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1 S1. Detection of inorganic ions in PM_{2.5} extracts

60 The main cations of sodium (Na^+), ammonium (NH_4^+), potassium (K^+), magnesium (Mg^{2+}), and calcium (Ca^{2+}), along with the main anions of fluoride (F^-), chloride (Cl^-), nitrate (NO_3^-), and sulfate (SO_4^{2-}) were detected using ion chromatography (IC) system (Dionex ICS-1100, Thermo Fisher Scientific). Separation of the cations was achieved using a Dionex IonPac CS12A analytical column (4×250 mm) equipped with a Dionex IonPac CG12A guard column (4×50 mm). Separation of the anions was achieved using a Dionex IonPac AS18 analytical column (4×250 mm) equipped with a Dionex IonPac AG18
65 guard column (4×50 mm) were used. 31 mM methanesulfonic acid (MSA) and 20 mM potassium hydroxide (KOH) were used as the eluents for the separations of cations and anions, respectively, and both were delivered at a flow rate of 1 mL min⁻¹.

2 S2. Determination of absolute spectral irradiance of 12 UVA lamps

An Ocean Optics USB-4000 UV-Vis spectrometer was used to record the relative spectral irradiance, and the photolysis rate of the chemical actinometer, 2-NB (10 μM), to quantify the absolute irradiance. The decay rates of 2-NB measured throughout
70 this study were consistent ($0.0114 \pm 0.0002 \text{ s}^{-1}$), which indicated that the irradiance intensity of the light source was stable in the course of experiments. The absolute spectral irradiance ($I_{abs}(\lambda)$, mol-photons $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ nm}^{-1}$) was calculated using the following equation

$$I_{abs}(\lambda) = \gamma I_{rel}(\lambda) \quad (1)$$

where the relative irradiance $I_{rel}(\lambda)$ at each wavelength was recorded using a UV-Vis spectrometer (USB-4000, Ocean Optics),
75 and the scaling factor γ was calculated using the following equation:

$$\gamma = \frac{k_{2-\text{NB}}}{\ln(10) \times (10^3 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ L}^{-1} \times 1 \text{ mol / N}_A \text{ molecules}) \times \sum I_{rel}(\lambda) \times \delta\lambda \times \epsilon_{2-\text{NB}}(\lambda) \times \Phi_{2-\text{NB}}} \quad (2)$$

where $k_{2-\text{NB}}$ is the first-order rate constant of 2-NB photolysis, $\ln(10)$ is the conversion factor from natural logarithms to common logarithms, $\delta\lambda$ is wavelength interval (1 nm), $\epsilon_{2-\text{NB}}(\lambda)$ is the wavelength-dependent decadic molar absorptivity of 2-NB (Galbavy et al., 2010), and $\Phi_{2-\text{NB}}$ is the wavelength-independent photolysis quantum yield (0.41) of 2-NB (Galbavy et al.,
80 2010). The photolysis of 2-NB was monitored using ultra-high performance liquid chromatography (UPLC, Water ACQUITY H-Class) equipped with a photodiode-array detector (PDA) with a detection wavelength at 225 nm. Separation of 2-NB was performed using Kinetex Polar C18 column (2.6 μm , 100 \times 2.6 mm) kept at room temperature.

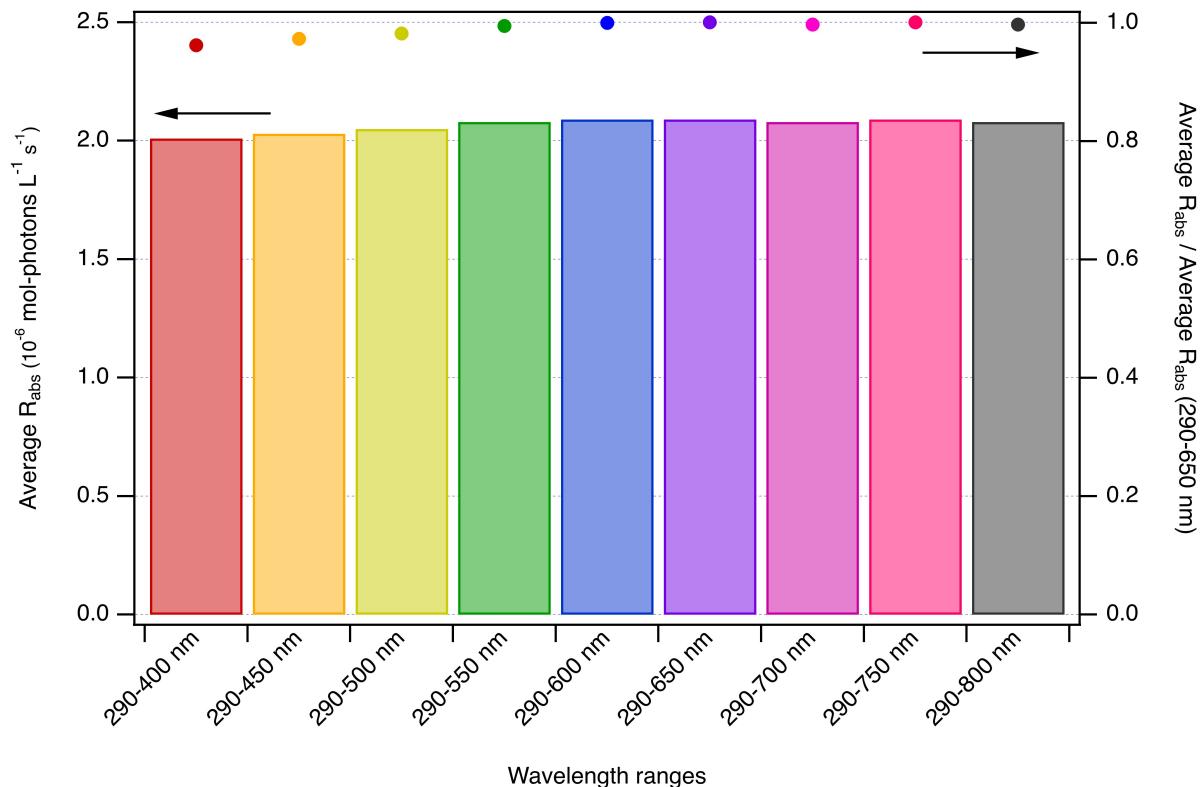


Figure S1. Comparison of the wavelength ranges for R_{abs} calculations for all the extracts. The right axis shows the percentages of R_{abs} integrated over a specific wavelength range with reference to R_{abs} integrated over the wavelength range of 290-600 nm.

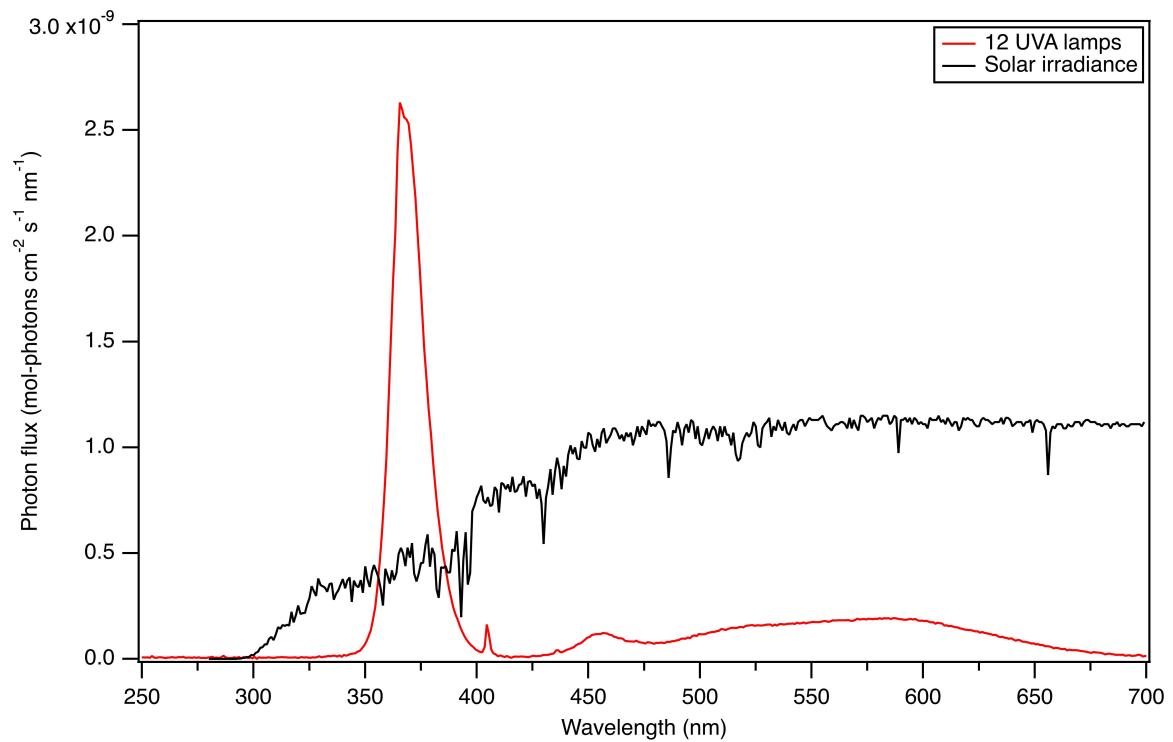


Figure S2. Absolute irradiance of 12 UVA lamps used in photochemical experiments, and comparison with solar irradiance at Hong Kong on summer solstice at noon (21/06/2021).

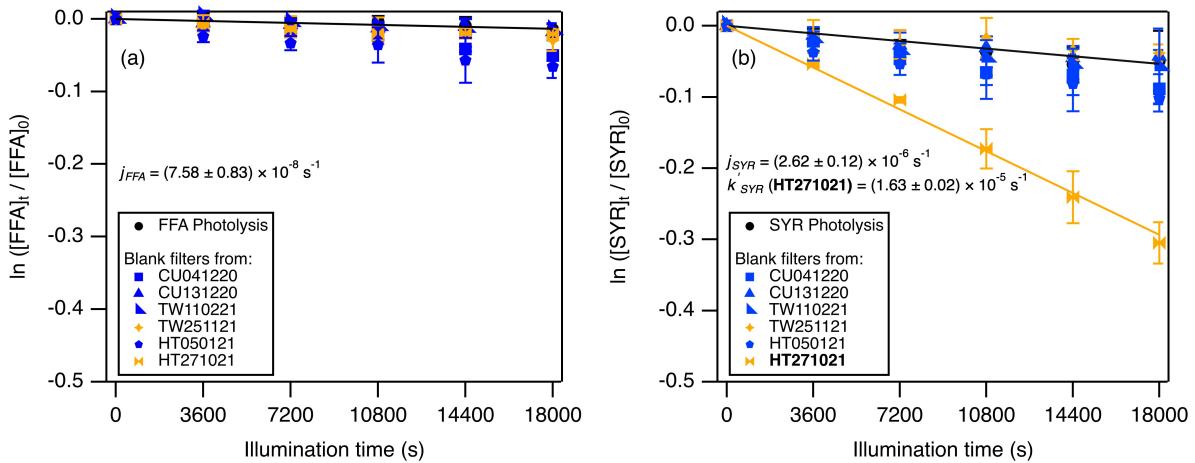


Figure S3. Direct photolysis and degradation of FFA and SYR in the extracts of six field blank filters collected concurrently with corresponding PM_{2.5} filters during fall and winter seasons. Error bars indicate one standard deviation from triplicate experiments performed on different days. Although SYR showed obvious degradation in the extract of the HT271021 blank filter, the decay rate constant (k'_{SYR}) comprised a small fraction (less than 5 %) of the measured decay rate constants for the extracts of the corresponding PM_{2.5} sample (Figures S4 and S5).

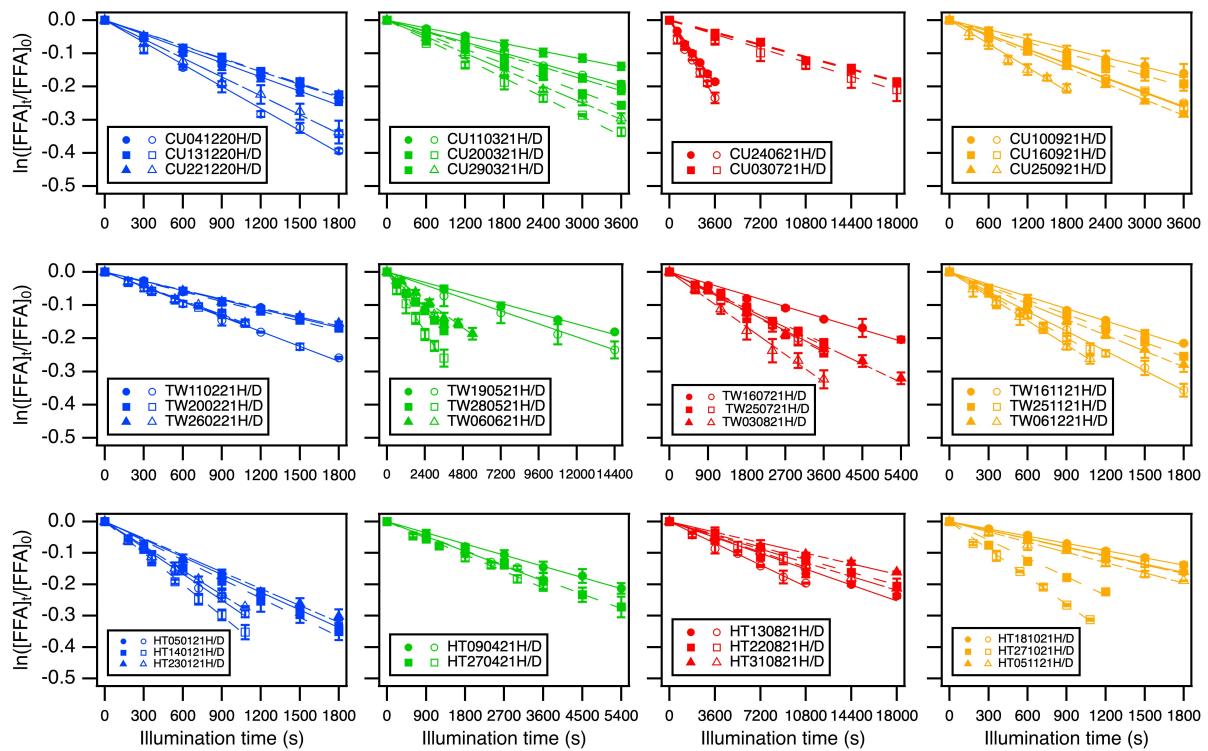


Figure S4. Pseudo first-order degradation kinetics of FFA in pure H_2O (filled symbols) and 1:1 H_2O/D_2O (empty symbols) experiments for the extracts. Blue, green, red, and orange symbols denote the winter, spring, summer, and fall samples. Error bars indicate one standard deviation from triplicate experiments performed on different days.

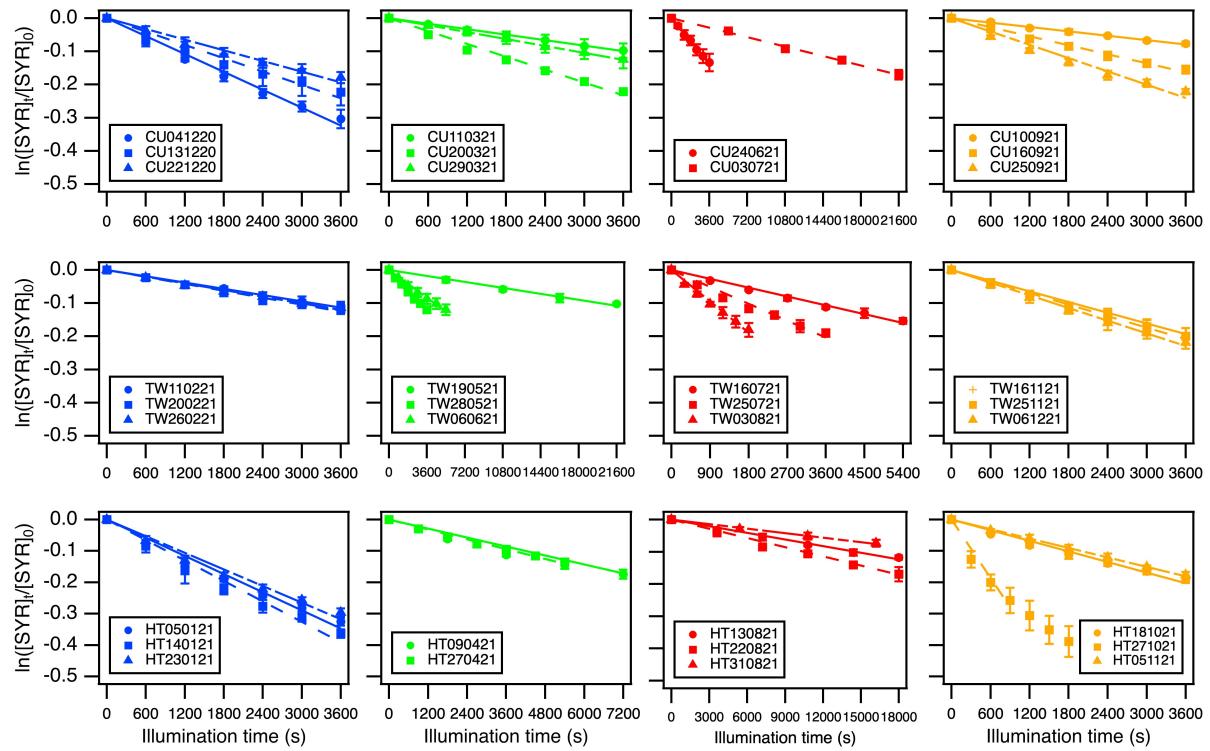


Figure S5. Pseudo first-order degradation kinetics of SYR in photochemical experiments for the extracts. Blue, green, red, and orange symbols denote the winter, spring, summer, and fall samples. Error bars indicated one standard deviation from triplicate experiments performed on different days. Initial fit was applied to sample HT271021 due to photobleaching.

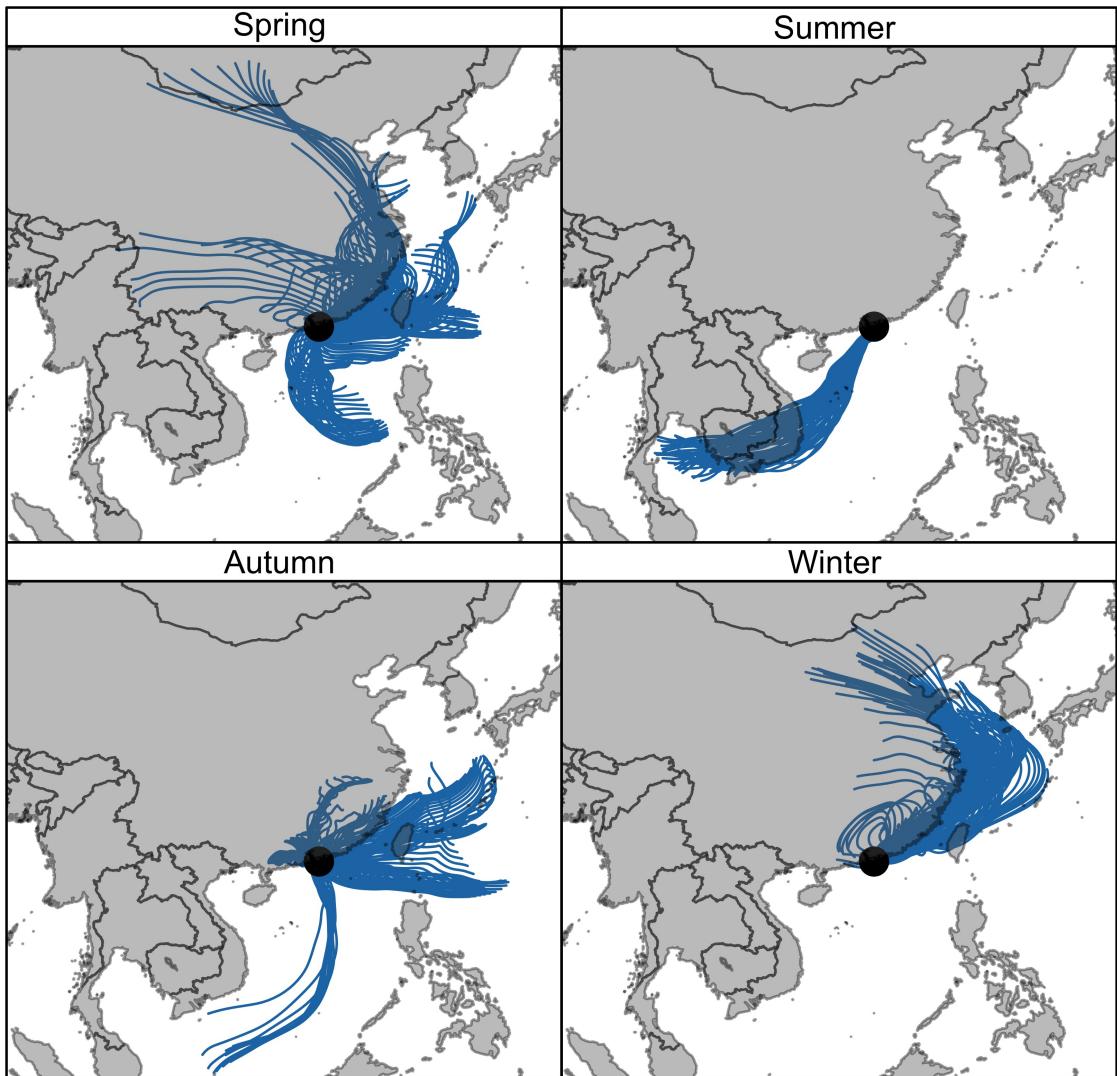


Figure S6. The 72-h backward trajectories arriving at CU ($22^{\circ}20'05''\text{N}$, $114^{\circ}10'23''\text{E}$) at an elevation of 500 m.

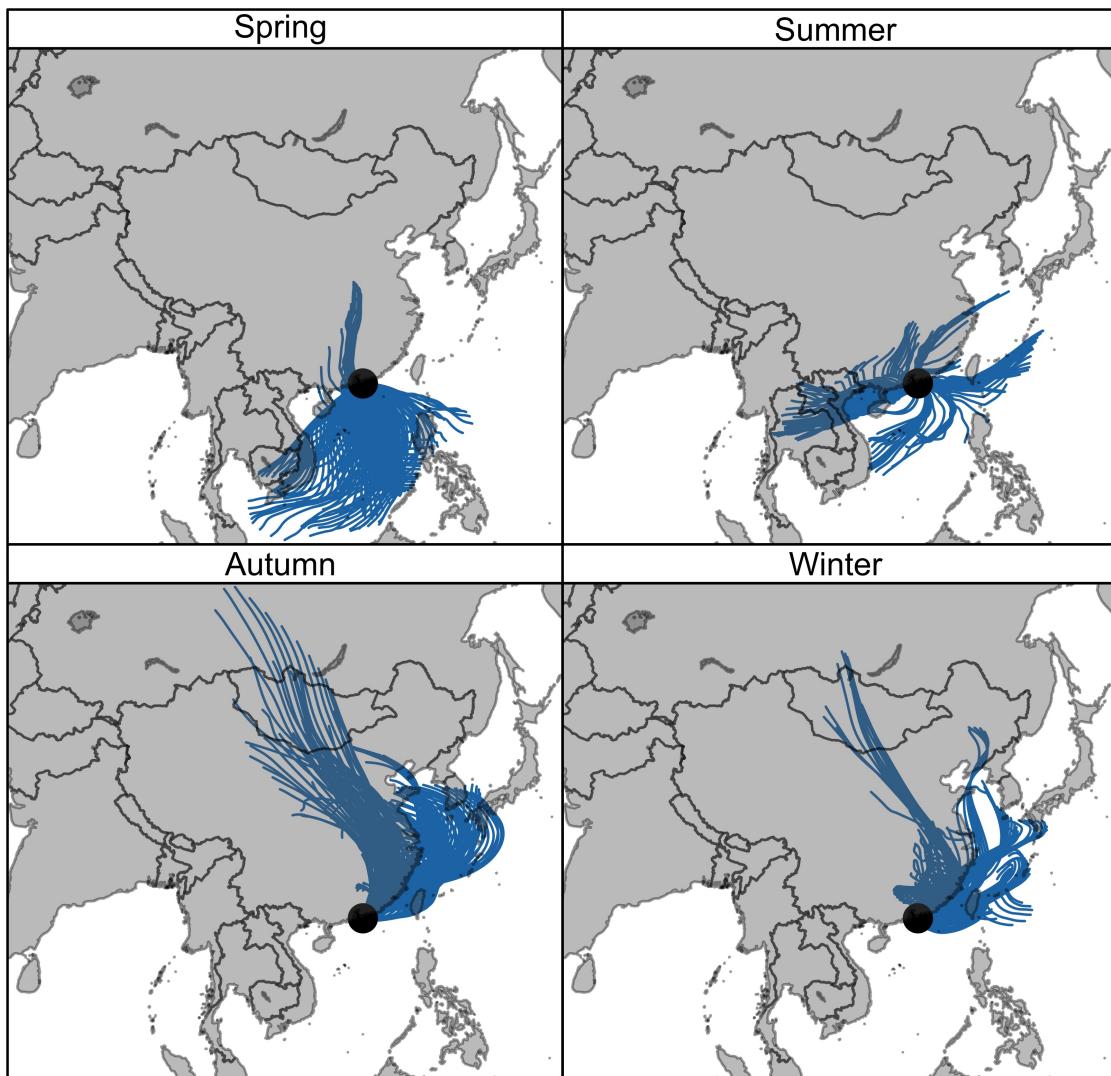


Figure S7. The 72-h backward trajectories arriving at TW ($22^{\circ}20'17''\text{N}$, $114^{\circ}06'52''\text{E}$) at an elevation of 500 m.

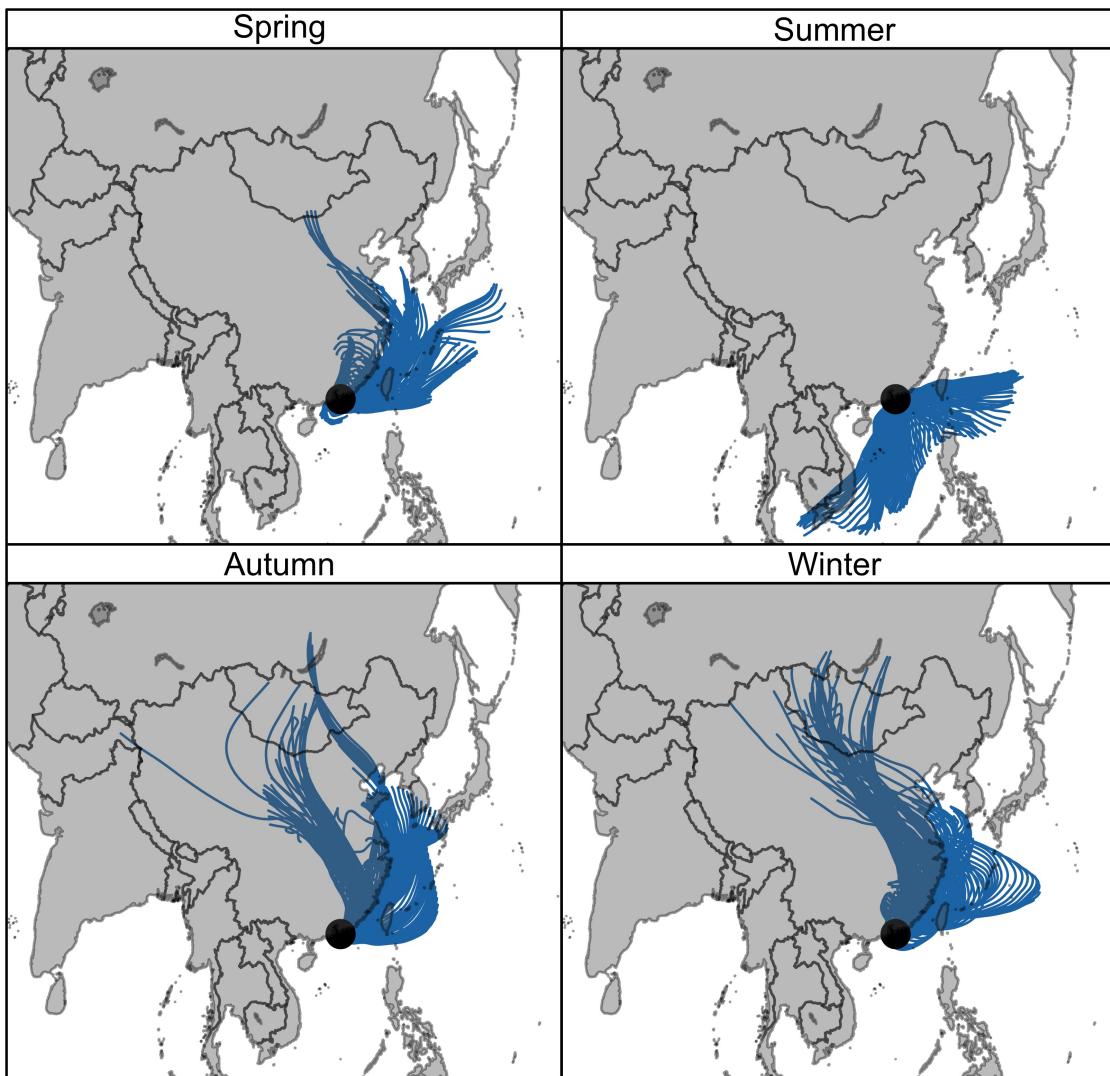


Figure S8. The 72-h backward trajectories arriving at HT ($22^{\circ}12'33''\text{N}$, $114^{\circ}15'12''\text{E}$) at an elevation of 500 m.

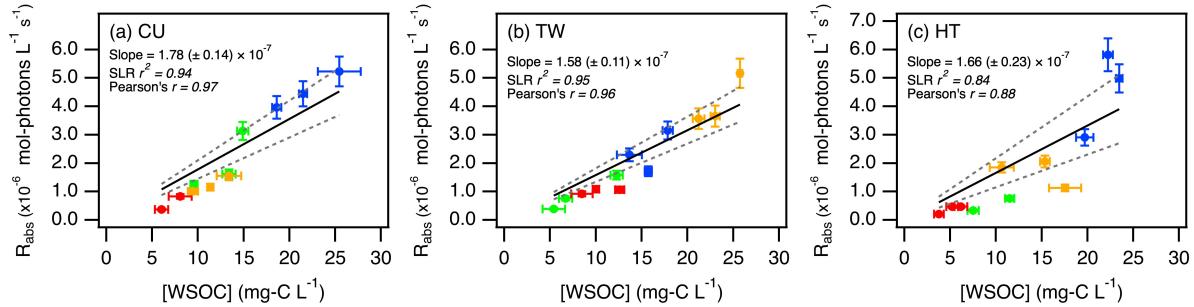


Figure S9. Correlation plots of the light absorption rates (R_{abs}) and the WSOC concentrations ($[\text{WSOC}]$) for CU, TW, and HT extracts, respectively. Blue, green, red, and orange symbols denote the winter, spring, summer, and fall samples. Dashed lines represent 95 % confidence bands. SLR r^2 and Pearson's r are the coefficient of determination of simple linear regression and Pearson correlation coefficient, respectively.

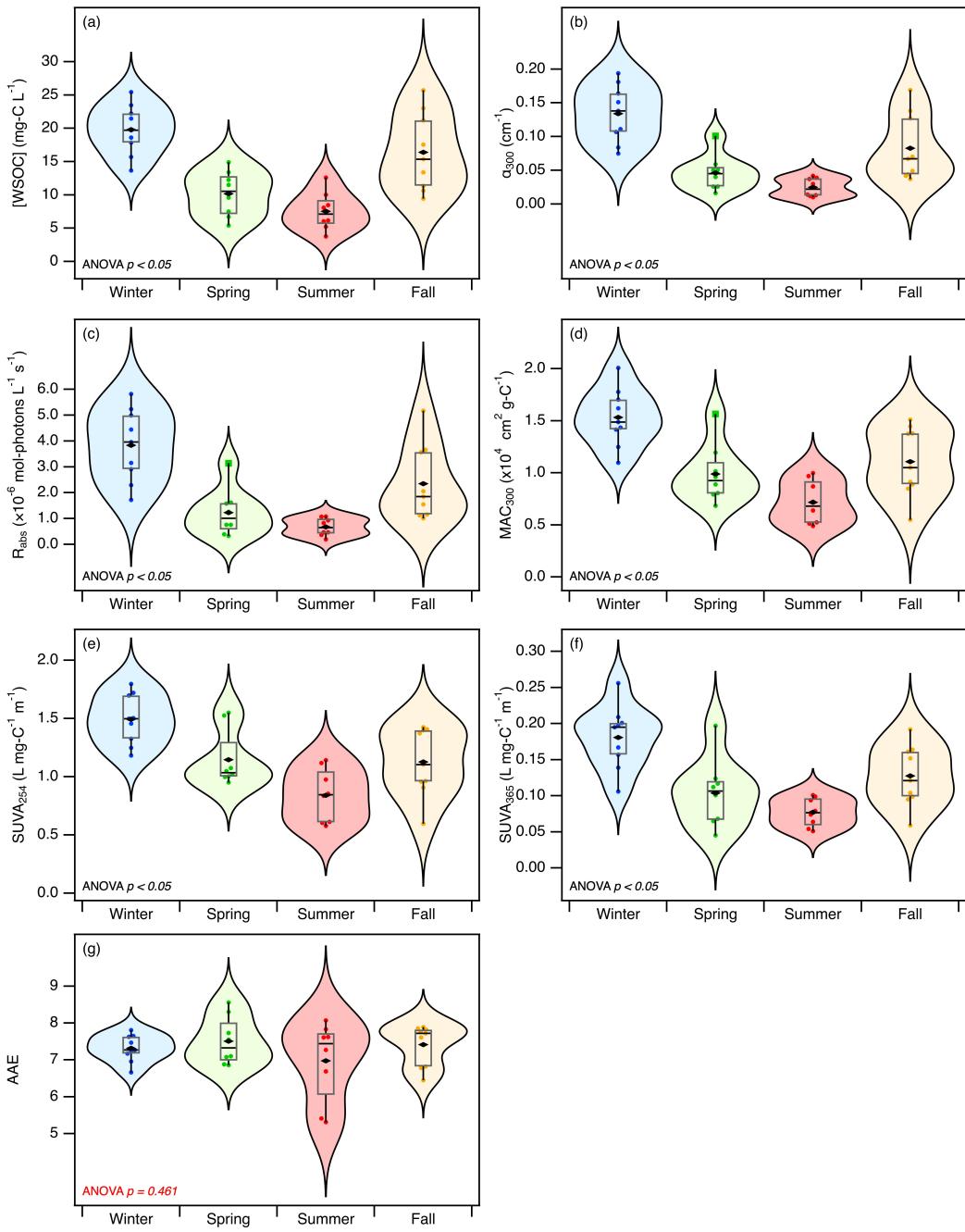


Figure S10. Violin plots showing the seasonal variations of optical parameters for the extracts. For the box plots, the squares indicate "far out outliers" and the triangles indicate outliers identified by Tukey's fences, the whiskers denote the minimum and maximum values, the boxes denote the 25th and 75th percentile values, black diamonds indicate the mean values, and the boxes' midline denote the median values.

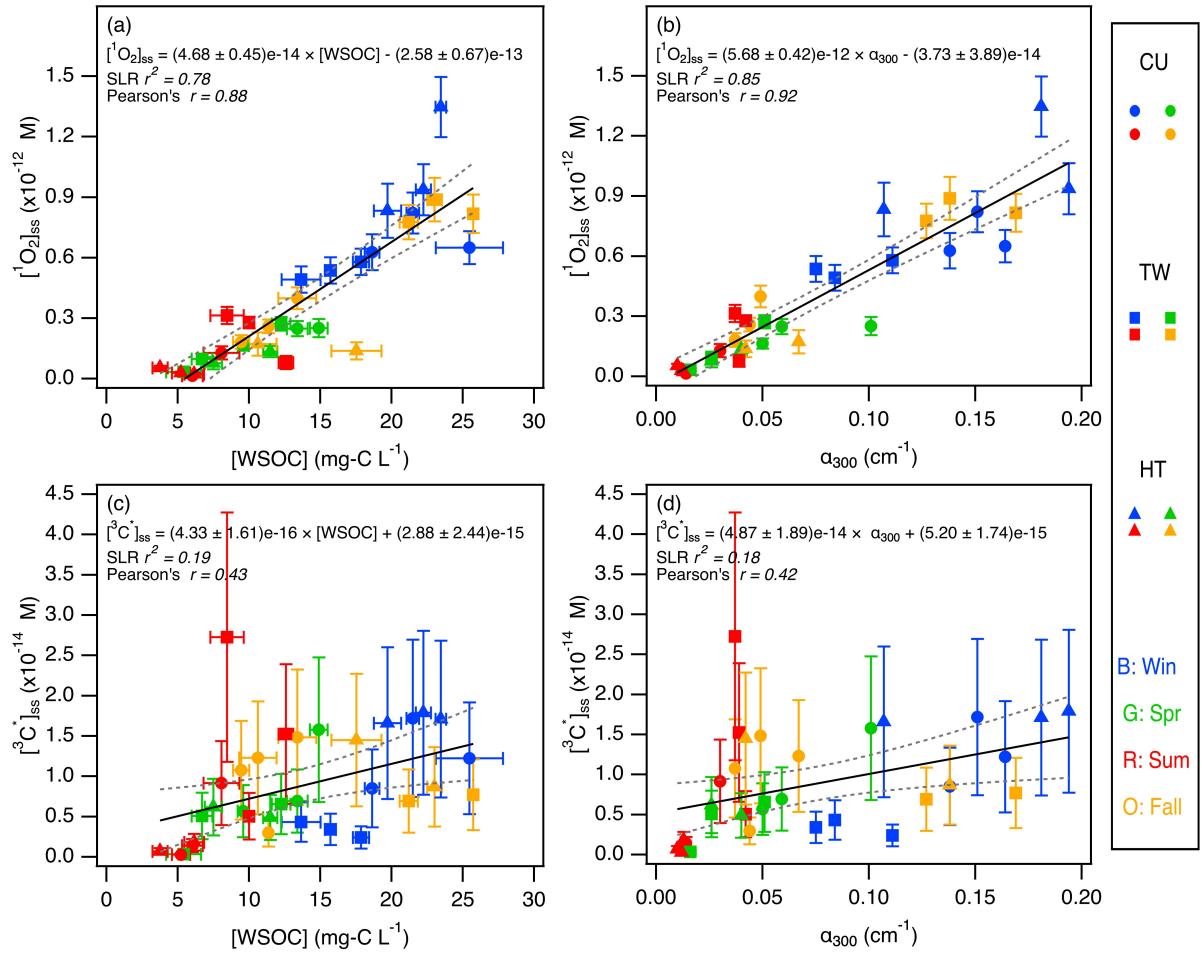


Figure S11. (a and b) $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ and (c and d) $[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}}$ as a function of WSOC concentration and α_{300} . The outlier (HT271021) was excluded. Blue, green, red, and orange symbols denote the winter, spring, summer, and fall samples, respectively. Dashed lines represent 95 % confidence bands. SLR r^2 and Pearson's r are the coefficient of determination of simple linear regression and Pearson correlation coefficient, respectively.

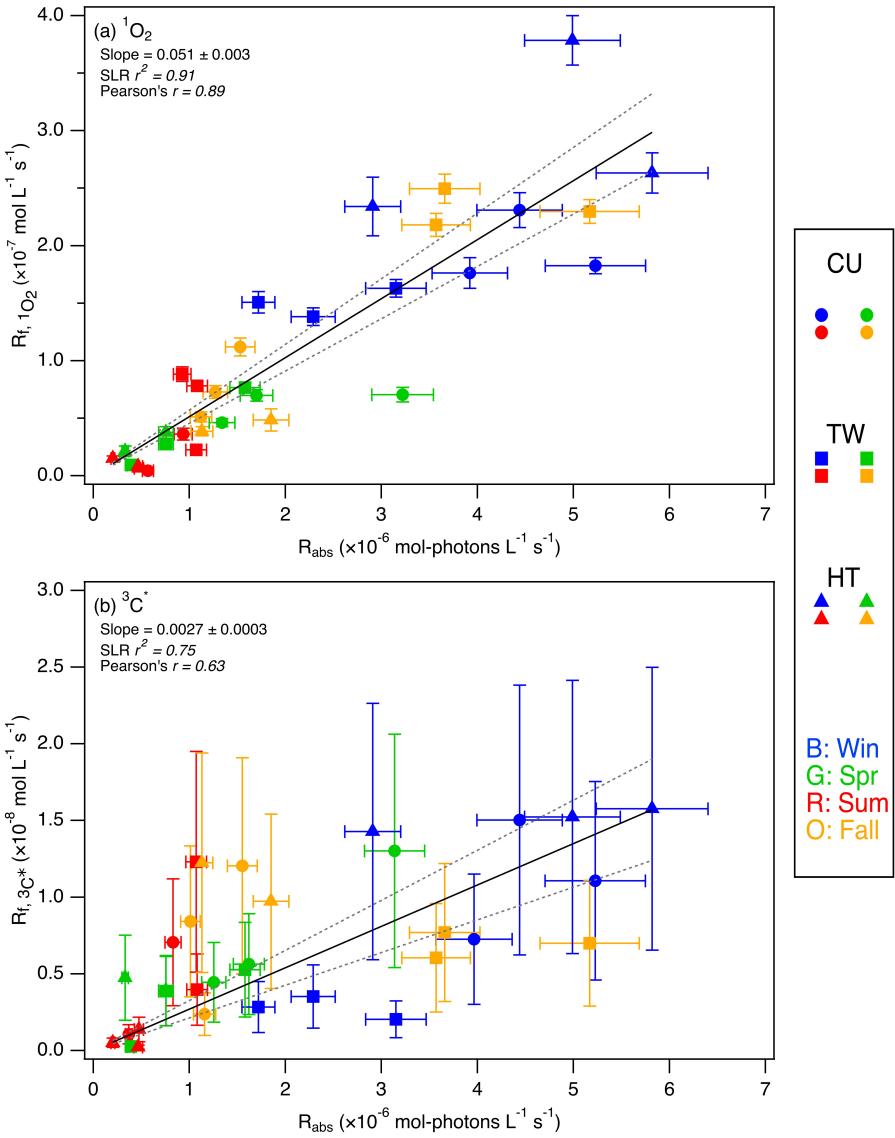


Figure S12. (a) $R_{f,1}\text{O}_2$ and (b) $R_{f,3}\text{C}^*$ as a function of R_{abs} for all three sites. The outlier (HT271021) was excluded. Blue, green, red, and orange symbols denote the winter, spring, summer, and fall samples, respectively. Dashed lines represent 95 % confidence bands. SLR r^2 and Pearson's r are the coefficient of determination of simple linear regression and Pearson correlation coefficient, respectively.

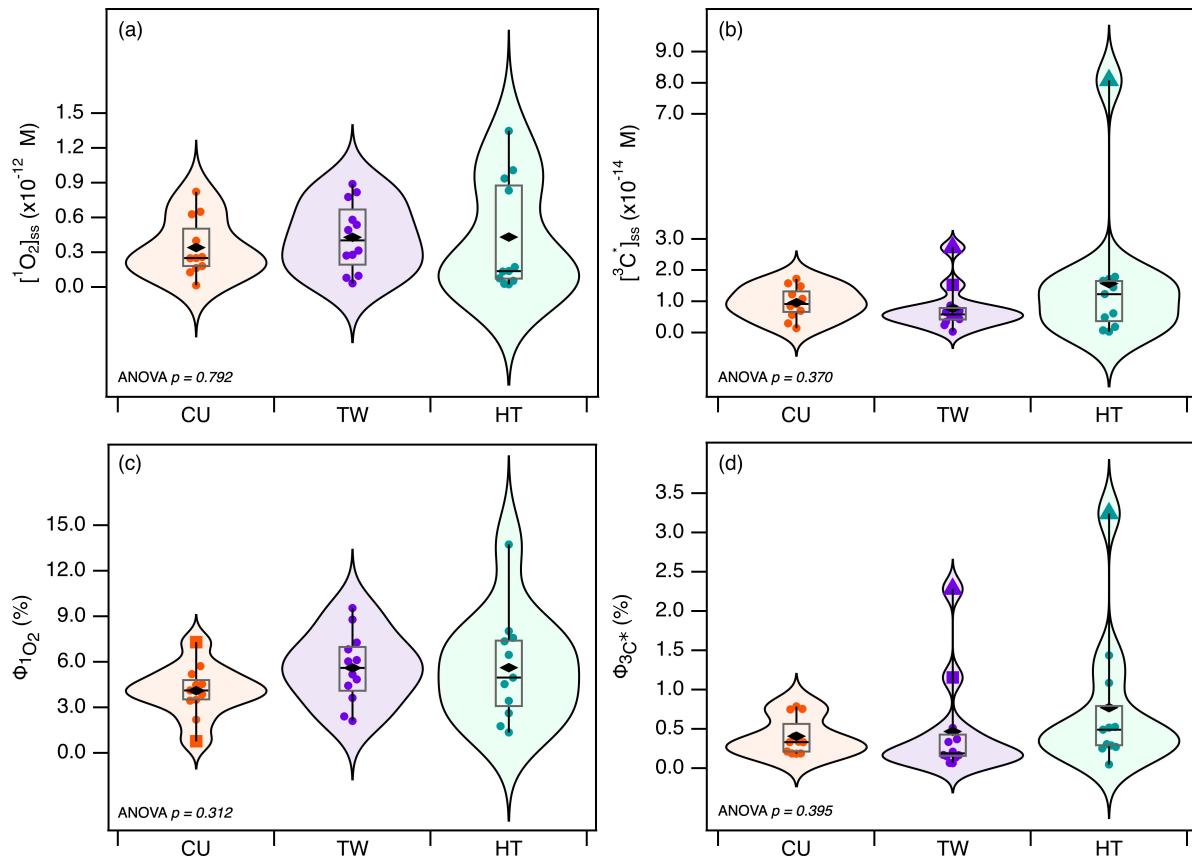


Figure S13. Violin plots showing the site variations of (a) $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{ss}$, (b) $[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{ss}$, (c) $\Phi_{{}^1\text{O}_2}$, and (d) $\Phi_{{}^3\text{C}^*}$. For the box plots, the squares indicate "far out outliers" and the triangles indicate outliers identified by Tukey's fences, the whiskers denote the minimum and maximum values, the boxes denote the 25th and 75th percentile values, black diamonds indicate the mean values, and the boxes' midline denote the median values.

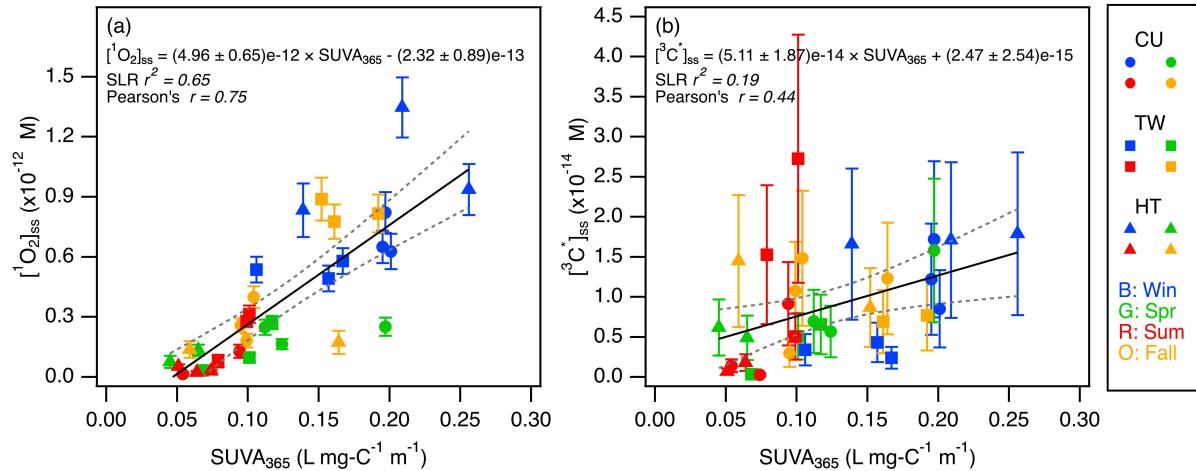


Figure S14. (a) $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ and (b) $[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}}$ as a function of SUVA_{365} . The outlier (HT271021) was excluded. Blue, green, red, and orange symbols denote the winter, spring, summer, and fall samples, respectively. Dashed lines represent 95 % confidence bands. SLR r^2 and Pearson's r are the coefficient of determination of simple linear regression and Pearson correlation coefficient, respectively.

Table S1. List of aggregated extracts for CU, TW, and HT.

Season	CityU			Tsuen Wan			Hok Tsui		
	Sample ID ^a	Total sets ^b	Total days	Sample ID ^a	Total sets ^b	Total days	Sample ID ^a	Total sets ^b	Total days
Winter	CU041220	3	9	TW110221	3	9	HT050121	3	9
	CU131220	3	9	TW200221	2	6	HT140121	3	9
	CU221220	2	6	TW260221	2	6	HT230121	3	9
Spring	CU110321	3	9	TW190521	3	9	HT090421	3	9
	CU200321	3	9	TW280521	3	9	HT270421	2	6
	CU290321	3	9	TW060621	3	9	N.A.		
Summer	CU240621	3	9	TW160721	3	9	HT130821	3	9
	CU030721	3	9	TW250721	3	9	HT220821	3	9
	N.A.			TW030821	3	9	HT310821	3	9
Fall	CU100921	2	6	TW161121	3	9	HT181021	3	9
	CU160921	2	6	TW251121	3	9	HT271021	3	9
	CU250921	3	9	TW061221	3	9	HT051121	3	9

Note: Due to sampler pump malfunction, filters were not collected at the CU site from 18 June 2020 to 24 June 2020 and at the HT site from 18 April 2020 to 27 April 2020.

a. Sample ID was defined as sampling site followed by sampling start date (DD-MM-YY)

b. Each sample set was collected continuously for 72 hours.

Table S2. Concentrations of WSOC and inorganic ions in the extracts. The values were converted to mass concentrations in air ($\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$).

Sample ID	[WSOC] ^a mg-C L ⁻¹	[WSOC] $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	[Na ⁺] $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	[NH ₄ ⁺] $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	[K ⁺] $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	[Mg ²⁺] $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	[Ca ²⁺] $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	[F ⁻] $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	[Cl ⁻] $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	[NO ₃ ⁻] $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$	[SO ₄ ²⁻] $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$
CU041220	21.484	2.665	0.166	1.525	2.169	0.036	0.543	0.024	1.452	2.112	5.428
CU131220	25.461	3.158	0.411	0.943	1.791	0.021	0.376	0	2.326	1.477	3.415
CU221220	18.626	2.310	0.459	1.083	1.467	0.054	0.477	0.027	1.028	1.908	4.003
CU110321	9.585	1.189	0.484	0.795	N.A.	0	0.117	0.016	N.A.	0.491	3.286
CU200321	14.895	1.848	0.474	0.966	N.A.	0.036	0.444	0.016	N.A.	0.888	4.492
CU290321	13.386	1.660	0.391	1.032	3.881	0.001	0.147	0	2.971	0.362	4.306
CU240621	8.064	1.000	0.510	0.229	3.986	0.060	0.221	0.026	3.073	0.250	2.076
CU030721	6.030	0.748	0.420	0.191	2.530	0.048	0.188	0	0.201	0.279	1.209
CU100921	11.366	1.410	0.242	0.522	5.024	0.002	0.169	0.052	3.941	0.237	2.174
CU160921	9.447	1.172	0.206	0.498	2.545	0.296	0.122	0.036	1.897	0.124	2.016
CU250921	13.395	1.662	0.434	1.409	2.078	0.047	0.140	0.013	1.533	0.263	6.047
TW110221	17.848	2.214	0.244	0.833	4.371	0.090	0.177	0.050	2.577	0.740	4.082
TW200221	13.657	1.694	0.361	0.920	2.272	0.060	0.227	0	1.626	0.578	3.974
TW260221	15.711	1.949	0.407	0.776	N.A.	0.039	0.168	0.017	N.A.	0.844	2.765
TW190521	5.409	0.671	0.355	0.208	3.040	0.040	0.160	0.018	2.478	0.318	1.403
TW280521	12.255	1.520	0.335	0.404	1.909	0.001	0.275	0.040	1.420	0.248	2.066
TW060621	6.698	0.831	0.347	0.328	N.A.	0.022	0.109	0.029	N.A.	0.230	1.678
TW160721	10.005	1.241	0.246	0.463	3.440	0.002	0.159	0.029	N.A.	0.236	1.680
TW250721	12.594	1.562	0.215	0.602	1.314	0.037	0.138	0.018	0.912	0.085	2.534
TW030821	8.466	1.050	0.284	0.655	1.984	0.040	0.090	0.029	1.424	0.164	2.686
TW161121	21.204	2.630	0.262	0.970	2.072	0.045	0.279	0.024	1.425	0.809	3.621
TW251121	25.727	3.191	0.234	0.875	1.873	0.057	0.728	0.064	1.301	0.932	3.186
TW061221	23.018	2.855	0.402	1.205	2.998	0.056	0.329	0.028	2.199	1.691	4.322
HT050121	22.240	2.759	0.452	1.223	1.291	0.001	0.449	0	0.981	2.983	3.510
HT140121	23.463	2.910	0.679	1.188	1.745	0.001	0.279	0.019	1.235	2.163	4.677
HT230121	19.715	2.445	0.642	1.065	0.138	0.001	0.092	0.013	0.922	0.702	4.785
HT090421	11.494	1.426	0.469	0.870	1.401	0.001	0.084	0.035	1.072	0.254	3.971
HT270421	7.506	0.931	0.166	0.768	1.862	0.014	0.034	0.037	1.388	0.103	2.658
HT130821	3.755	0.466	0.186	0.249	2.578	0.013	0.039	0.014	1.921	0.074	1.123
HT220821	6.154	0.763	0.191	0.405	1.697	0.016	0.020	0.027	1.270	0.056	1.581
HT310821	5.228	0.649	0.178	0.209	2.819	0.014	0.031	0	2.166	0.067	1.083
HT181021	17.541	2.176	0.296	0.364	0.596	0.041	0.163	0	0.943	0.238	5.726
HT271021	15.350	1.904	0.038	1.061	1.032	0.042	0.041	0.014	0.648	0.105	4.859
HT051121	10.625	1.318	0.409	0.610	1.781	0.001	0.218	0	1.441	0.268	2.349
Average	13.747	1.705	0.341	0.748	1.991	0.036	0.213	0.021	1.405	0.655	3.199
STD	6.346	0.787	0.141	0.369	1.260	0.052	0.163	0.016	0.952	0.732	1.394
CU Avg	13.794	1.711	0.381	0.836	2.316	0.054	0.268	0.019	1.675	0.763	3.496
CU STD	5.965	0.740	0.120	0.440	1.564	0.083	0.160	0.016	1.324	0.730	1.529
TW Avg	14.383	1.784	0.308	0.687	2.106	0.041	0.237	0.029	1.280	0.573	2.833
TW STD	6.506	0.807	0.068	0.296	1.287	0.025	0.171	0.017	0.914	0.461	1.011
HT Avg	13.006	1.613	0.337	0.729	1.540	0.013	0.132	0.014	1.272	0.638	3.302
HT STD	7.049	0.874	0.209	0.381	0.783	0.015	0.135	0.014	0.448	0.991	1.638
ANOVA p =	0.880	0.880	0.468	0.624	0.014	0.159	0.119	0.096	0.096	0.830	0.515
CU Fall+Win	16.630	2.063	0.320	0.997	2.512	0.076	0.305	0.026	2.030	1.020	3.847
CU Sum	7.047	0.874	0.465	0.210	3.258	0.054	0.205	0.013	1.637	0.265	1.643
Ratio	2.36	2.36	0.69	4.75	0.77	1.40	1.49	2.00	1.24	3.85	2.34
TW Fall+Win	19.528	2.422	0.318	0.930	2.717	0.058	0.318	0.030	1.825	0.932	3.658
TW Sum	10.355	1.284	0.248	0.573	2.246	0.027	0.129	0.026	0.779	0.162	2.300
Ratio	1.89	1.89	1.28	1.62	1.21	2.18	2.47	1.18	2.34	5.76	1.59
HT Fall+Win	18.156	2.252	0.419	0.919	1.097	0.014	0.207	0.008	1.029	1.076	4.318
HT Sum	5.046	0.626	0.185	0.288	2.365	0.014	0.030	0.013	1.786	0.066	1.262
Ratio	3.60	3.60	2.27	3.19	0.46	1.00	6.94	0.57	0.58	16.35	3.42

Note: Concentrations were denoted as "N.A." when they could not be determined due to IC issues. One-way ANOVA test was performed on all CU, TW, and HT samples to statistically compare the difference among the three sites.

a. The WSOC concentrations were converted to the same conditions as in the photochemical experiments.

Table S3. Optical characteristics of the extracts.

Sample ID	α_{300} cm $^{-1}$	R $_{abs}$ (290-600 nm) mol-photons L $^{-1}$ s $^{-1}$	MAC $_{300}$ cm 2 g-C $^{-1}$	SUVA $_{254}$ L mg-C $^{-1}$ m $^{-1}$	SUVA $_{365}$ L mg-C $^{-1}$ m $^{-1}$	AAE
CU041220	0.151	4.44×10 $^{-6}$	16192	1.498	0.197	7.23
CU131220	0.164	5.23×10 $^{-6}$	14872	1.327	0.195	6.66
CU221220	0.138	3.96×10 $^{-6}$	17036	1.698	0.201	7.27
CU110321	0.050	1.26×10 $^{-6}$	11953	1.526	0.124	8.30
CU200321	0.101	3.14×10 $^{-6}$	15648	1.550	0.197	7.08
CU290321	0.059	1.62×10 $^{-6}$	10159	1.074	0.112	7.55
CU240621	0.030	0.83×10 $^{-6}$	8698	0.976	0.094	7.62
CU030721	0.014	0.37×10 $^{-6}$	5248	0.613	0.054	6.69
CU100921	0.044	1.16×10 $^{-6}$	8902	0.963	0.095	7.82
CU160921	0.037	1.01×10 $^{-6}$	9118	0.959	0.099	7.77
CU250921	0.049	1.55×10 $^{-6}$	8489	0.907	0.104	6.45
TW110221	0.111	3.15×10 $^{-6}$	14349	1.457	0.167	7.47
TW200221	0.084	2.29×10 $^{-6}$	14163	1.503	0.157	7.63
TW260221	0.075	1.72×10 $^{-6}$	10973	1.183	0.106	6.96
TW190521	0.016	0.39×10 $^{-6}$	6827	0.951	0.068	7.10
TW280521	0.051	1.58×10 $^{-6}$	9605	1.021	0.117	6.86
TW060621	0.026	0.76×10 $^{-6}$	8898	1.003	0.101	6.88
TW160721	0.042	1.08×10 $^{-6}$	9698	1.118	0.099	7.83
TW250721	0.039	1.07×10 $^{-6}$	7220	0.837	0.079	7.61
TW030821	0.037	0.93×10 $^{-6}$	9986	1.142	0.101	8.07
TW161121	0.127	3.57×10 $^{-6}$	13788	1.374	0.161	7.72
TW251121	0.169	5.17×10 $^{-6}$	15101	1.426	0.192	6.82
TW061221	0.138	3.66×10 $^{-6}$	13755	1.399	0.152	7.89
HT050121	0.194	5.82×10 $^{-6}$	20078	1.798	0.256	7.17
HT140121	0.181	4.99×10 $^{-6}$	17766	1.721	0.209	7.81
HT230121	0.107	2.91×10 $^{-6}$	12484	1.249	0.139	7.65
HT090421	0.040	0.76×10 $^{-6}$	8064	1.048	0.065	7.73
HT270421	0.026	0.33×10 $^{-6}$	7931	0.999	0.045	8.56
HT130821	0.010	0.20×10 $^{-6}$	6381	0.854	0.051	7.27
HT220821	0.013	0.47×10 $^{-6}$	4898	0.578	0.064	5.31
HT310821	0.012	0.47×10 $^{-6}$	5128	0.604	0.074	5.41
HT181021	0.042	1.13×10 $^{-6}$	5490	0.597	0.059	7.61
HT271021	0.070	2.06×10 $^{-6}$	10497	1.104	0.121	6.78
HT051121	0.067	1.85×10 $^{-6}$	14473	1.409	0.164	7.84
Average	0.074	2.09×10$^{-6}$	10996	1.161	0.124	7.325
STD	0.055	1.64×10 $^{-6}$	4017	0.333	0.055	0.698
CU Avg	0.076	2.23×10$^{-6}$	11482	1.190	0.134	7.38
CU STD	0.053	1.66×10 $^{-6}$	3894	0.345	0.053	0.56
TW Avg	0.076	2.11×10$^{-6}$	11197	1.201	0.125	7.40
TW STD	0.050	1.47×10 $^{-6}$	2919	0.224	0.039	0.45
HT Avg	0.069	1.91×10$^{-6}$	10290	1.087	0.113	7.20
HT STD	0.065	1.93×10 $^{-6}$	5278	0.428	0.071	1.01
ANOVA p =	0.946	0.902	0.778	0.685	0.691	0.784
CU Fall+Win	0.097	2.89	12435	1.225	0.149	7.20
CU Sum	0.022	0.60	6973	0.795	0.074	7.62
Ratio	4.40	4.83	1.78	1.54	2.00	0.94
TW Fall+Win	0.117	3.26	13688	1.390	0.156	7.42
TW Sum	0.039	1.02	8968	1.032	0.093	7.84
Ratio	2.97	3.19	1.53	1.35	1.67	0.95
HT Fall+Win	0.110	3.13	13465	1.313	0.158	7.48
HT Sum	0.012	0.38	5469	0.679	0.063	6.00
Ratio	9.40	8.19	2.46	1.93	2.51	1.25

Note: Calculation of these optical parameters were described in Section 2.2 in main text. One-way ANOVA test was performed on all CU, TW, and HT samples to statistically compare the difference among the three sites.

Table S4. Second order rate constants of SYR with the four model triplets used for calculations of [$^{3}\text{C}^*$]ss.

Model $^{3}\text{C}^*$	Precursor	$k_{\text{rxn}}^{\text{SYR+model } ^3\text{C}^*} (\text{M}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1})$	Reference
$^3\text{2AN}^*$	2-acetonaphthone (2AN)	$(1.9 \pm 0.1) \times 10^9$	Kaur and Anastasio (2018)
$^3\text{3MAP}^*$	3'-methoxyacetophenone (3MAP)	$(3.8 \pm 0.6) \times 10^9$	Kaur and Anastasio (2018)
$^3\text{DMB}^*$	3,4-dimethoxybenzaldehye (DMB)	$(3.5 \pm 0.8) \times 10^9$	Smith et al. (2015)
$^3\text{BP}^*$	benzophenone (BP)	$(8.5 \pm 1.6) \times 10^9$	Kaur and Anastasio (2018)

Table S5. Summary of $^1\text{O}_2$ measurements.

Sample ID	$[^1\text{O}_2]_{ss}^a$ $\times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$	$R_{f, ^1\text{O}_2}^b$ $\times 10^{-7} \text{ M s}^{-1}$	$\Phi_{^1\text{O}_2}^c$ %
CU041220	8.21 ± 1.02	2.31 ± 0.15	5.20 ± 0.62
CU131220	6.50 ± 0.81	1.83 ± 0.07	3.49 ± 0.37
CU221220	6.27 ± 0.89	1.76 ± 0.13	4.45 ± 0.56
CU110321	1.64 ± 0.25	0.46 ± 0.03	3.68 ± 0.46
CU200321	2.51 ± 0.46	0.70 ± 0.06	2.24 ± 0.30
CU290321	2.49 ± 0.38	0.70 ± 0.05	4.31 ± 0.53
CU240621	1.28 ± 0.33	0.36 ± 0.05	4.34 ± 0.76
CU030721	0.16 ± 0.06	0.04 ± 0.01	1.19 ± 0.31
CU100921	2.59 ± 0.34	0.73 ± 0.05	6.29 ± 0.78
CU160921	1.82 ± 0.34	0.51 ± 0.04	5.05 ± 0.66
CU250921	3.98 ± 0.55	1.12 ± 0.08	7.21 ± 0.88
TW110221	5.80 ± 0.65	1.63 ± 0.08	5.18 ± 0.57
TW200221	4.92 ± 0.65	1.38 ± 0.08	6.03 ± 0.69
TW260221	5.37 ± 0.65	1.51 ± 0.09	8.78 ± 1.03
TW190521	0.33 ± 0.08	0.09 ± 0.01	2.41 ± 0.40
TW280521	2.73 ± 0.33	0.77 ± 0.04	4.85 ± 0.56
TW060621	0.98 ± 0.21	0.27 ± 0.03	3.63 ± 0.50
TW160721	2.78 ± 0.28	0.78 ± 0.04	7.27 ± 0.80
TW250721	0.80 ± 0.32	0.22 ± 0.03	2.11 ± 0.36
TW030821	3.14 ± 0.43	0.88 ± 0.06	9.54 ± 1.18
TW161121	7.76 ± 0.86	2.18 ± 0.10	6.11 ± 0.67
TW251121	8.17 ± 0.95	2.30 ± 0.10	4.44 ± 0.49
TW061221	8.88 ± 1.07	2.50 ± 0.13	6.83 ± 0.77
HT050121	9.37 ± 1.27	2.63 ± 0.18	4.53 ± 0.54
HT140121	13.47 ± 1.50	3.79 ± 0.21	7.59 ± 0.87
HT230121	8.33 ± 1.34	2.34 ± 0.25	8.03 ± 1.19
HT090421	1.34 ± 0.28	0.38 ± 0.05	4.97 ± 0.83
HT270421	0.76 ± 0.30	0.21 ± 0.05	6.47 ± 1.51
HT130821	0.53 ± 0.10	0.15 ± 0.02	7.35 ± 1.27
HT220821	0.23 ± 0.07	0.06 ± 0.01	1.35 ± 0.33
HT310821	0.29 ± 0.06	0.08 ± 0.01	1.76 ± 0.30
HT181021	1.38 ± 0.42	0.39 ± 0.04	3.43 ± 0.49
HT271021	10.08 ± 1.42	2.83 ± 0.24	13.74 ± 1.79
HT051121	1.72 ± 0.58	0.48 ± 0.10	2.62 ± 0.59
Average	4.02 ± 3.52	1.13 ± 0.99	5.19 ± 2.63
CU Average	3.41 ± 2.54	0.96 ± 0.71	4.31 ± 1.70
TW Average	4.30 ± 2.97	1.21 ± 0.83	5.60 ± 2.31
HT Average	4.32 ± 4.93	1.21 ± 1.38	5.62 ± 3.58
ANOVA $p =$	0.792	0.792	0.417
CU Fall+Win	4.90 ± 2.49	1.38 ± 0.70	5.28 ± 1.32
CU Sum	0.72 ± 0.80	0.20 ± 0.22	2.77 ± 2.23
Ratio	6.80	6.80	1.91
TW Fall+Win	6.82 ± 1.66	1.92 ± 0.47	6.23 ± 1.50
TW Sum	2.24 ± 1.26	0.63 ± 0.35	6.30 ± 3.81
Ratio	3.04	3.04	0.99
HT Fall+Win*	6.85 ± 5.21	1.93 ± 1.46	5.24 ± 2.45
HT Sum	0.35 ± 0.16	0.10 ± 0.05	3.49 ± 3.35
Ratio*	19.51	19.51	1.50

Uncertainties are errors propagated from triplicate measurement of FFA loss, $^1\text{O}_2$ deactivation rates, and second-order rate constants, and/or one standard deviation from averaging. One-way ANOVA test was performed on all CU, TW, and HT samples to statistically compare the difference among the three sites.

a. Steady-state concentrations of $^1\text{O}_2$ calculated using Eq.5 in main text.

b. Formation rates of $^1\text{O}_2$ calculated using Eq.6 in main text.

c. Apparent quantum yields of $^1\text{O}_2$, calculated as the ratio of $R_{f, ^1\text{O}_2}$ and R_{abs} (Eq.7 in main text).

* The outlier, HT271021, identified by Tukey's fences were excluded for HT Fall+Win vs. HT Sum comparisons.

Table S6. Summary of ${}^3\text{C}^*$ measurements.

Sample ID	k'_{SYR}^a $\times 10^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$[{}^3\text{2AN}^*]_{\text{ss}}^b$ $\times 10^{-15} \text{ M}$	$[{}^3\text{3MAP}^*]_{\text{ss}}^c$ $\times 10^{-15} \text{ M}$	$[{}^3\text{DMB}^*]_{\text{ss}}^d$ $\times 10^{-15} \text{ M}$	$[{}^3\text{BP}^*]_{\text{ss}}^e$ $\times 10^{-15} \text{ M}$	$[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}}^f$ $\times 10^{-15} \text{ M}$	$R_{f, {}^3\text{C}^*}^g$ $\times 10^{-9} \text{ M s}^{-1}$	$\Phi_{{}^3\text{C}^*}^h$ %
CU041220	8.98 \pm 0.25	30.33 \pm 4.34	15.17 \pm 4.29	16.47 \pm 6.46	6.78 \pm 2.23	17.19 \pm 9.76	1.50 \pm 0.88	0.34 \pm 0.20
CU131220	6.70 \pm 0.29	21.58 \pm 3.48	10.79 \pm 3.28	11.72 \pm 4.89	4.82 \pm 1.70	12.23 \pm 6.94	1.11 \pm 0.65	0.21 \pm 0.13
CU221220	5.37 \pm 0.19	15.02 \pm 3.12	7.51 \pm 2.77	8.16 \pm 4.08	3.36 \pm 1.42	8.51 \pm 4.83	0.73 \pm 0.42	0.18 \pm 0.11
CU110321	2.76 \pm 0.02	10.04 \pm 1.03	5.02 \pm 1.22	5.45 \pm 1.89	2.24 \pm 0.65	5.69 \pm 3.23	0.45 \pm 0.26	0.35 \pm 0.21
CU200321	6.46 \pm 0.19	27.88 \pm 2.30	13.94 \pm 2.81	15.14 \pm 4.33	6.23 \pm 1.48	15.80 \pm 8.97	1.30 \pm 0.76	0.41 \pm 0.25
CU290321	3.48 \pm 0.03	12.23 \pm 1.40	6.12 \pm 1.58	6.64 \pm 2.41	2.73 \pm 0.83	6.93 \pm 3.94	0.56 \pm 0.33	0.35 \pm 0.21
CU240621	3.80 \pm 0.05	16.17 \pm 1.25	8.09 \pm 1.63	8.78 \pm 2.53	3.61 \pm 0.86	9.16 \pm 5.20	0.71 \pm 0.41	0.85 \pm 0.50
CU30721	0.79 \pm 0.01	2.49 \pm 0.27	1.24 \pm 0.35	1.35 \pm 0.55	0.56 \pm 0.19	1.41 \pm 0.80	0.11 \pm 0.06	0.29 \pm 0.17
CU100921	2.19 \pm 0.04	5.25 \pm 1.23	2.62 \pm 1.12	2.85 \pm 1.66	1.17 \pm 0.58	2.97 \pm 1.69	0.24 \pm 0.14	0.20 \pm 0.12
CU160921	4.53 \pm 0.10	19.02 \pm 1.55	9.51 \pm 1.96	10.32 \pm 3.03	4.25 \pm 1.03	10.78 \pm 6.12	0.84 \pm 0.49	0.83 \pm 0.49
CU250921	6.67 \pm 0.25	26.17 \pm 2.78	13.08 \pm 3.01	14.21 \pm 4.59	5.85 \pm 1.58	14.83 \pm 8.42	1.20 \pm 0.70	0.78 \pm 0.46
TW110221	3.16 \pm 0.06	4.26 \pm 2.46	2.13 \pm 1.93	2.3 \pm 2.76	0.95 \pm 0.98	2.41 \pm 1.37	0.20 \pm 0.12	0.06 \pm 0.04
TW200221	3.48 \pm 0.09	7.64 \pm 2.22	3.82 \pm 0.89	4.15 \pm 2.77	1.71 \pm 0.97	4.33 \pm 2.46	0.35 \pm 0.21	0.15 \pm 0.09
TW260221	3.34 \pm 0.08	6.04 \pm 2.37	3.02 \pm 1.92	3.28 \pm 2.78	1.35 \pm 0.98	3.42 \pm 1.94	0.28 \pm 0.17	0.17 \pm 0.10
TW190521	0.50 \pm 0.01	0.61 \pm 0.24	0.31 \pm 0.26	0.33 \pm 0.39	0.14 \pm 0.13	0.35 \pm 0.20	0.03 \pm 0.02	0.07 \pm 0.04
TW280521	3.44 \pm 0.07	11.58 \pm 1.49	5.79 \pm 1.59	6.29 \pm 2.42	2.59 \pm 0.83	6.56 \pm 3.73	0.53 \pm 0.31	0.33 \pm 0.20
TW060621	2.32 \pm 0.05	8.98 \pm 0.82	4.49 \pm 1.01	4.88 \pm 1.57	2.01 \pm 0.53	5.09 \pm 2.89	0.39 \pm 0.23	0.51 \pm 0.30
TW160721	2.96 \pm 0.06	8.93 \pm 1.41	4.46 \pm 1.42	4.85 \pm 2.13	2.00 \pm 0.74	5.06 \pm 2.87	0.40 \pm 0.23	0.37 \pm 0.22
TW250721	5.67 \pm 0.20	26.94 \pm 1.92	13.47 \pm 2.42	14.63 \pm 3.76	6.02 \pm 1.28	15.27 \pm 8.67	1.23 \pm 0.72	1.15 \pm 0.69
TW030821	10.54 \pm 0.29	48.12 \pm 3.53	24.06 \pm 4.51	26.12 \pm 7.00	10.76 \pm 2.39	27.27 \pm 15.48	2.11 \pm 1.23	2.28 \pm 1.35
TW161121	5.38 \pm 0.11	12.22 \pm 3.44	6.11 \pm 2.93	6.63 \pm 4.28	2.73 \pm 1.50	6.92 \pm 3.93	0.60 \pm 0.35	0.17 \pm 0.10
TW251121	5.79 \pm 0.10	13.61 \pm 3.62	6.81 \pm 3.12	7.39 \pm 4.57	3.04 \pm 1.60	7.71 \pm 4.38	0.70 \pm 0.41	0.14 \pm 0.08
TW061221	6.37 \pm 0.13	15.32 \pm 3.98	7.66 \pm 3.43	8.32 \pm 5.02	3.42 \pm 1.76	8.68 \pm 4.93	0.77 \pm 0.45	0.21 \pm 0.12
HT050121	9.64 \pm 0.33	31.59 \pm 4.93	15.80 \pm 4.70	17.15 \pm 7.02	7.06 \pm 2.43	17.90 \pm 10.16	1.58 \pm 0.92	0.27 \pm 0.16
HT140121	10.85 \pm 0.41	30.21 \pm 6.51	15.10 \pm 5.68	16.40 \pm 8.34	6.75 \pm 2.92	17.12 \pm 9.72	1.52 \pm 0.89	0.31 \pm 0.18
HT230121	8.82 \pm 0.31	29.28 \pm 4.66	14.64 \pm 4.33	15.89 \pm 6.44	6.54 \pm 2.24	16.59 \pm 9.42	1.43 \pm 0.84	0.49 \pm 0.29
HT090421	2.39 \pm 0.10	8.64 \pm 1.04	4.32 \pm 1.09	4.69 \pm 1.65	1.93 \pm 0.57	4.90 \pm 2.78	0.39 \pm 0.23	0.52 \pm 0.31
HT270421	2.61 \pm 0.07	10.94 \pm 0.91	5.47 \pm 1.13	5.94 \pm 1.75	2.44 \pm 0.60	6.20 \pm 3.52	0.47 \pm 0.28	1.44 \pm 0.85
HT130821	0.69 \pm 0.02	1.22 \pm 0.34	0.61 \pm 0.34	0.66 \pm 0.52	0.27 \pm 0.18	0.69 \pm 0.39	0.05 \pm 0.03	0.25 \pm 0.15
HT220821	0.95 \pm 0.02	3.20 \pm 0.34	1.60 \pm 0.42	1.74 \pm 0.66	0.72 \pm 0.22	1.81 \pm 1.03	0.14 \pm 0.08	0.29 \pm 0.17
HT310821	0.47 \pm 0.01	0.52 \pm 0.22	0.26 \pm 0.24	0.28 \pm 0.37	0.12 \pm 0.13	0.29 \pm 0.17	0.02 \pm 0.01	0.05 \pm 0.03
HT181021	5.62 \pm 0.19	25.59 \pm 1.96	12.79 \pm 2.42	13.89 \pm 3.74	5.72 \pm 1.28	14.50 \pm 8.23	1.22 \pm 0.72	1.08 \pm 0.64
HT271021	30.98 \pm 2.19	142.56 \pm 14.96	71.28 \pm 14.33	77.39 \pm 21.42	31.87 \pm 7.43	80.77 \pm 45.86	6.68 \pm 3.91	3.24 \pm 1.92
HT051121	5.01 \pm 0.05	21.72 \pm 1.69	10.86 \pm 2.15	11.79 \pm 3.34	4.86 \pm 1.14	12.31 \pm 6.99	0.97 \pm 0.57	0.53 \pm 0.31
Average	5.37 \pm 5.35	19.29 \pm 24.48	9.65 \pm 12.24	10.47 \pm 13.29	4.31 \pm 5.47	10.93 \pm 13.87	9.07 \pm 11.50	0.56 \pm 0.66
CU Avg	4.70 \pm 2.40	16.93 \pm 9.11	8.46 \pm 4.55	9.19 \pm 4.94	3.78 \pm 2.04	9.59 \pm 5.16	7.95 \pm 4.47	0.44 \pm 0.26
TW Avg	4.41 \pm 2.56	13.69 \pm 12.69	6.84 \pm 6.34	7.43 \pm 6.89	3.06 \pm 2.84	7.76 \pm 7.19	6.33 \pm 5.60	0.47 \pm 0.65
HT Avg	7.09 \pm 8.75	27.77 \pm 39.39	13.88 \pm 19.96	15.07 \pm 21.67	6.21 \pm 8.93	15.73 \pm 22.26	13.17 \pm 18.78	0.77 \pm 0.91
ANOVA $p =$	0.441	0.370	0.370	0.370	0.370	0.370	0.34	0.435
CU Fall+Win	5.74 \pm 2.30	19.56 \pm 8.83	9.78 \pm 4.41	10.62 \pm 4.79	4.37 \pm 1.97	11.08 \pm 5.00	9.37 \pm 4.39	0.42 \pm 0.30
CU Sum	2.29 \pm 2.13	9.33 \pm 9.67	4.67 \pm 4.84	5.06 \pm 5.25	2.09 \pm 2.16	5.29 \pm 5.48	4.06 \pm 4.24	0.57 \pm 0.40
Ratio*	2.50	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.30	0.74
TW Fall+Win	4.59 \pm 1.42	9.85 \pm 4.48	4.92 \pm 2.24	5.35 \pm 2.43	2.20 \pm 1.00	5.58 \pm 2.54	4.86 \pm 2.36	0.15 \pm 0.05
TW Sum	6.39 \pm 3.84	28.00 \pm 19.62	14.00 \pm 9.81	15.20 \pm 10.65	6.29 \pm 4.39	15.86 \pm 11.12	12.46 \pm 8.57	1.27 \pm 0.96
Ratio*	0.72	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.39	0.12
HT Fall+Win*	7.99 \pm 2.55	27.68 \pm 4.00	13.84 \pm 2.00	15.02 \pm 2.17	6.19 \pm 0.90	15.68 \pm 2.27	13.45 \pm 2.48	0.54 \pm 0.33
HT Sum	0.70 \pm 0.24	1.65 \pm 1.39	0.82 \pm 0.70	0.89 \pm 0.75	0.37 \pm 0.31	0.93 \pm 0.79	0.70 \pm 0.60	0.20 \pm 0.13
Ratio*	11.39	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	16.81	19.21	2.74

Uncertainties are errors propagated from triplicate measurement of SYR loss, and second-order rate constants, and/or one standard deviation from averaging. One-way ANOVA test was performed on all CU, TW, and HT samples to statistically compare the difference among the three sites.

- a. The measured pseudo first-order rate constant for SYR loss for each PM extract sample.
 - b. Estimated concentration of model ${}^3\text{C}^*$, 2-acetonaphthone (2AN), 3'-methoxyacetophenone (3MAP), 3,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (DMB), and benzophenone (BP), based on the measured k'_{SYR} and their second-order rate constants with SYR as listed in Table S4.
 - f. Steady-state concentrations of ${}^3\text{C}^*$ obtained by averaging the concentrations of four model ${}^3\text{C}^*$ (Eq.8 in main text).
 - g. Formation rates of ${}^3\text{C}^*$ calculated using Eq.9 in main text.
 - h. Apparent quantum yields of ${}^3\text{C}^*$, calculated as the ratio of $R_f, {}^3\text{C}^*$ and R_{abs} (Eq.10 in main text).
- * The outlier, HT271021, identified by Tukey's fences were excluded for HT Fall+Win vs. HT Sum comparisons.

Table S7. Summary of $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ and $[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}}$ in atmospheric samples.

Sample type	$[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}} (\times 10^{-13} \text{ M})$		$[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}} (\times 10^{-15} \text{ M})$		Experimental condition	Reference
	Range	Average	Range	Average		
Fog water	1.1 - 6.1	2.23 ± 1.91	N.A.	N.A.	<i>footnote a</i>	Anastasio and McGregor (2001)
Fog water	0.11-3	1.67 ± 0.93	7-150	50.14 ± 51.44	<i>footnote b</i>	Kaur and Anastasio (2017, 2018)
Rain water	≤ 0.027	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	<i>footnote c</i>	Albinet et al. (2010)
Rain water	0.30-1.51	0.99 ± 0.62	10.8-17.2	14.33 ± 3.25	<i>footnote d</i>	Hong et al. (2018)
PM _{2.5} extracts	0.64-22	9.60 ± 8.05	0.51-160	67.81 ± 45.66	<i>footnote e</i>	Kaur et al. (2019)
PM ₁₀ extracts	0.08 & 0.14	0.11	N.A.	N.A.	<i>footnote f</i>	Manfrin et al. (2019)
PM _{2.5} extracts	N.A.	N.A.	68-255	167 ± 59.17	<i>footnote g</i>	Chen et al. (2021)
PM _{2.5} extracts	1.1-3.4	1.88 ± 0.77	N.A.	N.A.	<i>footnote h</i>	Leresche et al. (2021)
PM ₁₀ extracts	0.33-4.59	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	<i>footnote i</i>	Bogler et al. (2022)
PM _{2.5} extracts	2.1-85	35.9 ± 29.7	20-700 (SYR) 3.7-410 (PTA)	445 ± 245 221 ± 130	<i>footnote j</i>	Ma et al. (2023)
PM _{2.5} extracts	0.16-13.47	4.02 ± 3.52	0.29-80.77	10.93 ± 13.87	<i>footnote k</i>	This work

Note that FFA was used as the ${}^1\text{O}_2$ probe in all cited literature while the different probes for ${}^3\text{C}^*$ were noted below.

a. [WSOC]: 14.4 - 45.6 mg-C L⁻¹. $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ were corrected using 50 % D₂O to exclude contribution of other reactive species to the observed FFA decay. The values were subsequently normalized to the values expected in midday Davis winter-solstice sunlight.

b. [WSOC]: 8.04 - 21.48 mg-C L⁻¹. $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ were corrected using 50 % D₂O to exclude contribution of other reactive species to the observed FFA decay. $[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}}$ were obtained using a dual-probe technique by averaging $[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}}$ measured by syringol (SYR) and methyl jasmonate (MeJA). These values were subsequently normalized to the values expected in midday Davis winter-solstice sunlight.

c. [WSOC]: 0.60 - 2.38 mg-C L⁻¹. 5 UVA lamps (Philips TL K05) with emission maximum at 365 nm and a photon flux of 57 W m^{-2} ($1.6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Einstein L}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$), which is approximately two times that of sunny summer solar irradiance at mid-latitude (ca. 30 W m^{-2}). $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ for five out of six rain water samples were on the order of 10^{-21} - 10^{-19} M. The other sample had a $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ of $(2.7 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-15} \text{ M}$.

d. [WSOC]: 0.72 - 3.04 mg-C L⁻¹. Hg lamp and a glass cut off ($\lambda < 290 \text{ nm}$) with irradiance of 70.7 W m^{-2} in the range of 290-400 nm, equivalent to 1.6 sun power. $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ were corrected by subtracting the contribution of hydroxyl radical to the FFA decay. $[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}}$ were measured using TMP as the ${}^3\text{C}^*$ probe but neglecting contribution of hydroxyl radical to the TMP loss.

e. [WSOC]: 4.27 - 85.58 mg-C L⁻¹. 1000 W xenon lamp was used as the light source, equipped with a water filter (to reduce sample heating), an air mass 1.0 filter (AM1D-3L, Scientech), and a 295 nm long-pass filter (20CGA-295, Thorlabs). $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ was corrected using 50 % D₂O to exclude contribution of other reactive species to the observed FFA decay. $[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}}$ were measured and scaled using SYR and methyl jasmonate (MeJA) as the ${}^3\text{C}^*$ probes. The values were subsequently normalized to the values expected in midday Davis winter-solstice sunlight.

f. [WSOC] was controlled at 5 mg-C L⁻¹. SMART narrow-band hand-held lamp at 311 nm was used as the light source. $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ were corrected by subtracting the contribution of hydroxyl radical to the FFA decay.

g. [WSOC]: 24.01 - 41.87 mg-C L⁻¹. Xenon lamp with a VISREF filter (PLS-SXE 300, Perfectlight), approximately 1.2-1.3 times that of noon sunlight. 4 mM TMP was used as the triplet probe and only the observed pseudo first-order rates were reported. The $[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}}$ in the table represent upper limits that were estimated by dividing the reported TMP loss rates by the second-order rate constant of TMP with model triplets ($3.0 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$, (al Housari et al., 2010)).

h. 1000 W xenon lamp and an air mass 1.5 filter was used as the light source. $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ were corrected by adding 0.1 M methanol as hydroxyl radical quencher and were normalized to [WSOC] of 11.5 mg-C L^{-1} .

i. [WSOC] were not available. 12 UVA broad band lamps (RPR-3500Å, Southern New England Ultraviolet Co.) with emission centered at 365 nm was used as the light source. The average absolute irradiance of the light source is $221.18 \pm 43.92 \text{ W m}^{-2}$. $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ was corrected by adding 100 µM *iso*-propynol as hydroxyl radical quencher.

j. [WSOC]: 10.1 - 495.4 mg-C L⁻¹. 1000 W xenon lamp was used as the light source, equipped with a water filter (to reduce sample heating), an air mass 1.0 filter (AM1D-3L, Scientech), and a 295 nm long-pass filter (20CGA-295, Thorlabs). $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ was corrected using 50 % D₂O to exclude contribution of other reactive species to the observed FFA decay. $[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}}$ were measured using (phenylthio)acetic acid (PTA) and SYR as the ${}^3\text{C}^*$ probes, respectively. The values were subsequently normalized to the values expected in midday Davis winter-solstice sunlight.

k. [WSOC]: 3.76 - 25.73 mg-C L⁻¹. 12 UVA broad band lamps (RPR-3500Å, Southern New England Ultraviolet Co.) with emission centered at 365 nm was used as the light source. The photon flux of the light source was higher than solar irradiance on summer solstice at noon (Figure S5). $[{}^1\text{O}_2]_{\text{ss}}$ was corrected by using 50 % D₂O to exclude contribution of other reactive species to the observed FFA decay. $[{}^3\text{C}^*]_{\text{ss}}$ were measured using SYR as the ${}^3\text{C}^*$ probe but neglecting contribution of hydroxyl radical to the SYR loss.

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