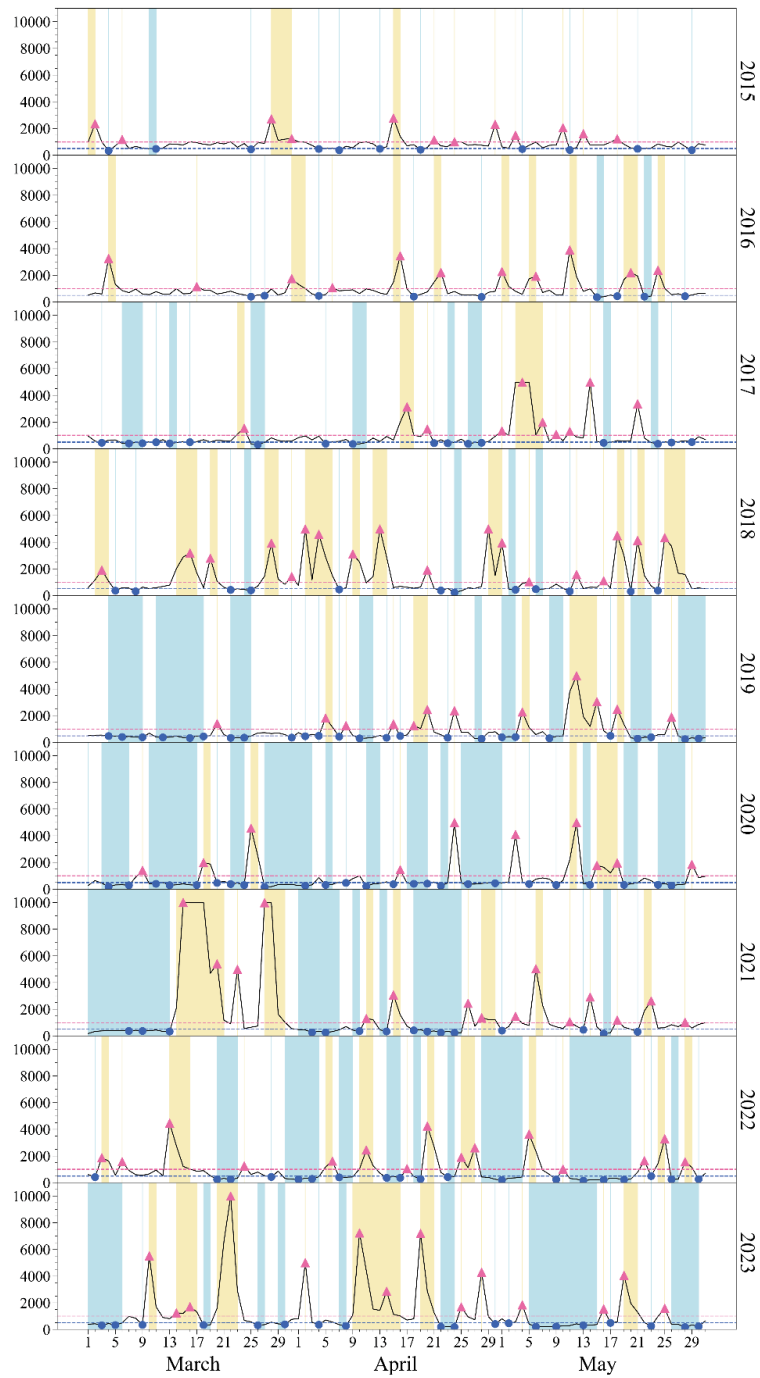


1

2 **Figure S1.** (a) SLP (shading, units: hPa), SAT (contour, units: °C) and UV850 (vectors, units:
 3 m s⁻¹) on 14 March 2023. Panel (b) is the same as (a) but for 22 March 2023. (c) Composite
 4 SLP (shading, units: hPa) and SAT (contour, units: °C) during MC days. Panel (d) is the same
 5 as (c) but for CH days. The green boxes in panel (a)–(d) represent NC.

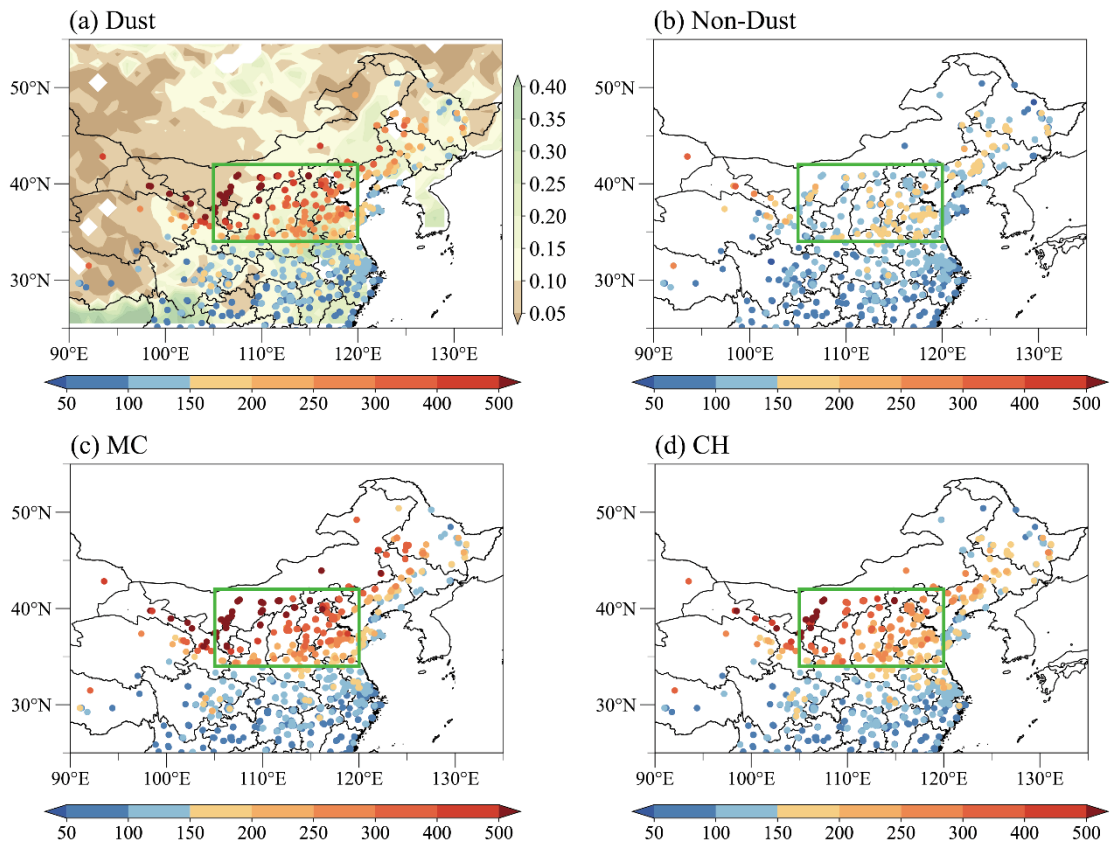
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7

8 **Figure S2.** Variations of observed daily maximum PM₁₀ concentrations (black lines, unit: μg
 9 m^{-3}) over NC in spring from 2015 to 2023. The yellow shadings represent periods of PM₁₀
 10 concentrations exceeding $1000 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$, while the blue shadings represent periods with PM₁₀
 11 concentrations below $500 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$. The pink triangles represent the maximum PM₁₀
 12 concentrations exceeding $1000 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$, while the blue dots represent the minimum PM₁₀
 13 concentrations below $500 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$. Dashed lines (blue and pink) depict threshold values for PM₁₀
 14 concentration at 500 and $1000 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$ respectively.

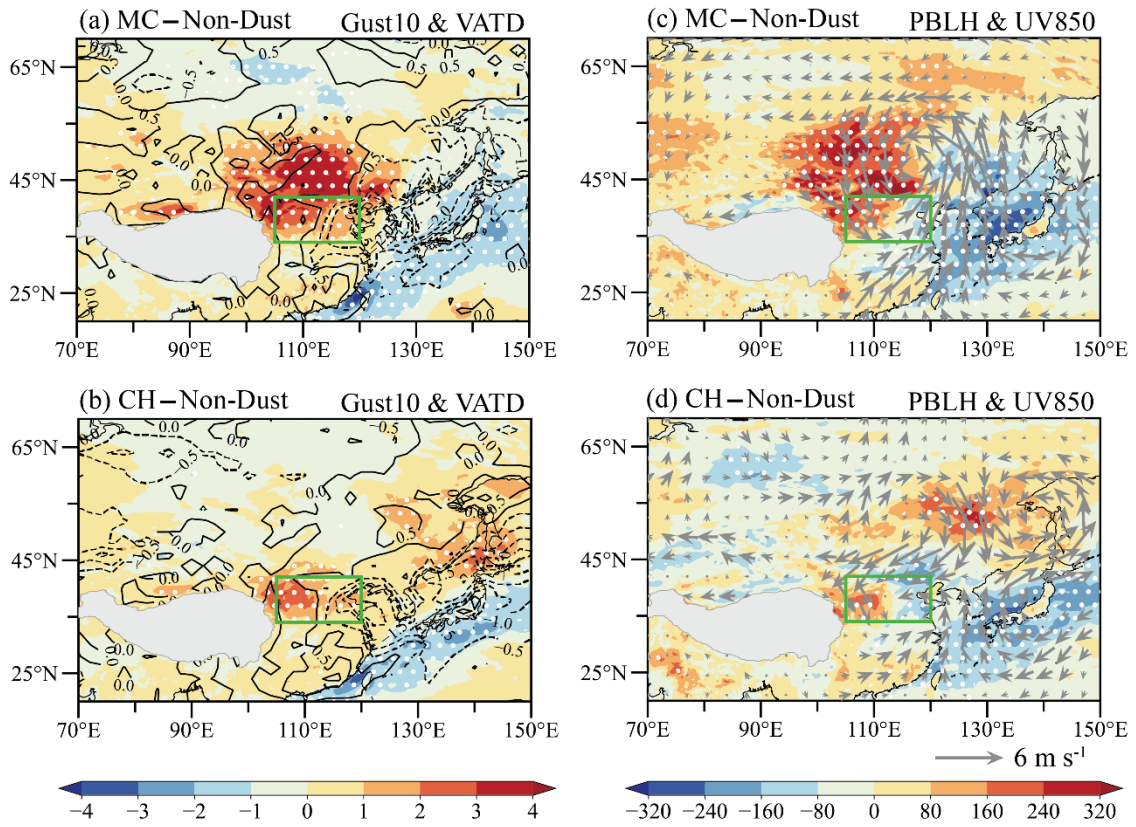
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16

17 **Figure S3.** (a) Composite distribution of observed daily maximum PM_{10} concentrations (scatter,
 18 unit: $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$) during Dust days. Panel (b), (c) and (d) are the same as (a) but for Non-Dust days,
 19 MC days and CH days. The shading in panel (a) indicates NDVI in March 2023. The green
 20 boxes in panel (a)–(d) represent NC.

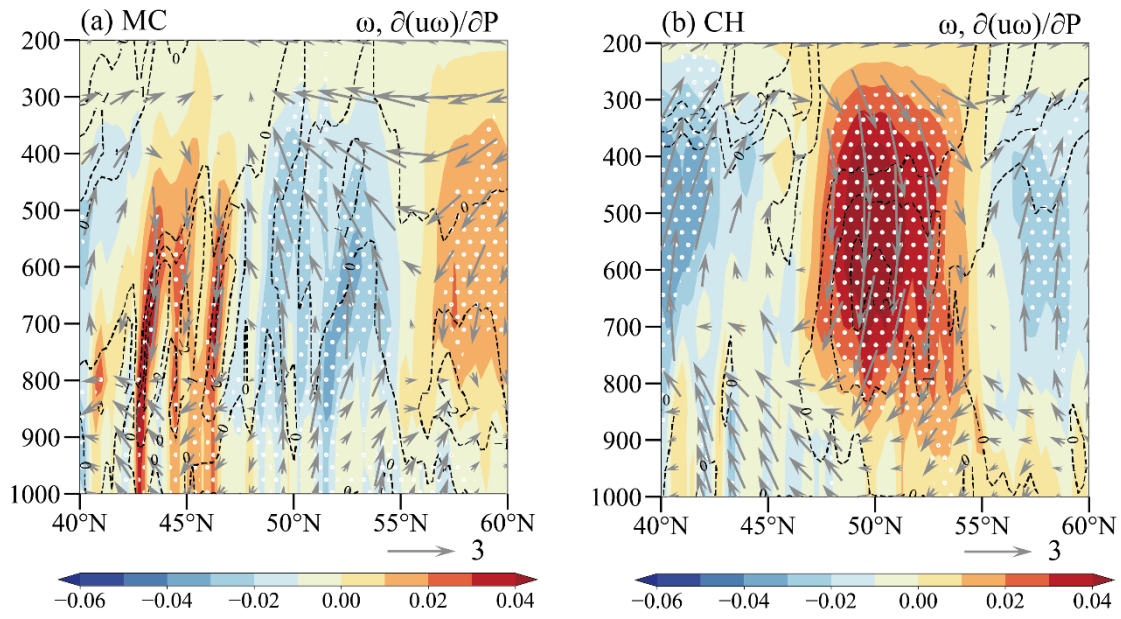
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22

23 **Figure S4.** (a) Composite differences of Gust10 (shading, units: m s^{-1}) and VATD (contour,
 24 units: K) during MC days relative to Non-Dust days. White dots indicate that the differences of
 25 Gust10 exceed the 95% confidence level. Panel (b) is the same as panel (a) but for CH days. (c)
 26 Composite differences of PBLH (shading, units: m) during MC days relative to Non-Dust days
 27 and composite anomalies of UV850 (vectors, units: m s^{-1}). White dots indicate that the
 28 differences of PBLH exceed the 95% confidence level. Panel (d) is the same as panel (c) but
 29 for CH days. The green boxes in panel (a)–(d) represent NC.

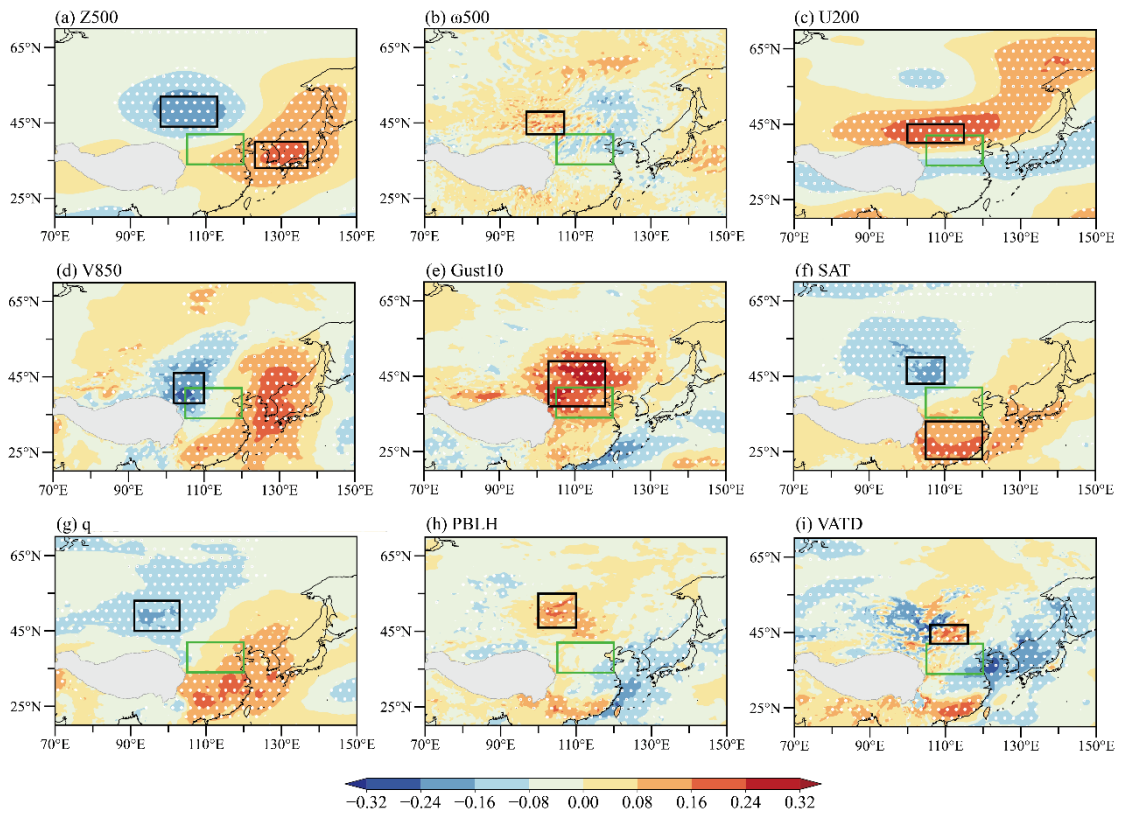
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31

32 **Figure S5.** (a) Composite anomalies of meridional component of the vertical circulation
 33 average over 40–60° N, 90–120° E during MC days. The variables include ω (shading, units:
 34 Pa s⁻¹) and downward transport of westerly momentum (<0 , dashed contour, units: 10⁻³ m s⁻²).
 35 White dots indicate that ω anomalies exceed the 95% confidence level. The vectors represent
 36 ω (magnified 100 times) and zonal wind. Panel (b) is the same as (a) but for CH days.

37



38

39 **Figure S6.** Correlation coefficients of observed daily maximum PM_{10} concentrations over NC
 40 with daily mean (a) Z500, (b) ω_{500} , (c) U200, (d) V850, (e) Gust10, (f) SAT, (g) q, (h) PBLH,
 41 and (i) VATD in spring from 2015 to 2023. White dots indicate that correlation coefficients
 42 exceed the 95% confidence level. The green boxes in panel (a)–(i) represent NC. The black
 43 boxes in panel (a)–(i) represent the regions for calculating the indices respectively (Table 1).

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