have been forced by a range of ESMs and reanalysis, but it's sometimes a bit vague in the text after the initial mention. Even if, here, the models are not the primary focus of the paper, it's easy for the reader to forget the SMB doesn't directly come from the reanalysis or ESMs (especially since at least UKESM and CESM can compute their own SMB) without a reminder here and there in the text.

**Response:** Agreed. We will consistently clarify that the SMB used is computed by MAR, which is forced by reanalysis/ESM fields, not directly derived from them.

**Comment:** p5, line 137: **The historical run is forced with MAR-downscaled ERA5 SMB and ST.** Written this way it makes it sound like MAR directly downscales the SMB calculated in ERA5 whereas it downscales fields like temperature and humidity and calculates SMB in its own surface/snow module. Can you rewrite the sentence to make it less ambiguous? You could modify the text with something along the lines of **As a baseline experiment, we compute the SMB at time step  $t$  as the reference SMB (here ERA5-forced MAR SMB over 1960-1989) to which we add anomalies of the respective ESM SMB with respect to its mean over the reference period (1960-1989):**

$$\text{SMB}(t) = \text{SMB\_ref} + \text{SMB\_anomaly}(t) \quad (1)$$

where **SMB\_ref** is the reference SMB and **SMB\_anomaly( $t$ )** is the ESM anomaly at time step  $t$ , i.e.

$$\text{SMB\_anomaly}(t) = \text{SMB\_ESM}(t) - \text{SMB\_ref\_ESM} \quad (2)$$

**In this approach, ... not accounted for. As is often the case (refs), we also use anomalies with respect to a reference SMB field because ... .**

**Response:** Thank you for the suggestions, we will revise the sentence as suggested to clarify that MAR computes the SMB using downscaled meteorological inputs (e.g., temperature, humidity) from ERA5, not precomputed SMB.

**Comment:** p6, section 2.3.1: various things in this sections are a bit confusing. First, I would change the first sentence a bit (see below). Then, below eq. (1) I would change SMB\_ref\_ERA5 to SMB\_ref to keep the description of more general and not attach it to a specific reanalysis/model. Also, anomaly-based SMB methods are pretty common to e.g. address problems linked to possibly large biases in ESMs but it would still be nice to have a mention of why.

**Response:** We will rephrase for clarity, use more general notation, and include a brief rationale for using anomaly-based methods, citing relevant references.

**Comment:** p14, section 3.3 Sensitivity to ESM and SSP: After the list of forcing ESMs and scenarios, you could mention that the MAR SMB and CISM forced simulations are later referred to by the name of the forcing ESM and scenario to remind the reader one last time that the SMB is computed in the ESMs themselves.

**Response:** Agreed. We will add a clarifying sentence to remind the reader of this naming convention.

**Comment:** Finally, as some of the forcing ESMs also work as fully coupled climate and ice sheet models, I would mention CISM here and there as well to further remind the reader that, when they read e.g. UKESM1-0-LL-SSP-8.5 in the legend of figure 9, the forcing ESM is just the first step in a “3-part simulation”, i.e. the UKESM climate forced MAR boundaries, which computes the SMB that is remapped and finally used as forcing in CISM.

**Response:** We will clarify this workflow in the revised manuscript.

#### **Response to specific comments:**

**Comment:** p2, lines 25-29: here you mention that not taking into account the melt-elevation feedback leads to large biases in mass loss over large timescales but you only mention that SMB from RCMs is mostly computed on a fixed geometry much later in your review of methods. If possible, I would move it forward to this part of the introduction — if you can manage to do that without disrupting the flow later in the introduction.

**Response:** We will move this point forward in the introduction to improve the logical flow.

**Comment:** p2, lines 44-51: Sellevold et al. (2019) and Petrini et al. (2025) both use an elevation class downscaling method but in a 1-way coupling where the ice sheet geometry changes aren’t known by the atmosphere and land surface (either because the ISM isn’t communicating back to the atmosphere in the case of Sellevold or because the outputs of the ESM force a standalone ISM simulation in Petrini). As shown by Feenstra et al. (2025) in their comparison between a 1-way and 2-way coupled CESM-CISM simulation, this can lead to biases in simulated SMB and mass loss. Since the elevation class method is also

commonly used in fully coupled ESM-ISM like UKESM-ice (Smith et al., 2021) and CESM-CISM (Feenstra et al. 2025) and, as you already mention fully coupled ESM-ISM earlier in the introduction, it would be worth mentioning this distinction.

**Feenstra et al, 2025: Role of elevation feedbacks and ice sheet–climate interactions on future Greenland ice sheet melt, <https://doi.org/10.5194/tc-19-2289-2025>**

**Response:** Thank you, we will incorporate this distinction into the introduction and cite Feenstra et al. (2025) along with other relevant literature.

**Comment:** p5, line 148: **Beyond 2100, the forcing is extended by averaging the final 20 years (2080–2100) and repeating this mean value at annual time steps. We verify that shuffling the sequence within this window does not significantly affect the results.**

I only understood that you meant that it doesn't really matter whether you use a 20-year average of SMB or if you use SMB from individual years randomly shuffled within that time period in the discussion (when you write **compared to a repeated shuffling of the yearly forcing**). Could you rewrite the second sentence to make it more clear?

**Response:** Correct. We will reword this sentence to make the meaning and implication more transparent.

**Comment:** p6, eq 3 + L169: use  $\Delta h$  instead of  $dh$  as you did in equation 5. If I remember my calculus classes correctly,  $d$  or  $\partial$  are used for rates (as in  $dRU/dz$ ) whereas differences/ranges should be written as  $\Delta$ .

**Response:** Thank you, we will update the notation accordingly.

**Comment:** p8, line 222: Figure 3 is referred to in the text before figure 2. I'd put a reference to figure 2 earlier in the text (when you first mention dividing the ice sheet into 25 basins or in step 1.1) so figures are in the order they're referred to.

**Response:** Absolutely, we will adjust figure references to maintain logical order.

**Comment:** p11, line 263: does **original forcing field** refer to the fixed elevation SMB anomaly of NORESM-forced MAR SMB with respect to the ERA-forced reference SMB (from section 2.3.1)? In any case, can you refer directly to Fig. 4a there to make the read easier?

**Response:** Yes, this refers to the fixed-elevation MAR SMB anomaly. We will revise the sentence and directly reference Figure 4a.

**Comment:** p12, line 301: isn't the parameterized SMB-elevation feedback simulation the one with a final volume of around  $1.6 \times 10^{18}$  Gt (green line) and the 2.4 one the fixed geometry one (blue line)? Also, it should be  $10^6$  Gt according to the figures and not  $10^{18}$ .

**Response:** Yes, both correct. Thank you for spotting this. We will fix the text accordingly.

**Comment: 2. Figures**

Most of the figures (apart from 1 and 2) are quite narrow and would benefit from taking the whole width of the page. Figures 3 and 6, in particular, have many panels and it's difficult to see the details mentioned in the text without zooming in a lot.

**Response:** We will increase the width of Figures 3, 6, and others as appropriate to improve readability.

**Comment regarding Typos and grammar:**

**Response:** Thank you, all identified typos and grammatical issues will be corrected.