Riverine inputs and phytoplankton community composition control nitrate cyling in a coastal lagoon

Mindaugas Zilius[1*], Rūta Barisevičiūtė[2], Stefano Bonaglia[1,3], Isabell Klawonn[4], Elise Lorre[1], Tobia Politi[1,3], Irma Vybernaite-Lubiene[1], Maren Voss[4], and Paul A. Bukaveckas[5]

[1] Marine Research Institute, Klaipeda University, 92294 Klaipeda, Lithuania

[2] State Research Institute, Center for Physical Sciences and Technology, 02300 Vilnius, Lithuania

3 Department of Marine Sciences, University of Gothenburg, Box 461, 405 30 Gothenburg, Sweden

[4] Department of Biological Oceanography, Leibniz Institute for Baltic Sea Research, 18119 Rostock, Germany

[5] Center for Environmental Studies, Virginia Commonwealth University, Richmond, VA 23284, USA

Corresponding author

*Corresponding author:
Mindaugas Zilius
Marine Research Institute of Klaipeda University,
Universiteto al. 17, 92294 Klaipeda, Lithuania.
E-mail.: mindaugas.zilius@ku.lt
Tel.: +370 46 398818

Suplementary Material
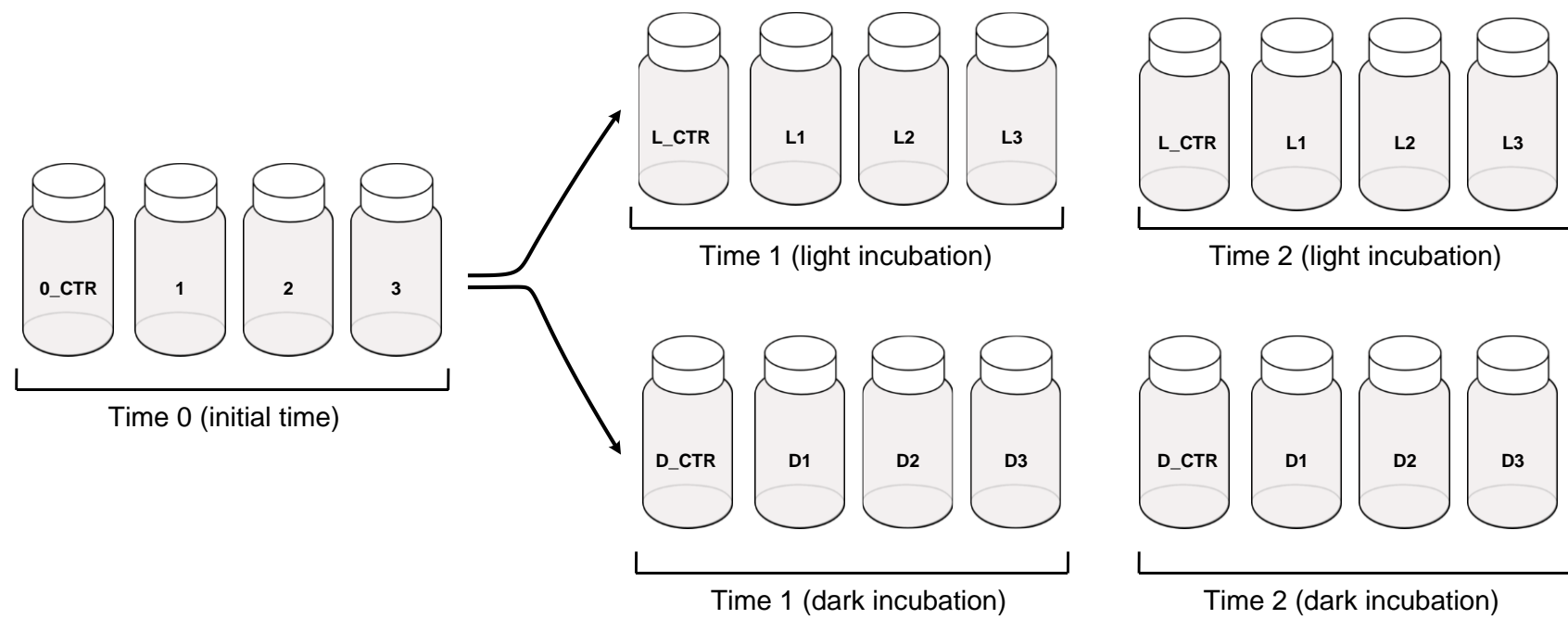
Fig. S1. Scheme of the experimental design to measure simultaneous pelagic NO_3^- uptake and C-fixation under light (L) and dark (D) conditions. The design included three time points and labelled ^{15}N and ^{13}C labelled botlles (1–3). Additionally, unlabeled control (CTR) sample bottles were included for each time point.