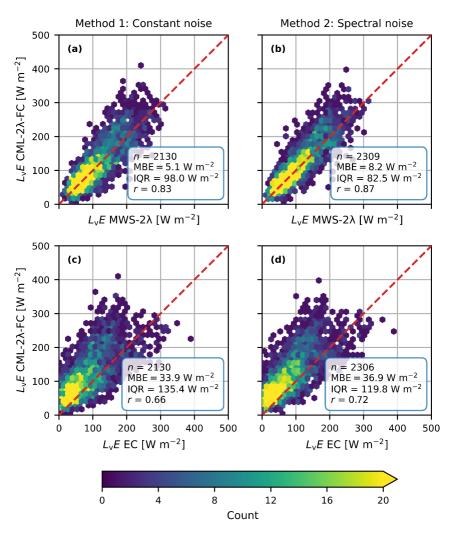
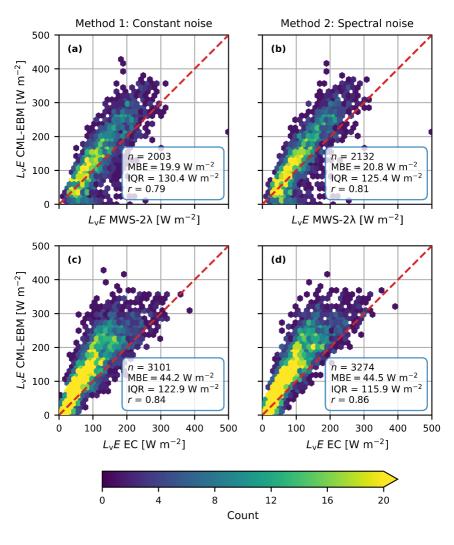


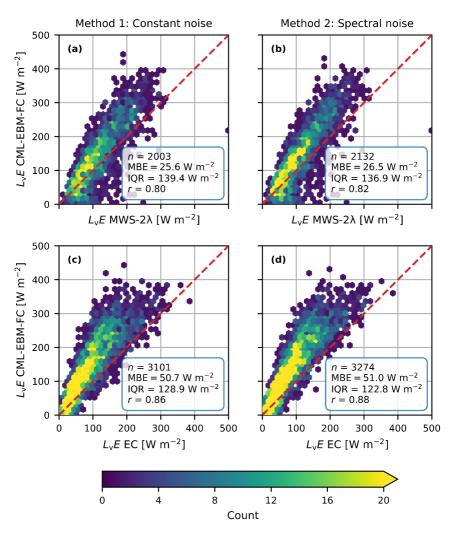
**Fig S1.** 30-min  $L_{\nu}E$  estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the two-wavelength method together with the complete scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



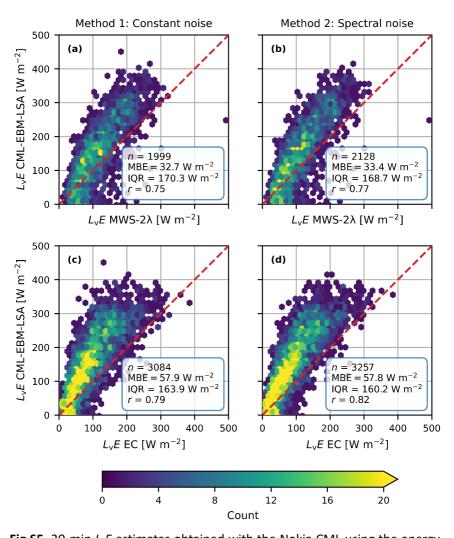
**Fig S2.** 30-min  $L_{\nu}E$  estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the two-wavelength method together with the free-convection scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



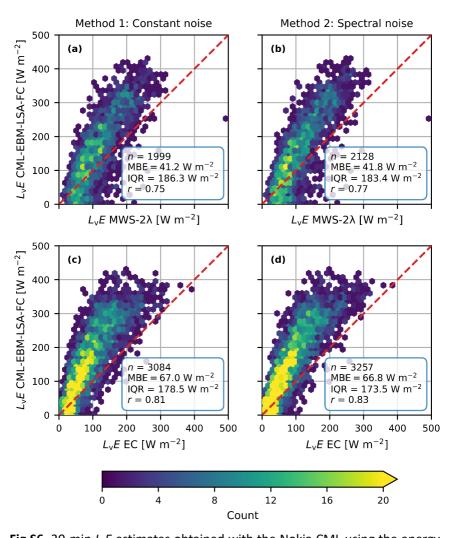
**Fig S3**. 30-min  $L_{\nu}E$  estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method together with the complete scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



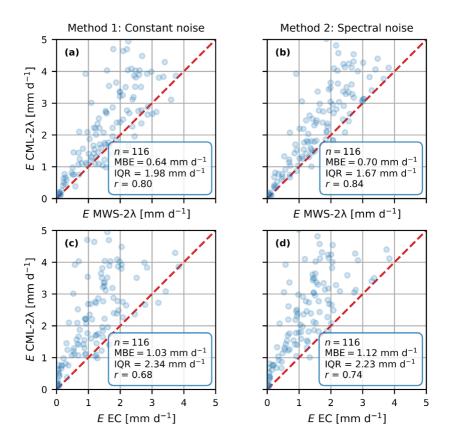
**Fig S4.** 30-min  $L_{\nu}E$  estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method together with the free-convection scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



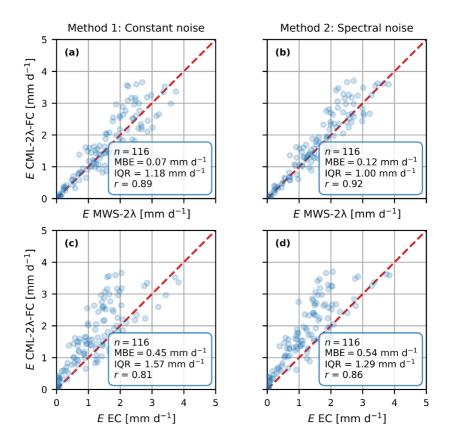
**Fig S5**. 30-min  $L_vE$  estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method based on LSA SAF radiation estimates together with the complete scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



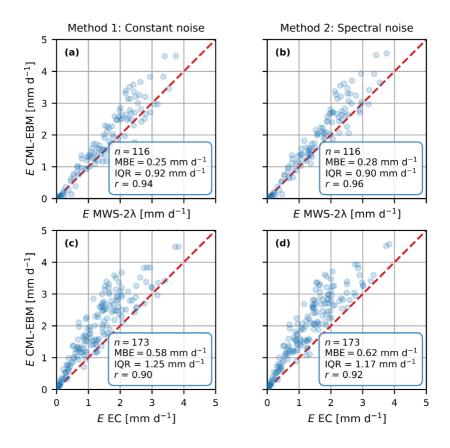
**Fig S6.** 30-min  $L_vE$  estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method based on LSA SAF radiation estimates together with the free-convection scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



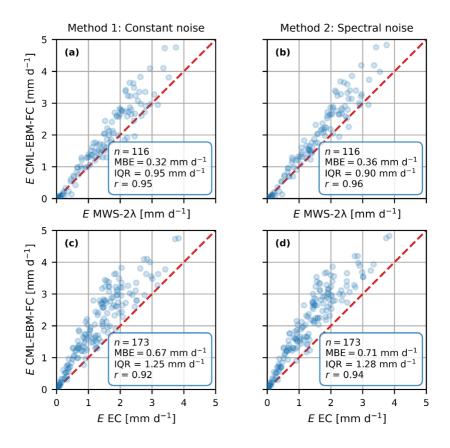
**Fig S7.** Daily *E* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the two-wavelength method together with the complete scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



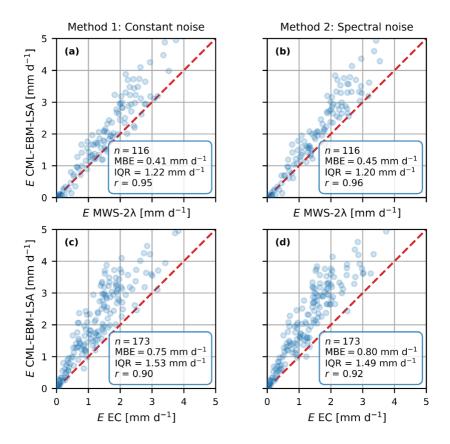
**Fig S8**. Daily *E* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the two-wavelength method together with the free-convection scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



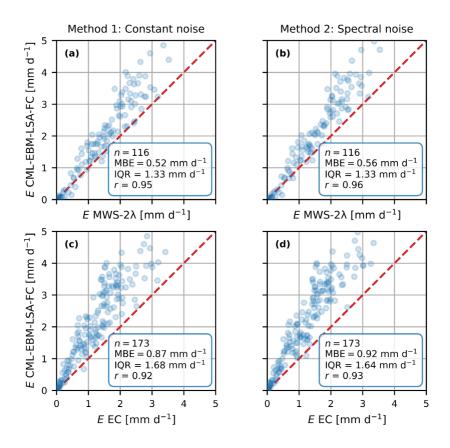
**Fig S9.** Daily *E* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method together with the complete scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



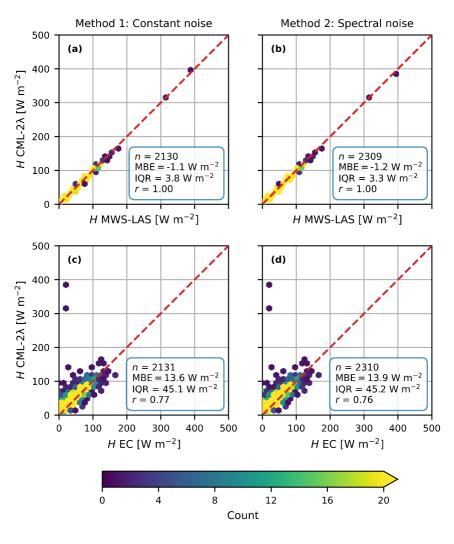
**Fig S10**. Daily *E* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method together with the free-convection scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



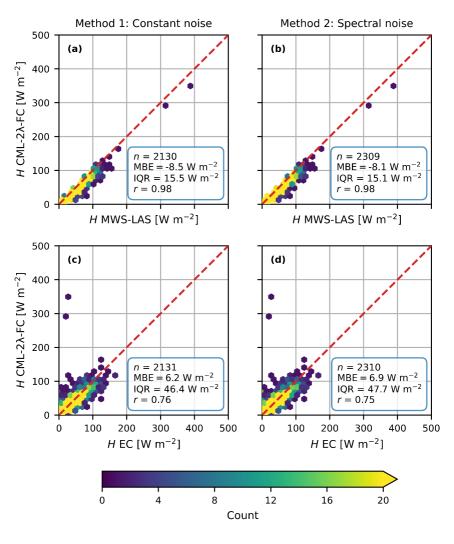
**Fig S11**. Daily *E* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method based on LSA SAF radiation estimates together with the complete scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



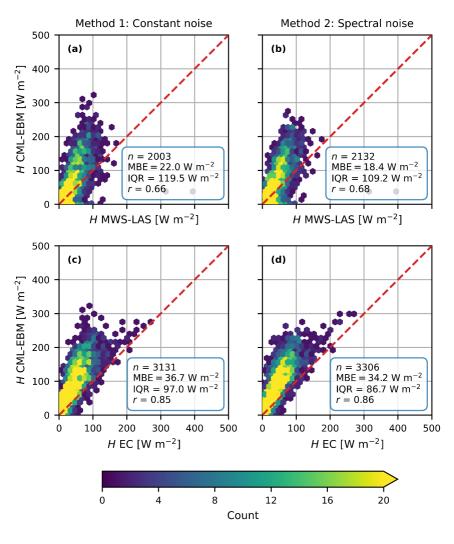
**Fig S12.** Daily *E* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method based on LSA SAF radiation estimates together with the free-convection scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



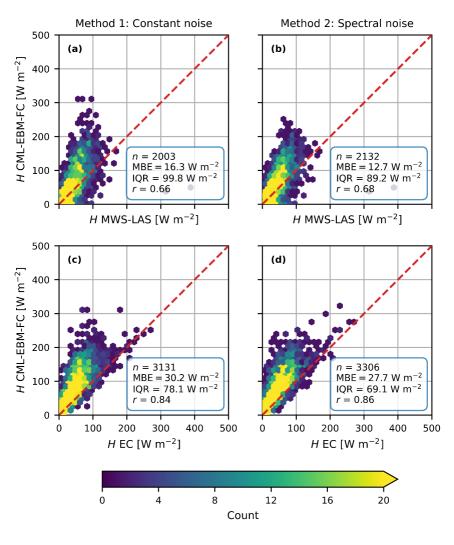
**Fig S13**. 30-min *H* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the two-wavelength method together with the complete scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



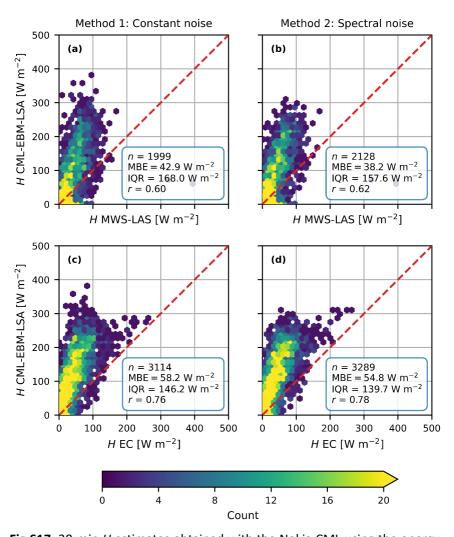
**Fig S14.** 30-min *H* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the two-wavelength method together with the free-convection scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



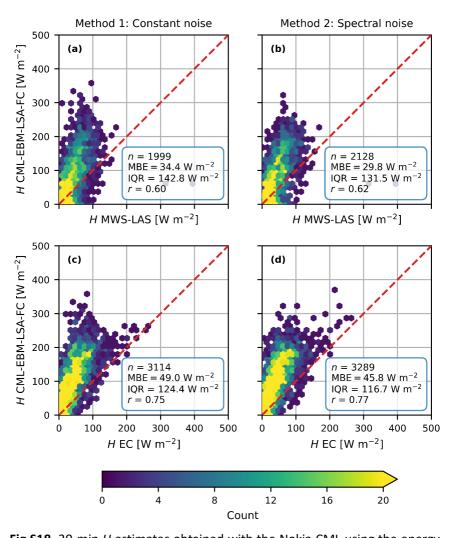
**Fig S15**. 30-min *H* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method together with the complete scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



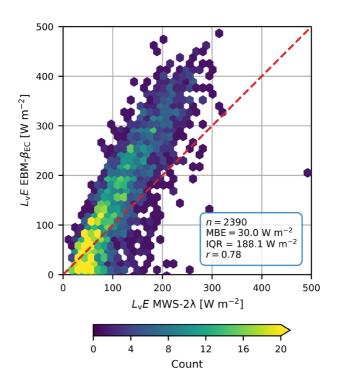
**Fig S16**. 30-min *H* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method together with the free-convection scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



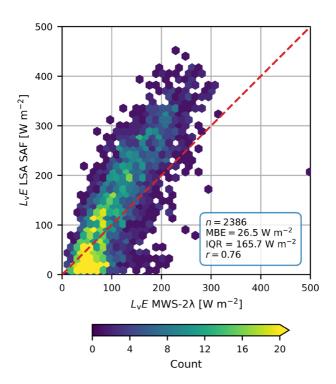
**Fig S17**. 30-min *H* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method based on LSA SAF radiation estimates together with the complete scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



**Fig S18**. 30-min *H* estimates obtained with the Nokia CML using the energy-balance method based on LSA SAF radiation estimates together with the free-convection scaling for the entire study period, post-processed with the constant noise correction method (a and c) and spectral noise correction method (b and d) versus the MWS-LAS (a and b) and the EC (c and d) estimates. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



**Fig S19**. 30-min  $L_v E$  estimates obtained using measured available energy  $(R_{\text{net}} - G)$  and the Bowen ratio obtained from the EC, i.e.,  $(R_{\text{net}} - G)/(1+\beta)$ , versus the MWS-2 $\lambda$  used for Fig. 6. The used Bowen ratio is the median ratio for the full data period (excluding nighttime intervals). The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.



**Fig S20**. 30-min  $L_{\nu}E$  estimates directly obtained from LSA SAF versus the MWS-2 $\lambda$  used for Fig. 6. The dashed red line is the 1:1 line.