Supplementary Material

Unifying framework for assessing sensitivity of marine calcifiers to ocean alkalinity enhancement identifies potential winners, losers and biological thresholds - importance of precautionary principle

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Supplementary Table 1: Regression analyses with fitted second-order polynomial equation exploring TA:DIC and Ω_{ar} correlation over the 0-50 using various regional datasets and global GLODAP datasets. Shown are the coefficients for the second-order polynomial equation (see also Fig. 1), as well as goodness of fit (R2), significance (p), standard error of regression (ser) and number of observations (#).

Region	b1	b2	b3	b4	rsquared	pvalue	ser	#obs
Arctic	66.84	-206.99	199.39	-58.81	0.96	0	0.094	8991
N-Pacific	346.73	-972.25	896.08	-269.98	0.991	0	0.05	6085
C-Pacific	297.07	-817.72	737.24	-215.9	0.99	0	0.063	13101
N-Atlantic	411.4	-1135.05	1030.06	-305.76	0.993	0	0.044	4914
C-Atlantic	166.02	-500.37	483.06	-148.61	0.968	0	0.109	5466
Indian	189.24	-528.16	479.47	-139.8	0.971	0	0.063	3560
Southern	436.42	-1216.31	1116.76	-336.22	0.997	0	0.022	7052
Global	86.94	-254.47	233.73	-65.8	0.99	0	0.095	56138

Supplementary Figure 1: The range of observed pH and DIC and TA values (as represented by the TA:DIC ratio) values and the relationship with the best fitted curve between TA:DIC vs. pH across regional (a-g) and global (h) scales based on the observational GLODAP data set averaged over 0-50 m depth.



Supplementary Figure 2: *Raw experimental data extracted from the OA studies or data bases to which the regression line with prediction error margins was fitted at various additions of alkalinity for the examined species (in alphabetical order). The uncertainty interval indicates four standard deviations. Blue horizontal dotted line indicates reduction of the half of the calcification rate, the red line indicates zero net dissolution (calcification rate is equal to 0; dissolution rate = calcification rate).*











