Supplement for

BORIS-2 – a benthic ecosystem model based on allometry

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User Manual for BORIS-2 benthic ecosystem model

Overview:

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BORIS-2 is a model describing the population dynamics of benthic biota, feeding from a common resource that is supplied by a flux of sinking organic carbon arriving on the seafloor. By using allometric relationships for the physiological processes of growth, mortality and respiration, and for food limitation, the model represents the population dynamics of organisms ranging in size from bacteria (10⁻¹⁴ g wet weight C) to large metazoans (10³ gwwt C). The effect of temperature on physiological rates is also included. The only forcing information required is the ambient temperature and the rate of supply of sinking organic carbon. The model can be used for, and tuned to, specific locations. However, a parameter set has been provided that is generally applicable. The model can simultaneously reproduce biomass size distributions at five contrasting sites using this parameter set. This model has an analytic steady state solution and can also be run dynamically.

All code and data for generating the figures in this paper and for using BORIS-2 either at steady state or dynamically are available on Zenodo at https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.15280650 (Martin et al., 2025).

The model has been configured using data from 5 contrasting sites. Details can be found in the manuscript and locations are shown in Figure 2 of the manuscript. In the order in which they are used/referred to in the code and manuscript, these sites are:

- 1. Clarion Clipperton Zone (CCZ)
- 2. Fladden Ground (FG)
- 3. Faroe Shetland Channel (FSC)
- 4. Oman Margin (OM)
- 30 5. Porcupine Abuyssal Plain (PAP)

Platform:

All code is in Matlab. It was developed, tested and run in version 9.12.0.2009381 (R2022a) Update 4.

35 **Running the model:**

- Code should be downloaded from Zenodo (https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.15280650 (Martin et al., 2025)) and saved to a single folder
- 2. Matlab should be started either in the BORIS-2 folder or else have that folder added to the path
- 3. Typing
- 40 params

sets up basic parameters used by all the example code, including the representative mass of each size class (M) and the parameters for the model.

The model is available in two forms: to provide both a dynamic and a steady state solution.

4. To see how to use the model in a dynamic manner,

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Fig5

This will run an example showing the response of the ecosystem to a doubling of POC flux. This code is easily modified to explore other situations:

- To change the time-varying POC flux:
 - o search in Fig5.m for "% create time series for POC flux".
 - o POCFmod should be given the required values for POC flux (units: gwwt/m²/d)
 - o POCFtmod should carry the associated timestamps (units: d).
- To change the ambient temperature:
 - o Search in Fig5.m for "% set temperature"
 - O Set TC to the required temperature (units: °C)

Fig5.m does not currently have time-varying temperature

- To change initial conditions:

Fig5.m sets the initial conditions by calculating the steady state solution corresponding to the initial POC flux and ambient temperature.

If it is required to set the initial conditions manually then:

- o Search in Fig5.m for "% calculate steady state solution"
- Either set or read in values for B (biomass for each size class of organism, 59 size classes, 1=smallest,
 59=largest, units: gwwt/m²) and R (biomass of detritus, units: gwwt/m²)
- 5. To calculate the steady state solution for the model

Type

```
[B,R]=steady state(POCF,TC);
```

where POCF is your required POC flux (units: gwwt/m²/d) and TC (units: °C) is your required ambient temperature.

On completion, B will contain the biomass of all 59 size classes (class 1 being smallest and class 59 the largest, units: gwwt/m²) and R will contain the biomass of detritus (units: gwwt/m²).

You can also find examples of using steady state.m in Fig4.m and Fig5.m

Reproducing figures from the manuscript:

- Each figure using model output in the manuscript (figures 2 to 5) has a separate Matlab routine (Fig2, Fig3, Fig4, Fig5)
- Just type the routine name to run it and generate the figure.

Code description:

params.m

- Sets parameters used in the BORIS-2 model - called by both dynamic and steady state versions

rates.m

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- Uses information from param.s and location temperature to set physiological rates (maximum growth, respiration and mortality) and interference
- Other routines called:

```
85 param.s
```

```
steady state.m
```

- Function to calculate steady state solution given input of temperature and POC flux
- Equations for steady state are given in manuscript
- 90 Other routines called:

```
param.s
rates.m
```

```
benthic dydt.m
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- 95 Function to calculate rate of change of biomass and detritus with time for use in dynamic version of model
 - Equations are given in manuscript
 - Other routines called:

None directly but requires global variables for fluxes, time and rates to have been set up - see Fig5.m

- 100 Fig2.m
 - Creates Figure 2 for the manuscript: a fit of a power law relation to observations of biomass from 5 contrasting sites
 - Other routines called:

```
param.s
```

105 Fig3.m

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- Creates Figure 3 for the manuscript: a set of diagnostics for assessing the performance of the model
- Other routines called:

```
param.s (by calling Fig2.m)
rates.m
Fig2.m
```

Fig4.m

- creates Figure 4 for the manuscript: showing global distribution of benthic biomass based on temperature and POC flux data
- Other routines called:

```
param.s
    rates.m (by calling steady_state.m)
    steady_state.m
```

```
Fig5.m
```

- 120 creates Figure 5 for the manuscript: showing response of ecosystem to a doubling of POC flux
 - This code is easily modified to explore other situations with time-varing POC flux and temperature
 - Other routines called:

```
param.s
rates.m
```

Data:

WOAbott.mat

- Seafloor latitude, longitude, depth and temperature data extracted from the World Ocean Atlas Reagan et al. (2024)
 - Used by Fig4.m

fluxglobdat.mat

- POC fluxes calculated using Lutz. et al. (2007) algorithm for same latitude, longitude grid and depths as WOAbott.mat
- 135 Used by Fig4.m

BiomassData.zip

- Compressed folder with biomass observations from the 5 sites used in the manuscript

CCZ_biomass

140 FG_biomass

FSC_biomass

 $OM_biomass$

PAP_biomass

- Information on sites and how data were generated can be found in the manuscript
- Used by Fig2.m (and indirectly by Fig3.m by running Fig2.m)