

Supporting information for

# **Cyclone enhances the contribution of oceanic dimethyl sulfide to the free troposphere over the Southern Ocean**

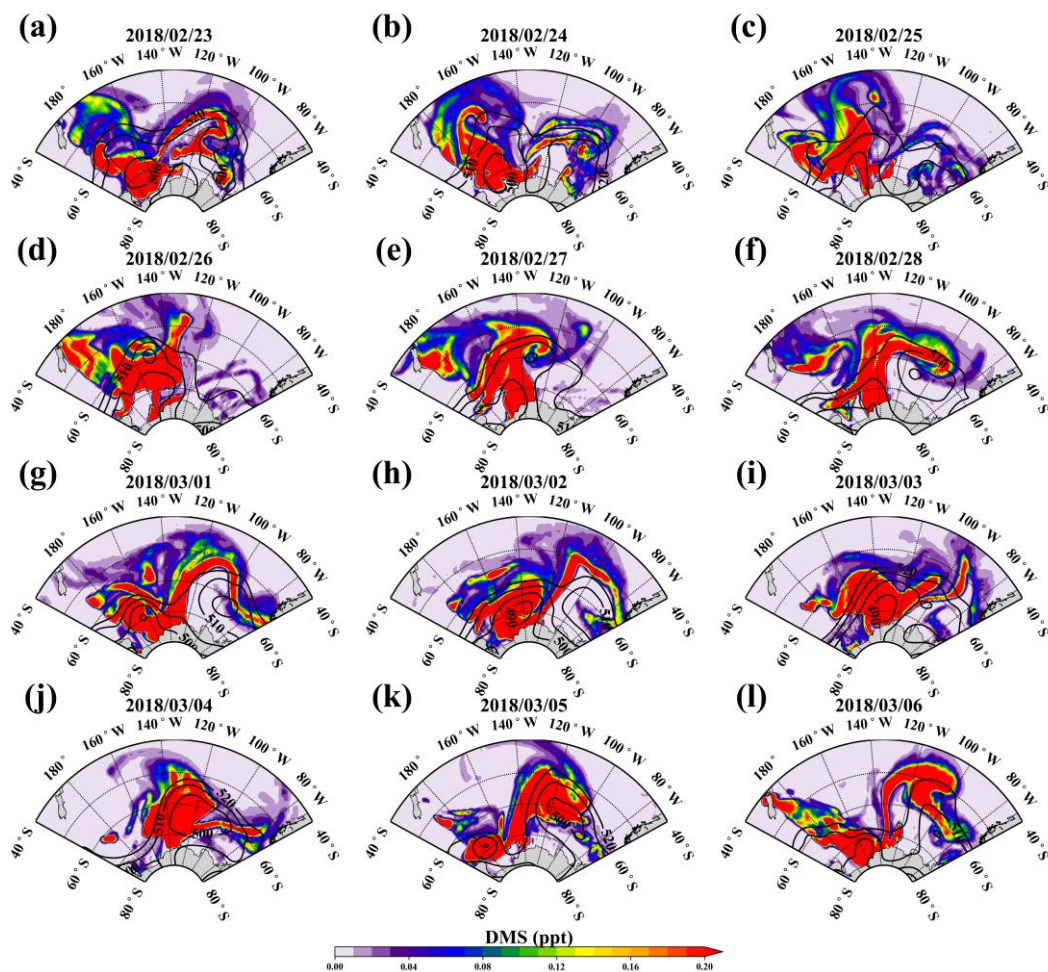
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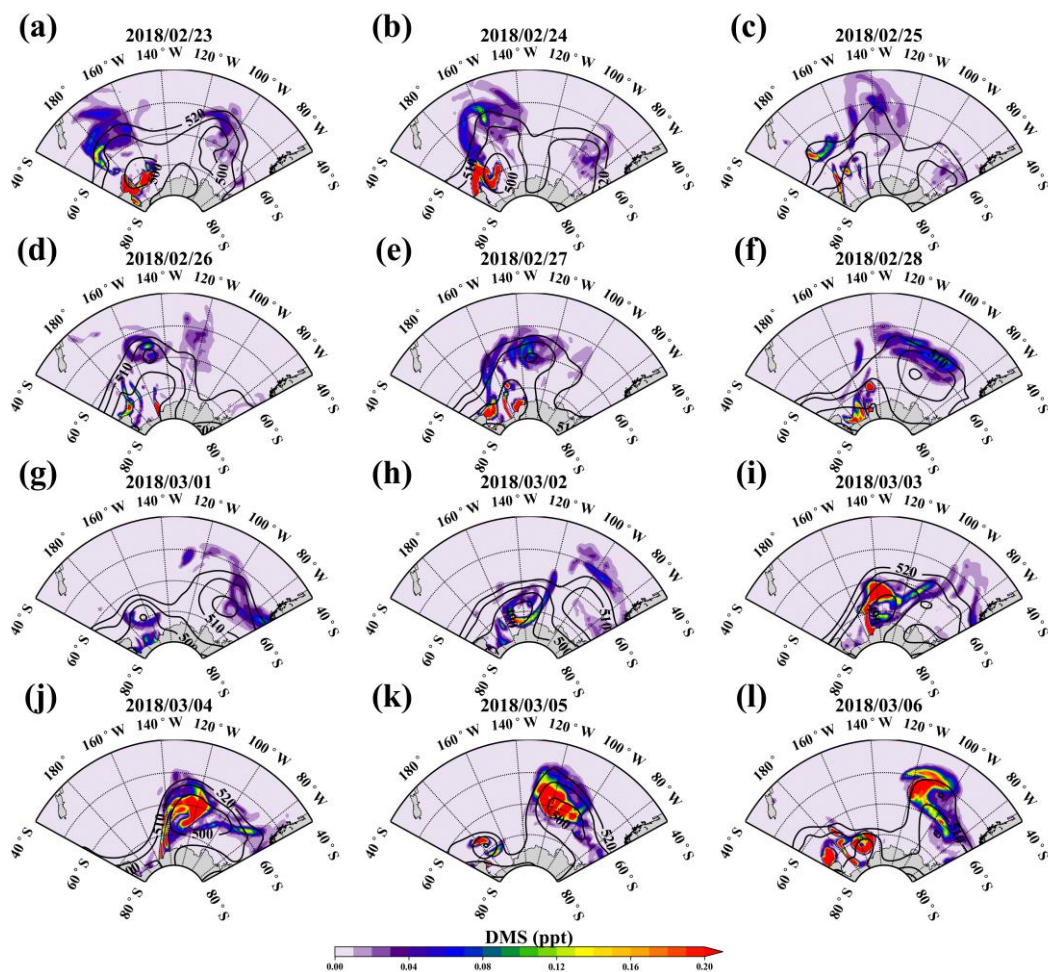
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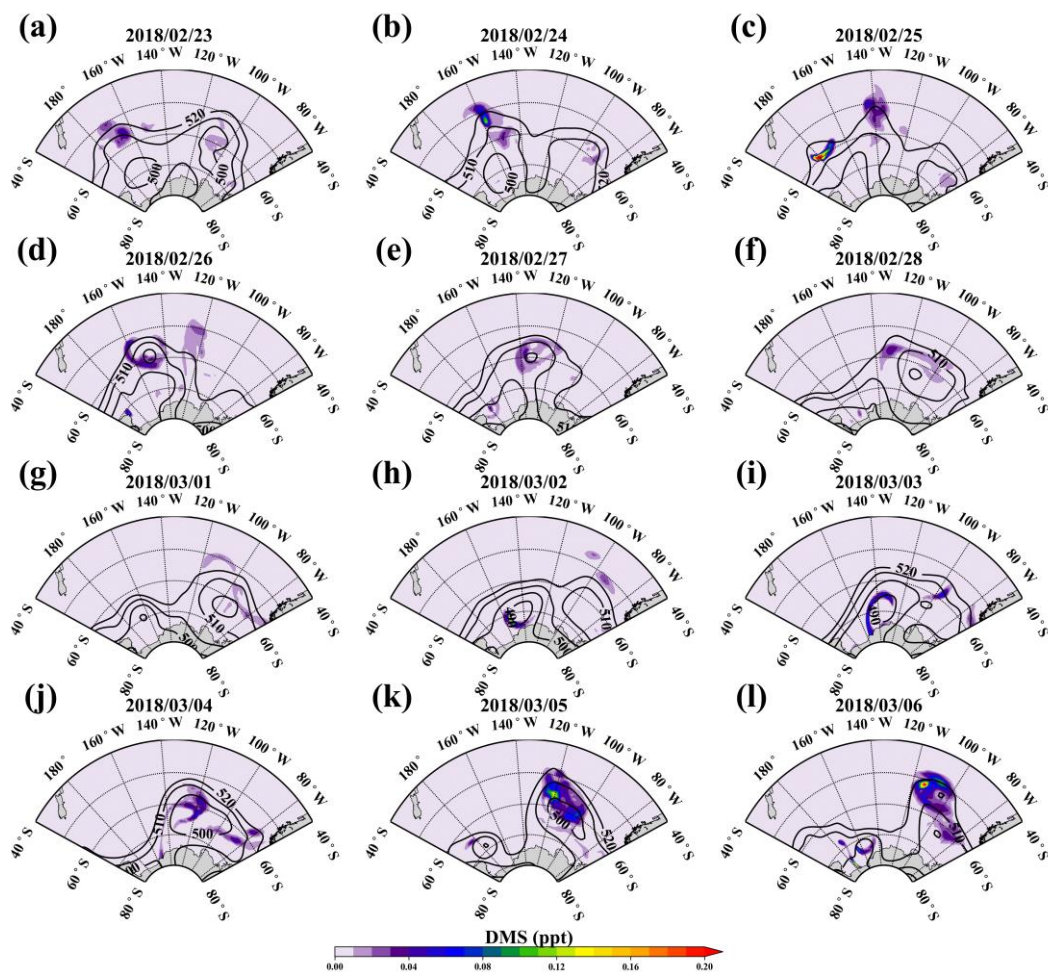
**Support information: Figure S1-S6** 



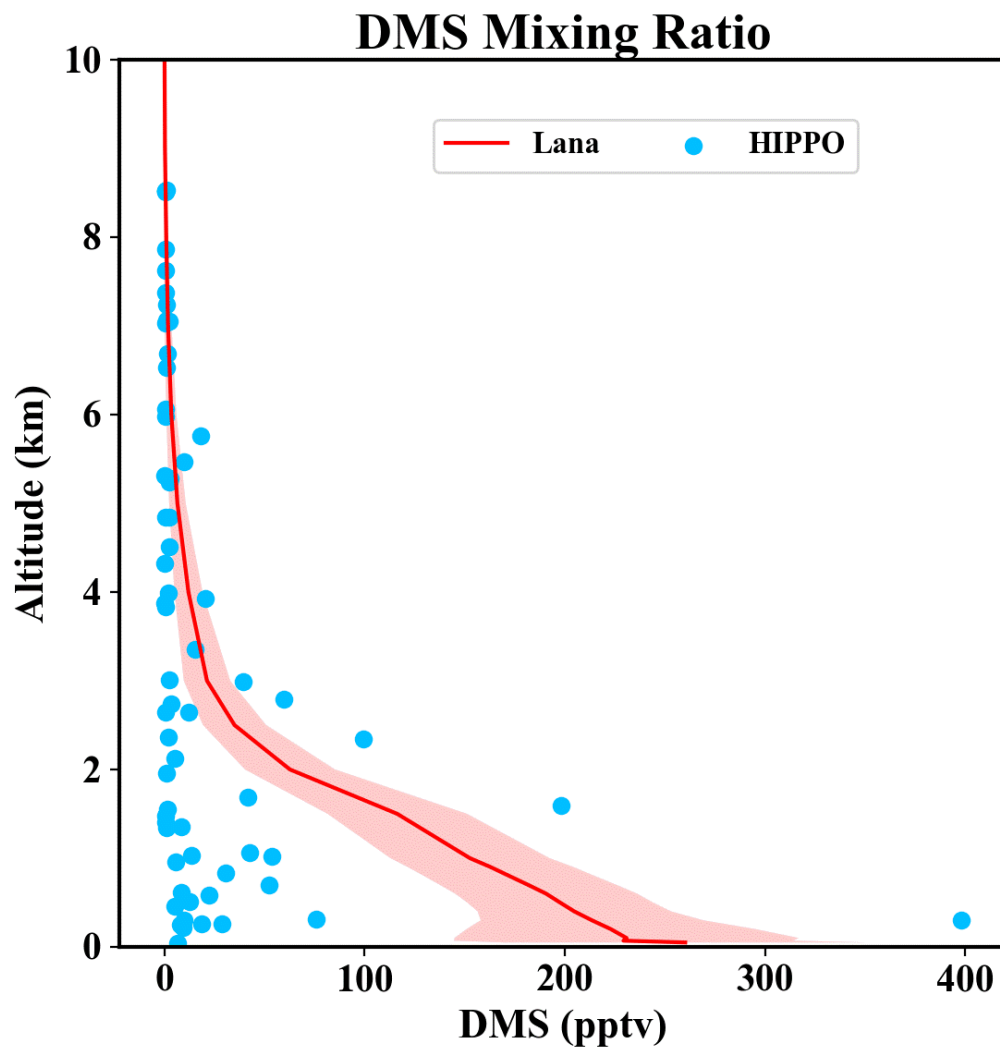
**Figure S1.** The daily simulation results of the distribution of atmospheric DMS at 1 km using the CHINARE's campaign DMS emission. (a - l) the results of different investigation periods. Note that the mean 500 hPa geopotential air pressures are presented in the background.



**Figure S2.** The daily simulation results of the distribution of atmospheric DMS at 3 km using the CHINARE's campaign DMS emission. (a - l) the results of different investigation periods. Note that the mean 500 hPa geopotential air pressures are presented in the background.

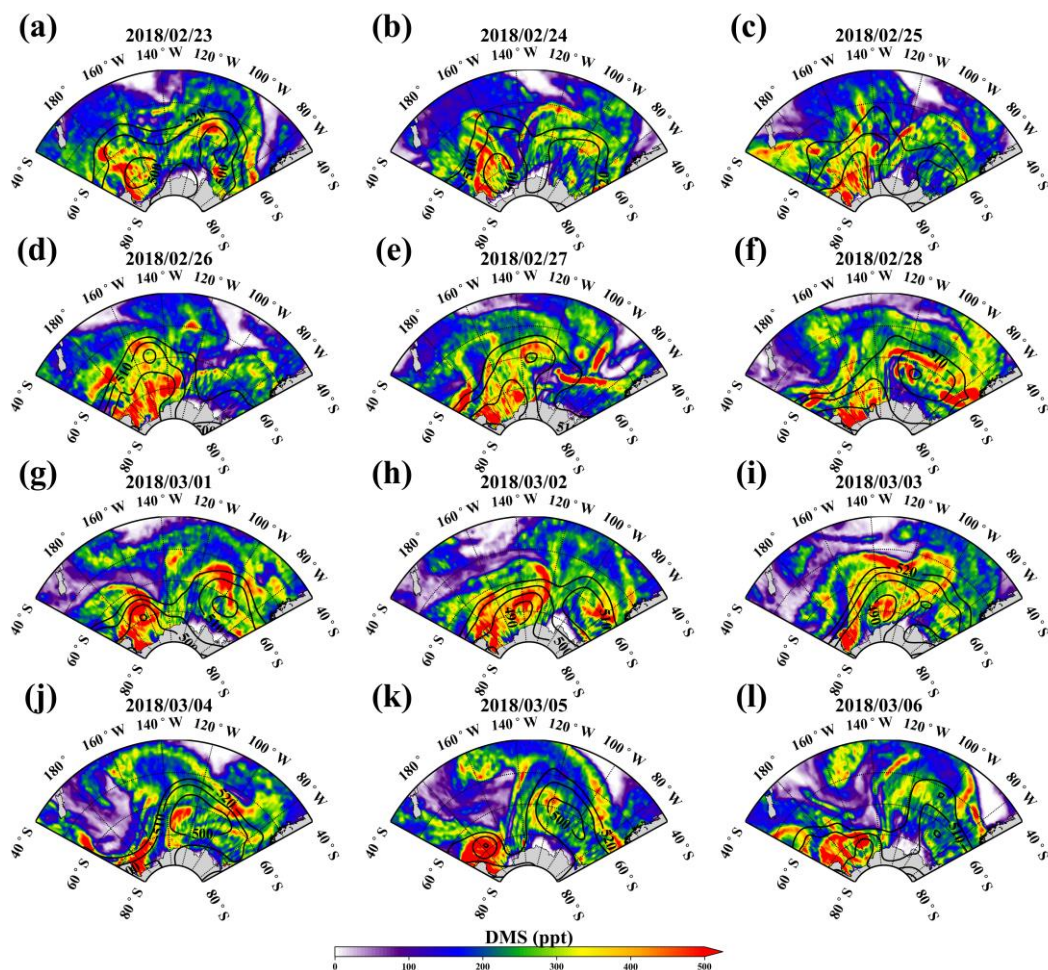


**Figure S3.** The daily simulation results of the distribution of atmospheric DMS at 5 km using the CHINARE's campaign DMS emission. (a - l) the results of different investigation periods. Note that the mean 500 hPa geopotential air pressures are presented in the background.

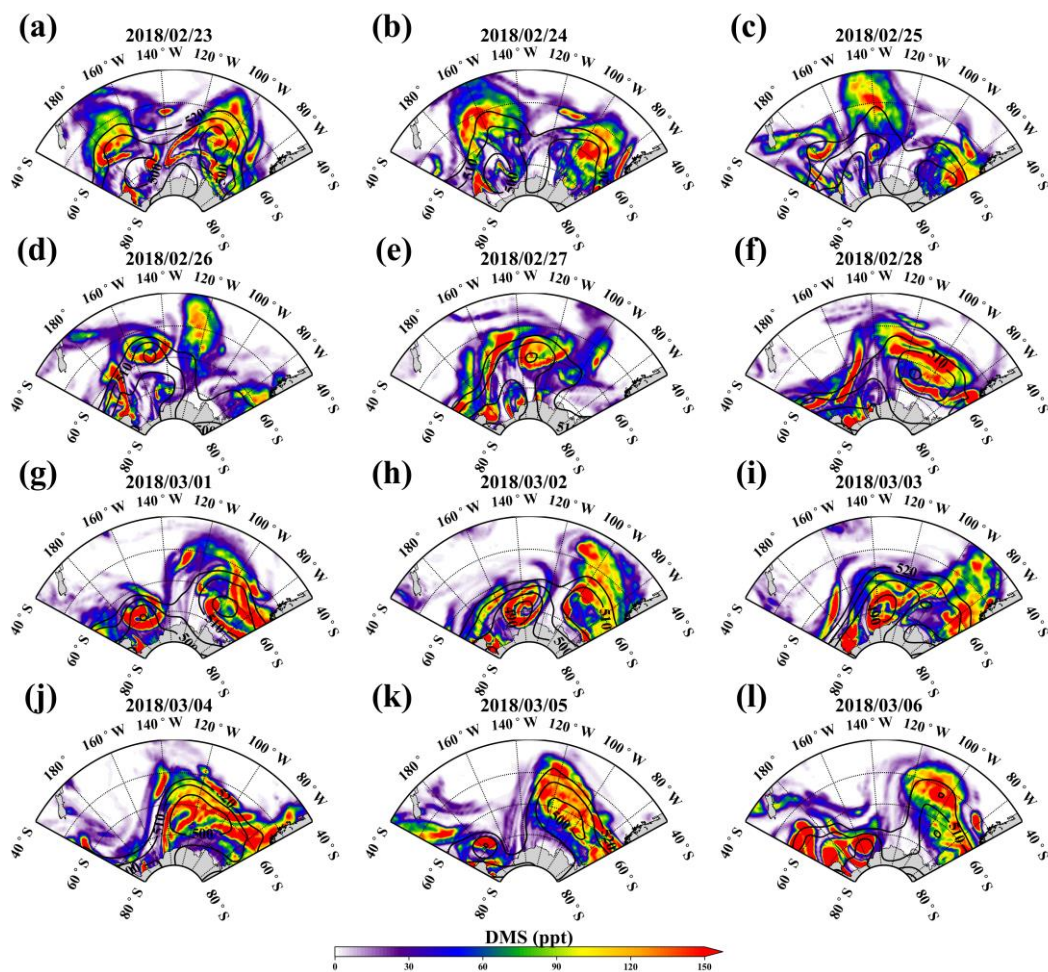


**Figure S4.** The comparison of the modelling results of mean DMS mixing ratio using the Lana's climatology near the ocean of New Zealand and HIPPO flight measurement data.





**Figure S5.** The daily simulation results of the distribution of atmospheric DMS at 1km using Lana's emission climatology. (a - l) the results of different investigation periods. Note that the mean 500 hPa geopotential air pressures are presented in the background.



**Figure S6.** The daily simulation results of the distribution of atmospheric DMS at 3 km using Lana's emission climatology. (a - l) the results of different investigation periods. Note that the mean 500 hPa geopotential air pressures are presented in the background.