

O₃ – DJF

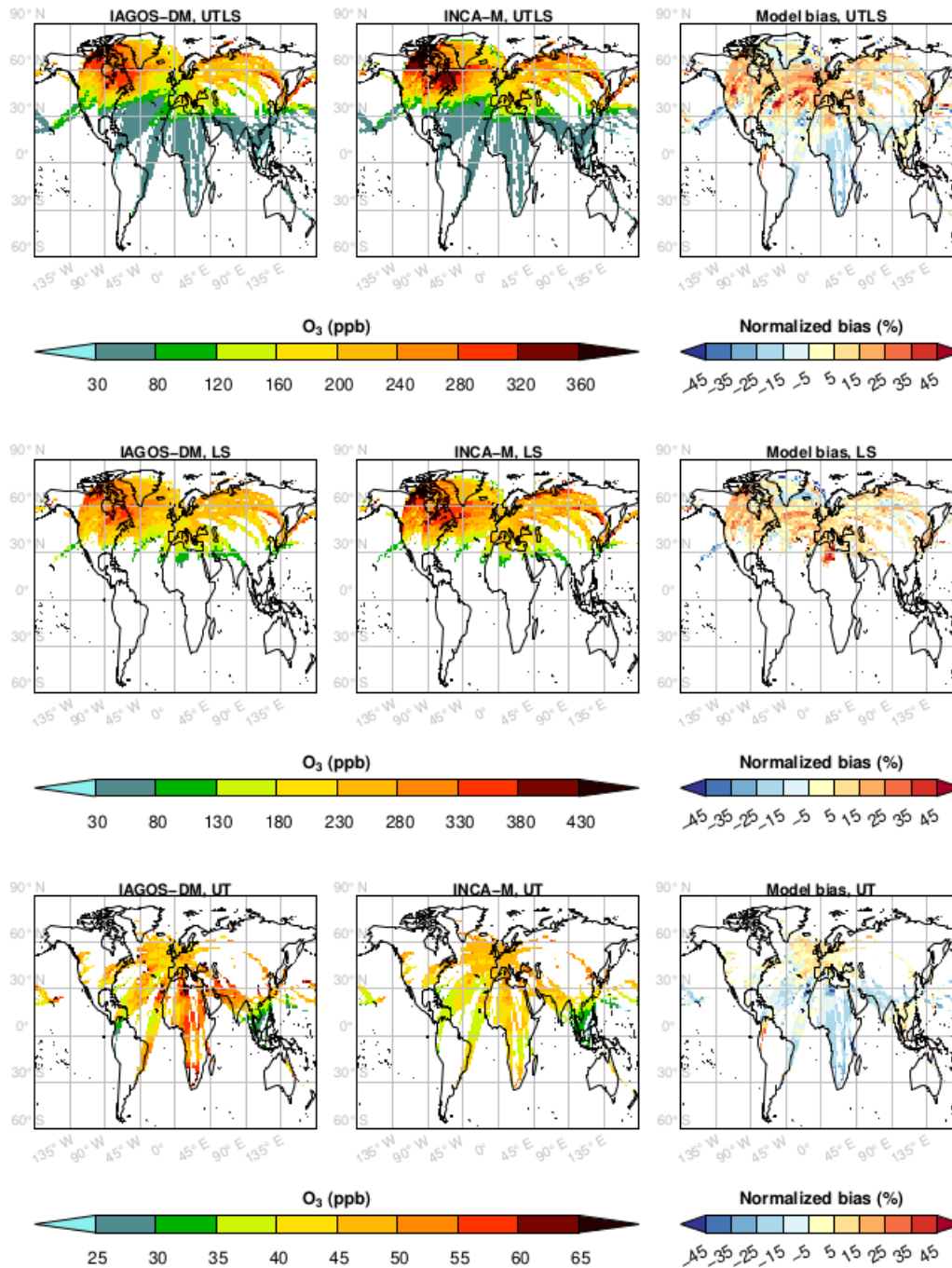


Figure 1. Ozone mean horizontal distributions during boreal winter from the end of 1994 until 2017, for the products IAGOS-DM (left) and INCA-M (middle), and the biases (right) normalized with respect to the mean values between the two products. Each row displays a layer, with the non-separated UTLS at the top and the distinct LS and UT below.

O₃ – MAM

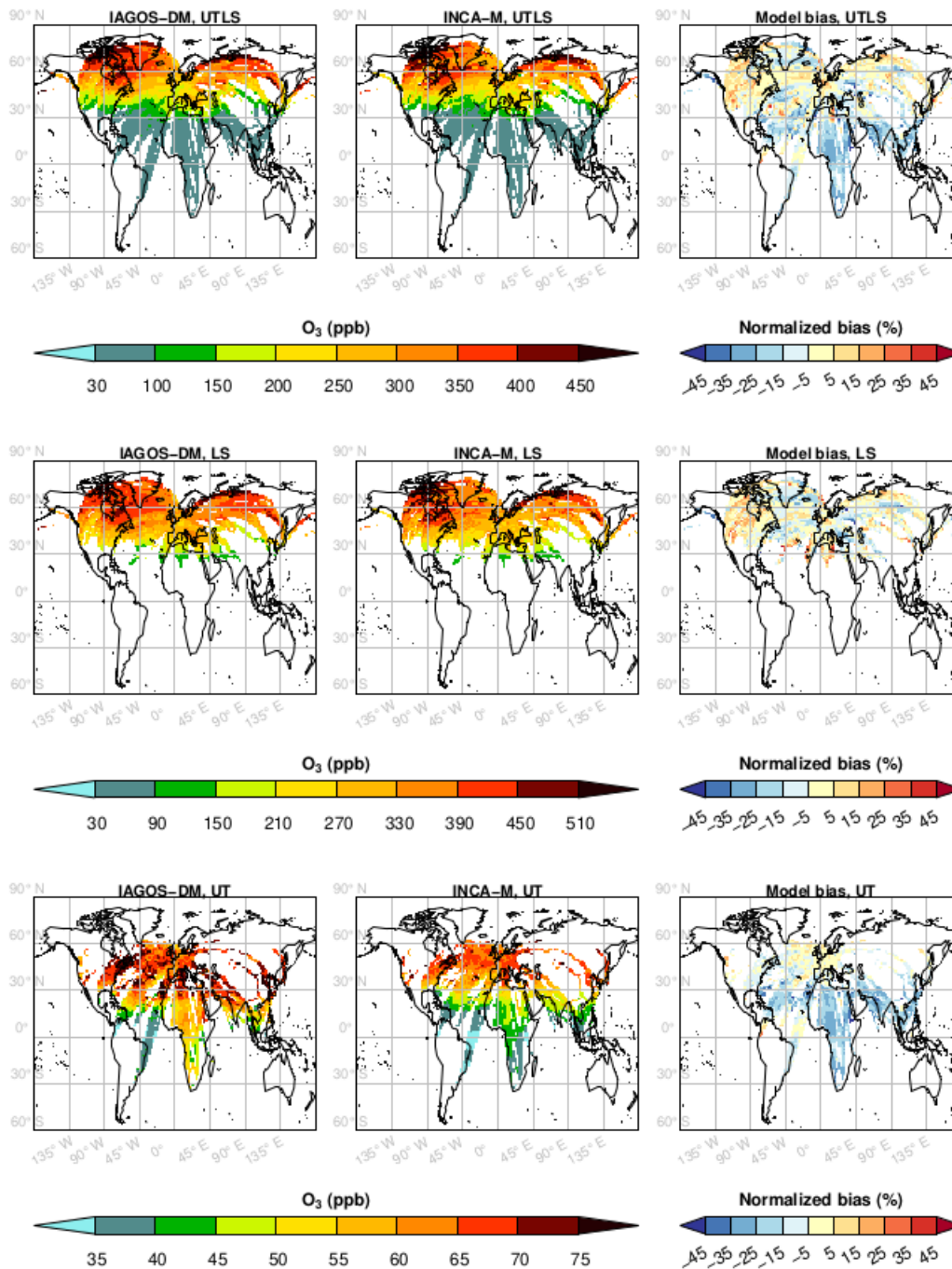


Figure 2. As Fig. 1 for boreal spring.

O₃ - JJA

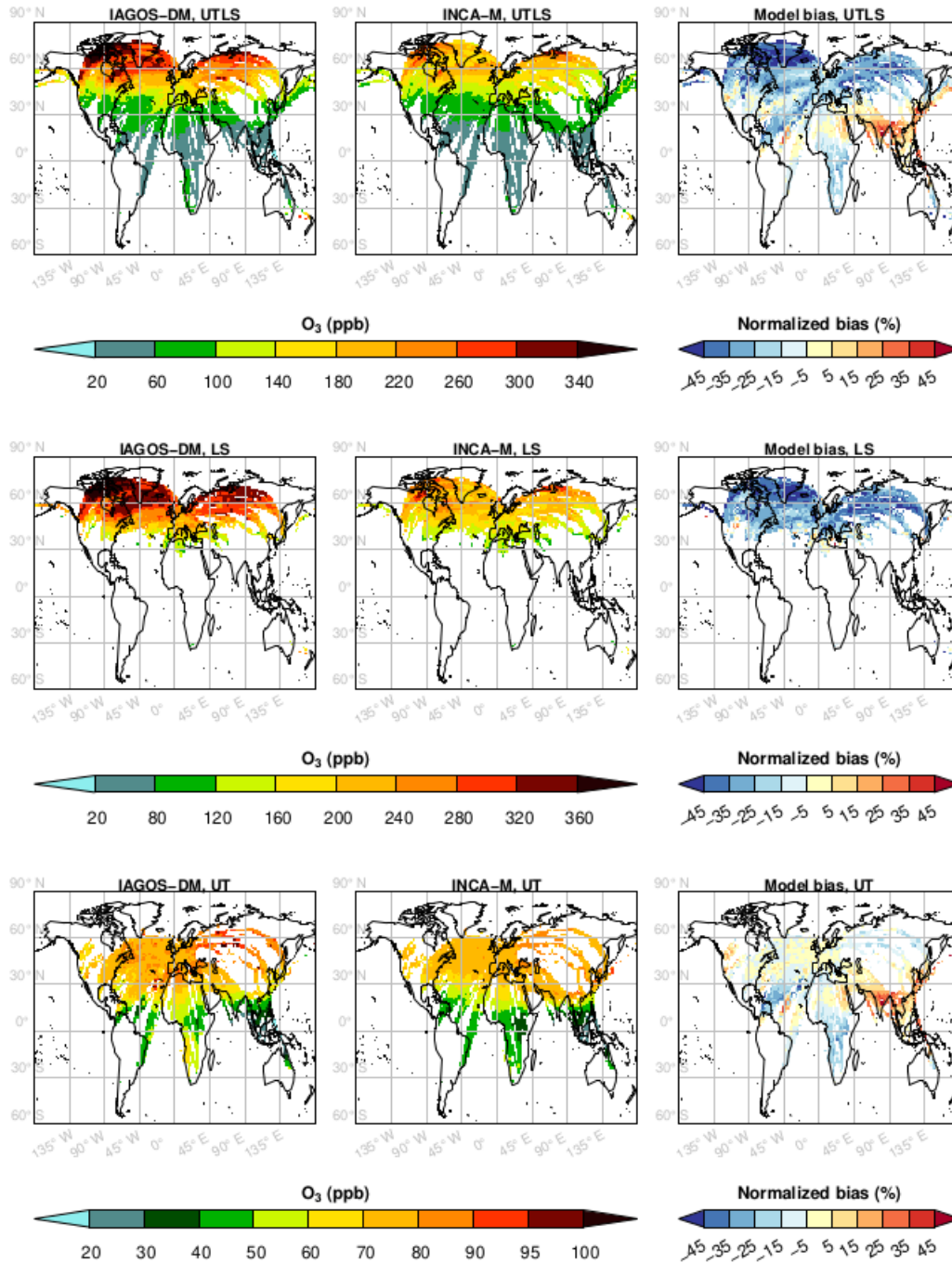


Figure 3. As Fig. 1 for boreal summer.

2 Carbon monoxide

O₃ – SON

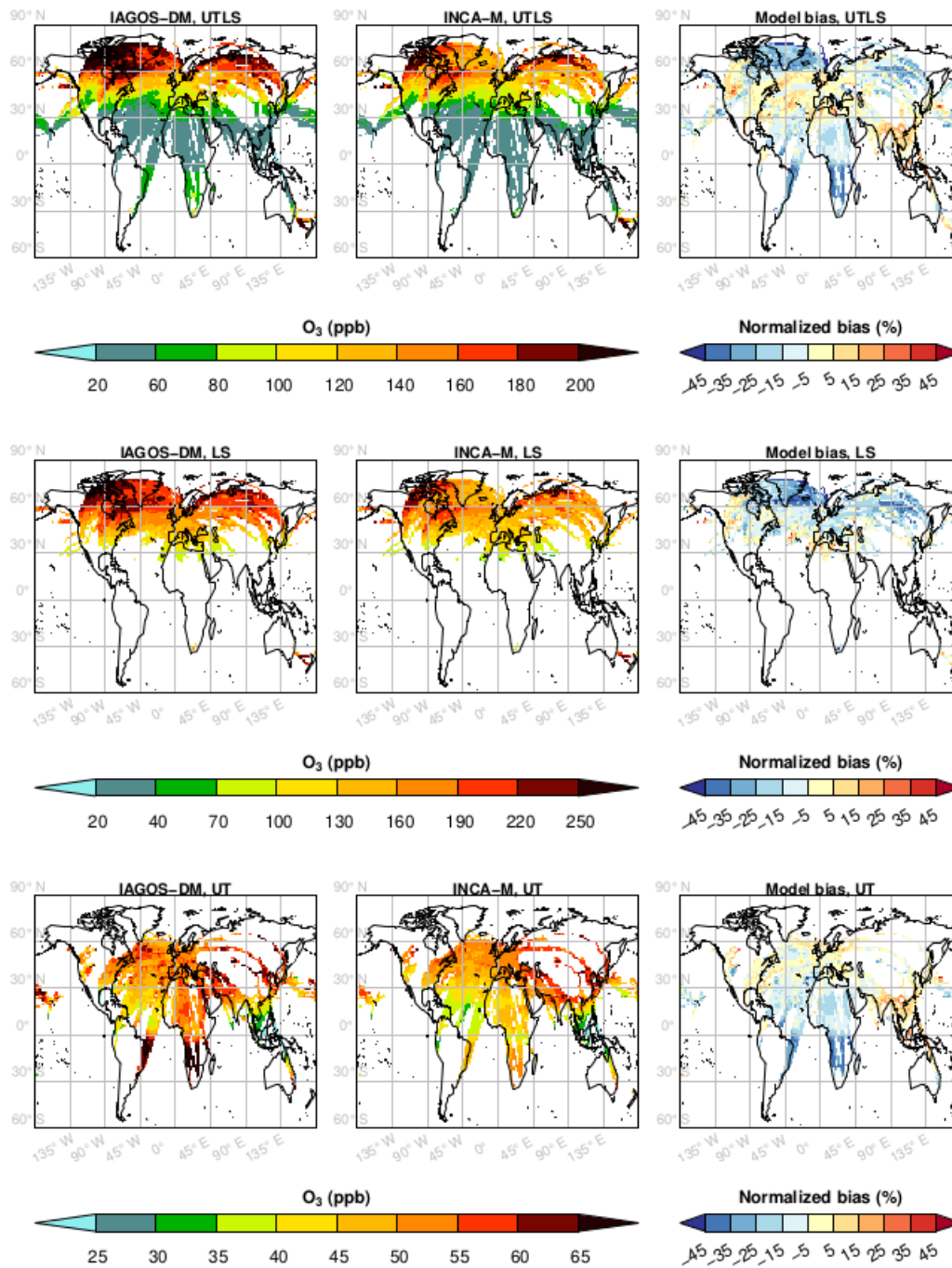


Figure 4. As Fig. 1 for boreal fall.

CO - DJF

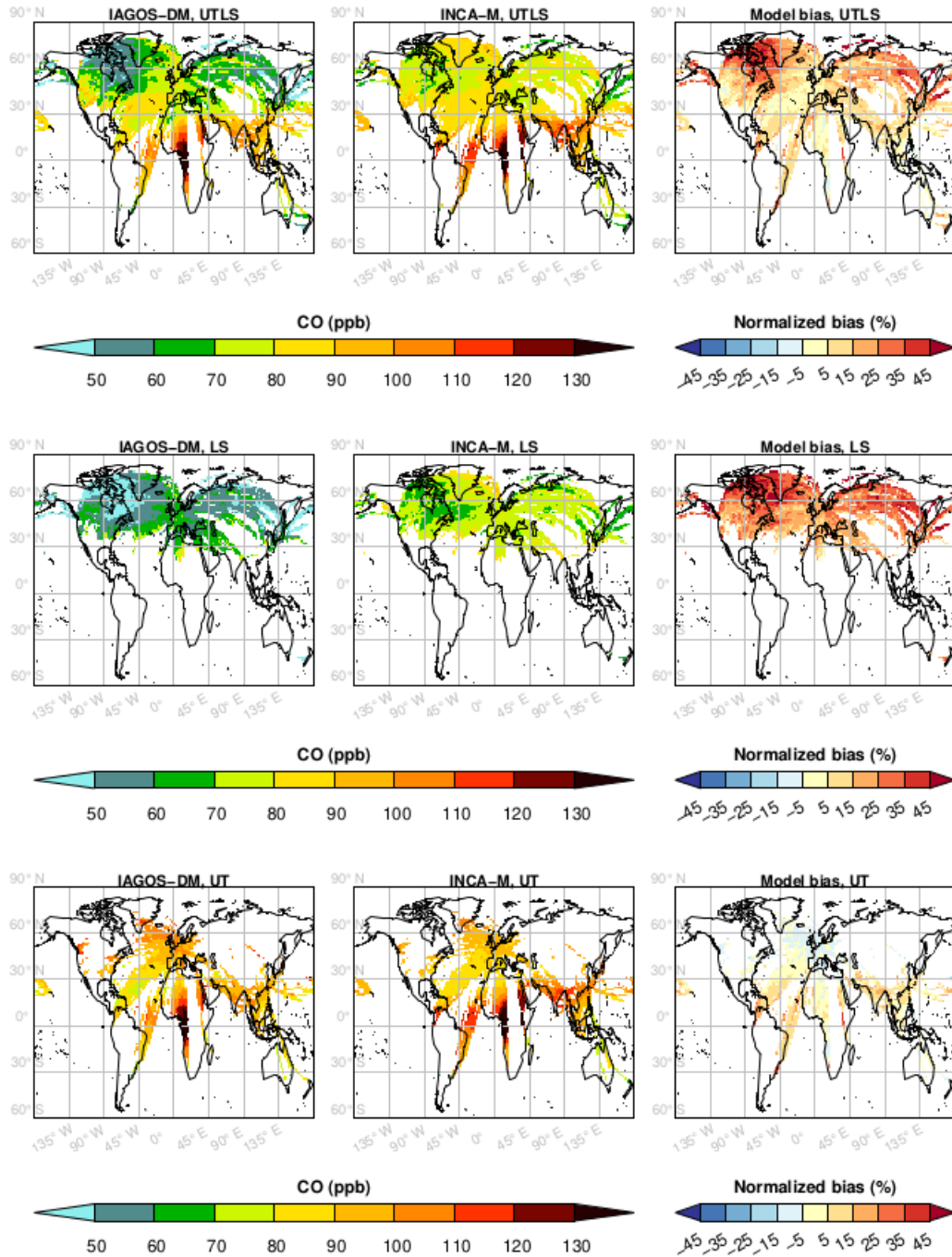


Figure 5. CO mean horizontal distributions during boreal winter from the end of 2001 until 2017, for the products IAGOS-DM (left) and INCA-M (middle), and the biases (right) normalized with respect to the mean values between the two products. Each row displays a layer, with the non-separated UTLS at the top and the distinct LS and UT below.

CO - MAM

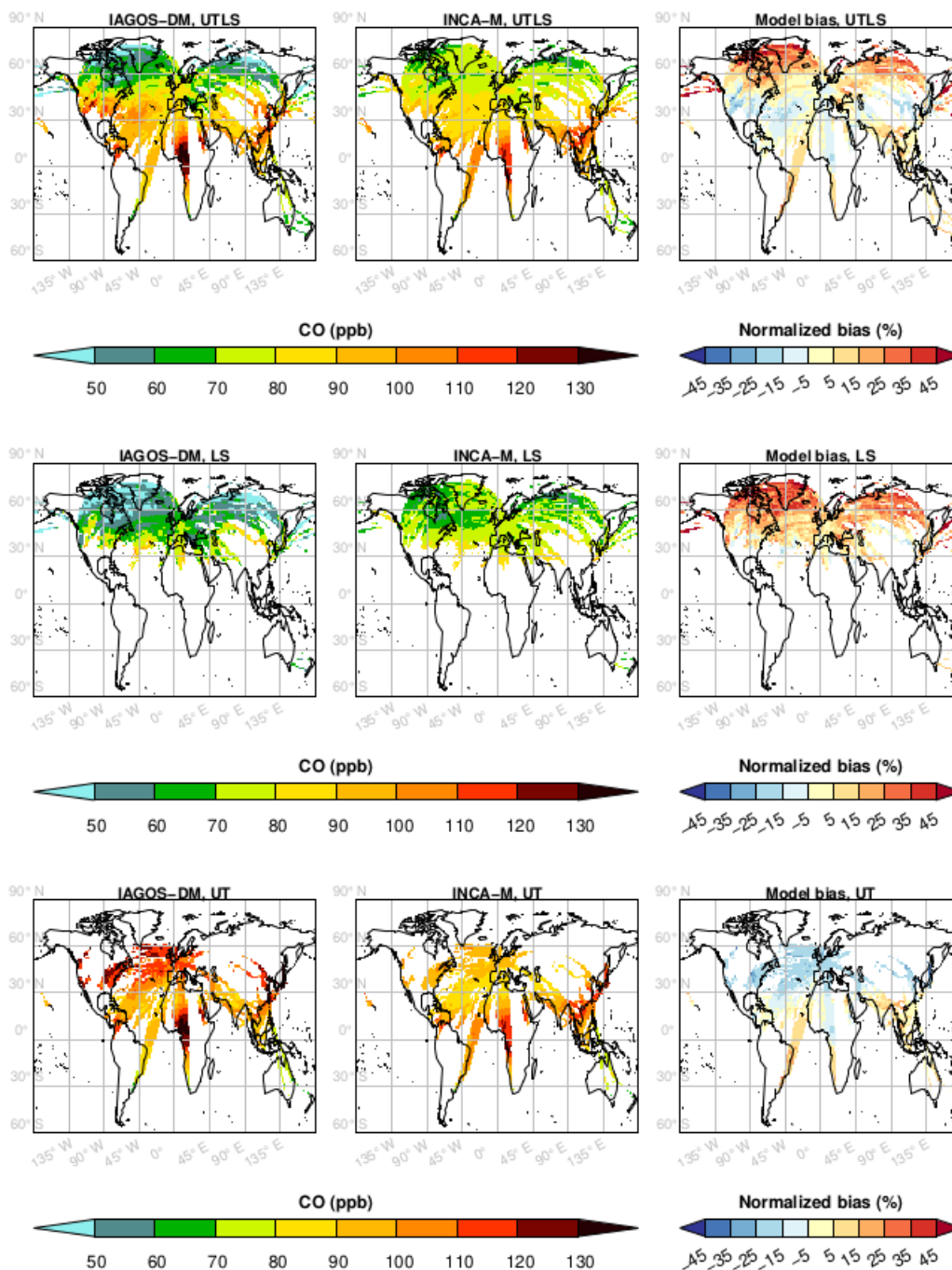


Figure 6. As Fig. 5 for boreal spring.

CO - JJA

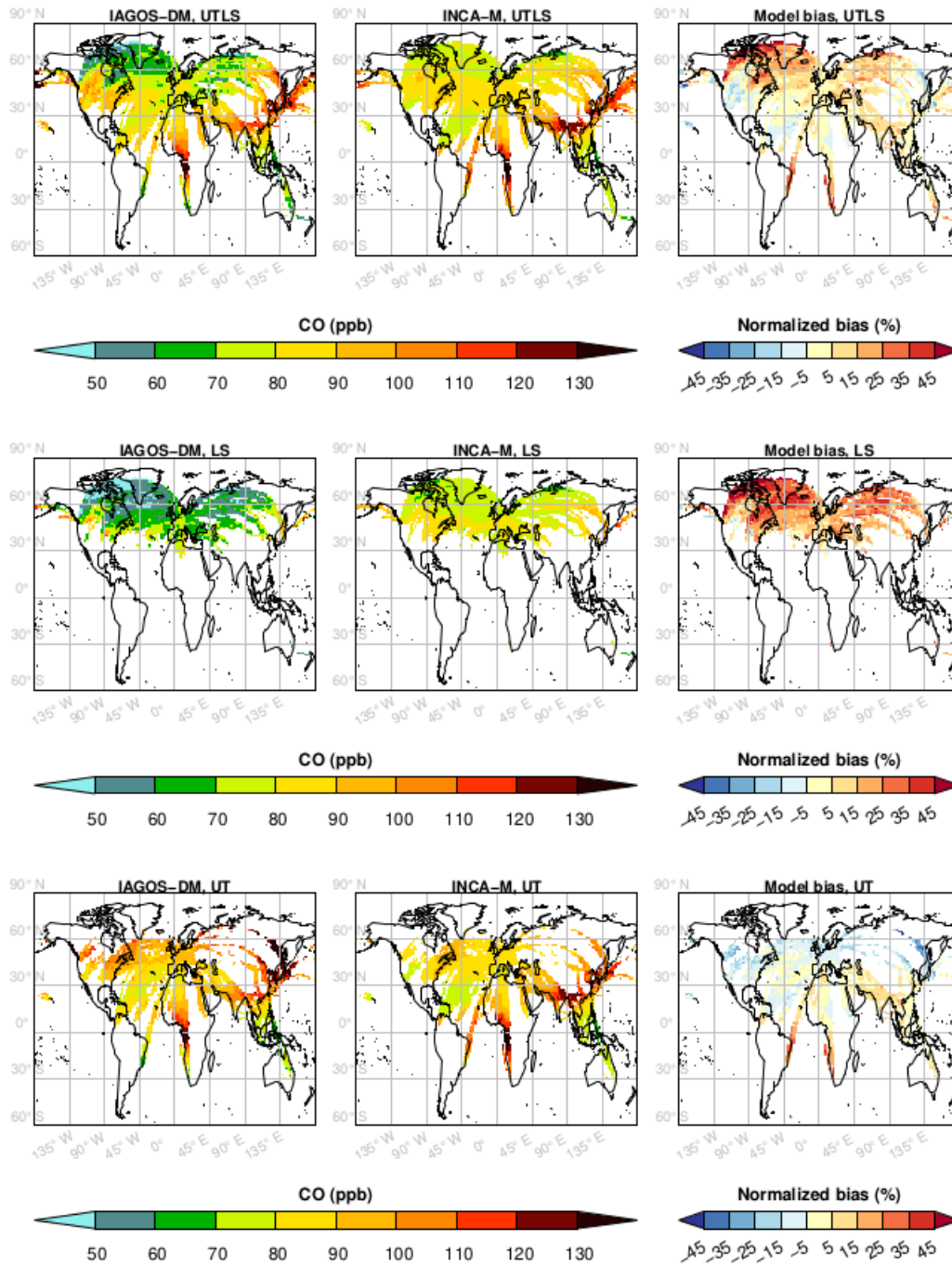


Figure 7. As Fig. 5 for boreal summer.

CO - SON

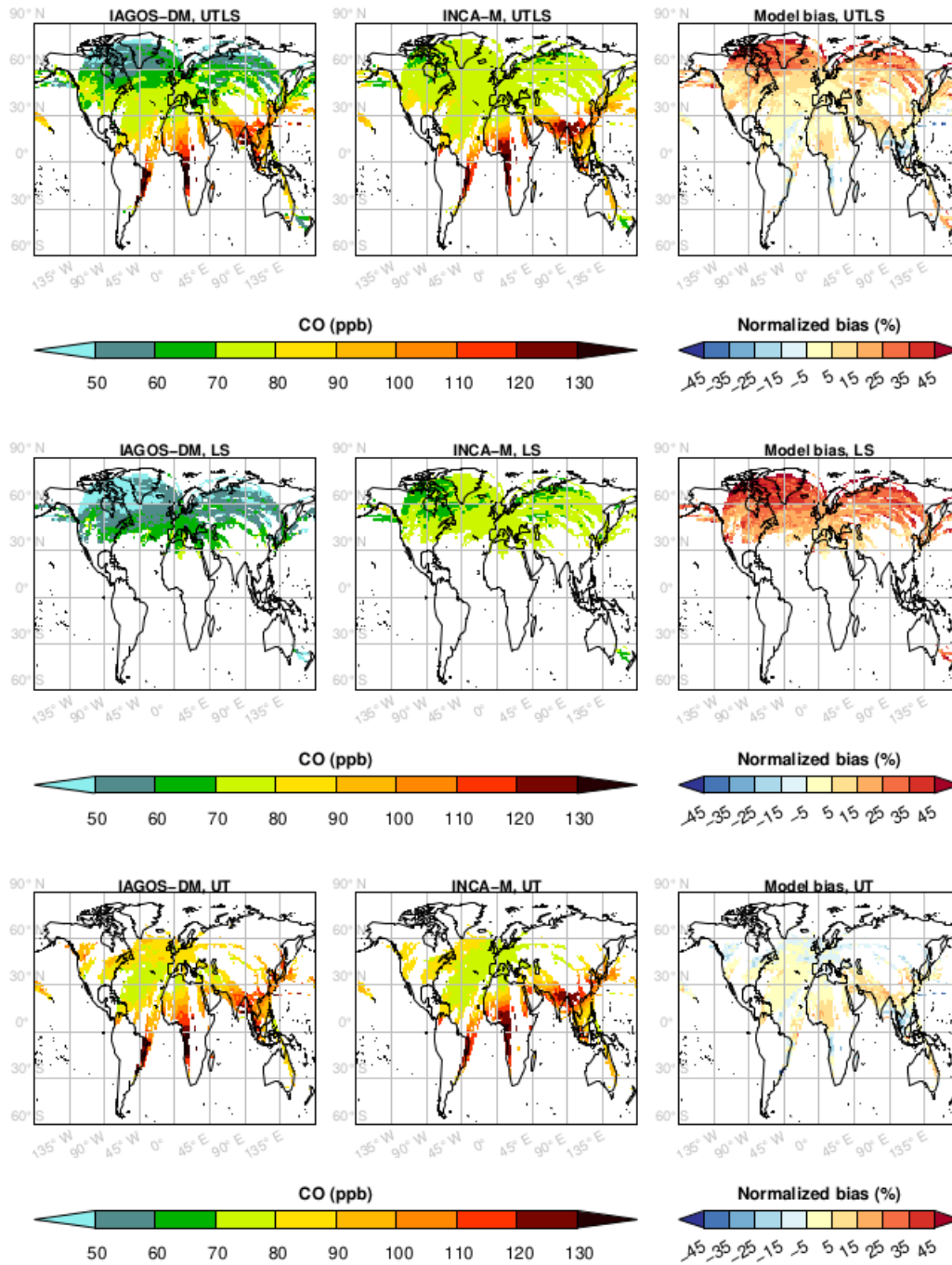


Figure 8. As Fig. 5 for boreal fall.

3 Reactive nitrogen

NO_y – DJF

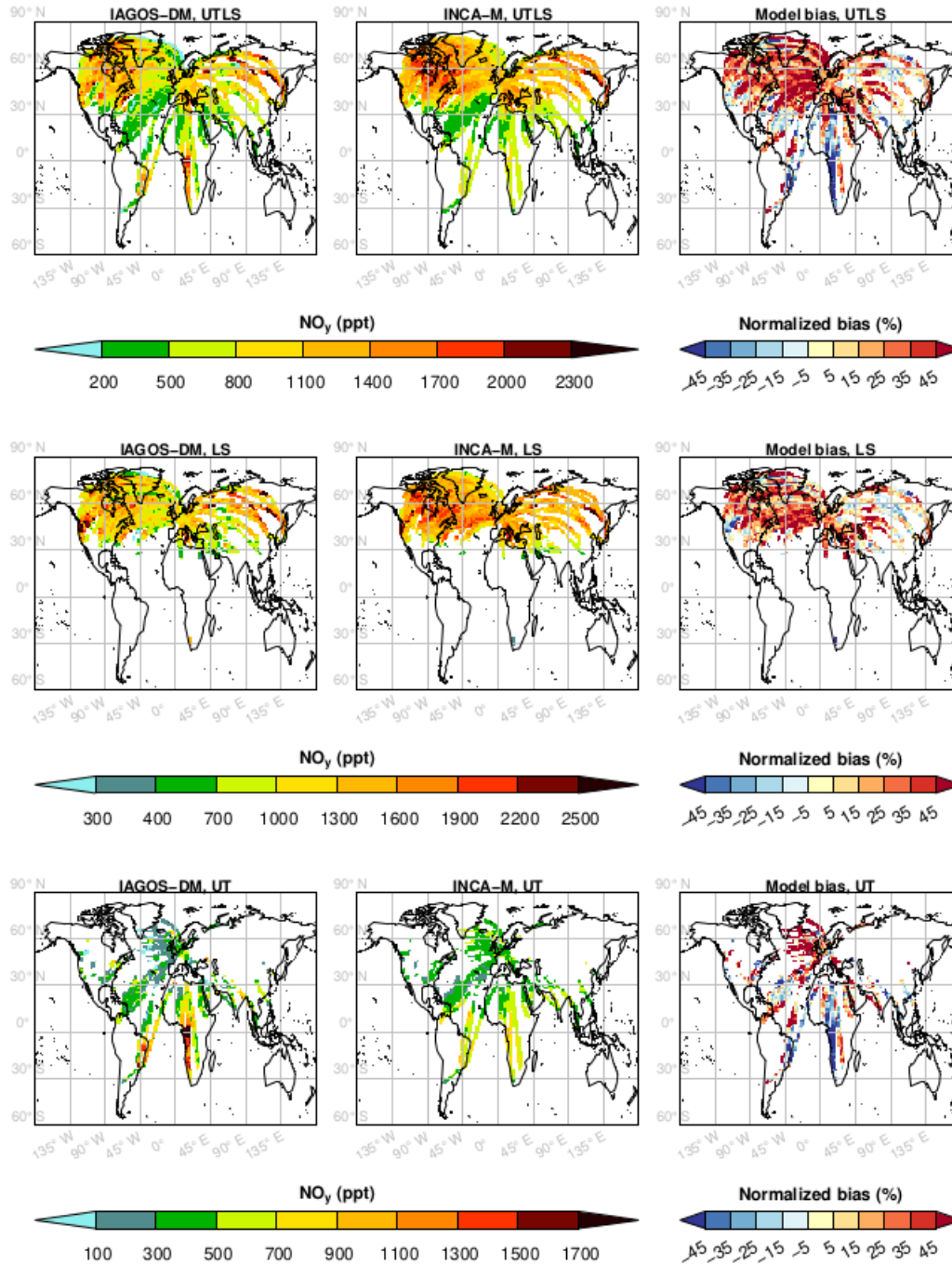


Figure 9. NO_y mean horizontal distributions during boreal winter from the end of 1999 until 2017, for the products IAGOS-DM (left) and INCA-M (middle), and the biases (right) normalized with respect to the mean values between the two products. Each row displays a layer, with the non-separated UTLS at the top and the distinct LS and UT below.

NO_y – MAM

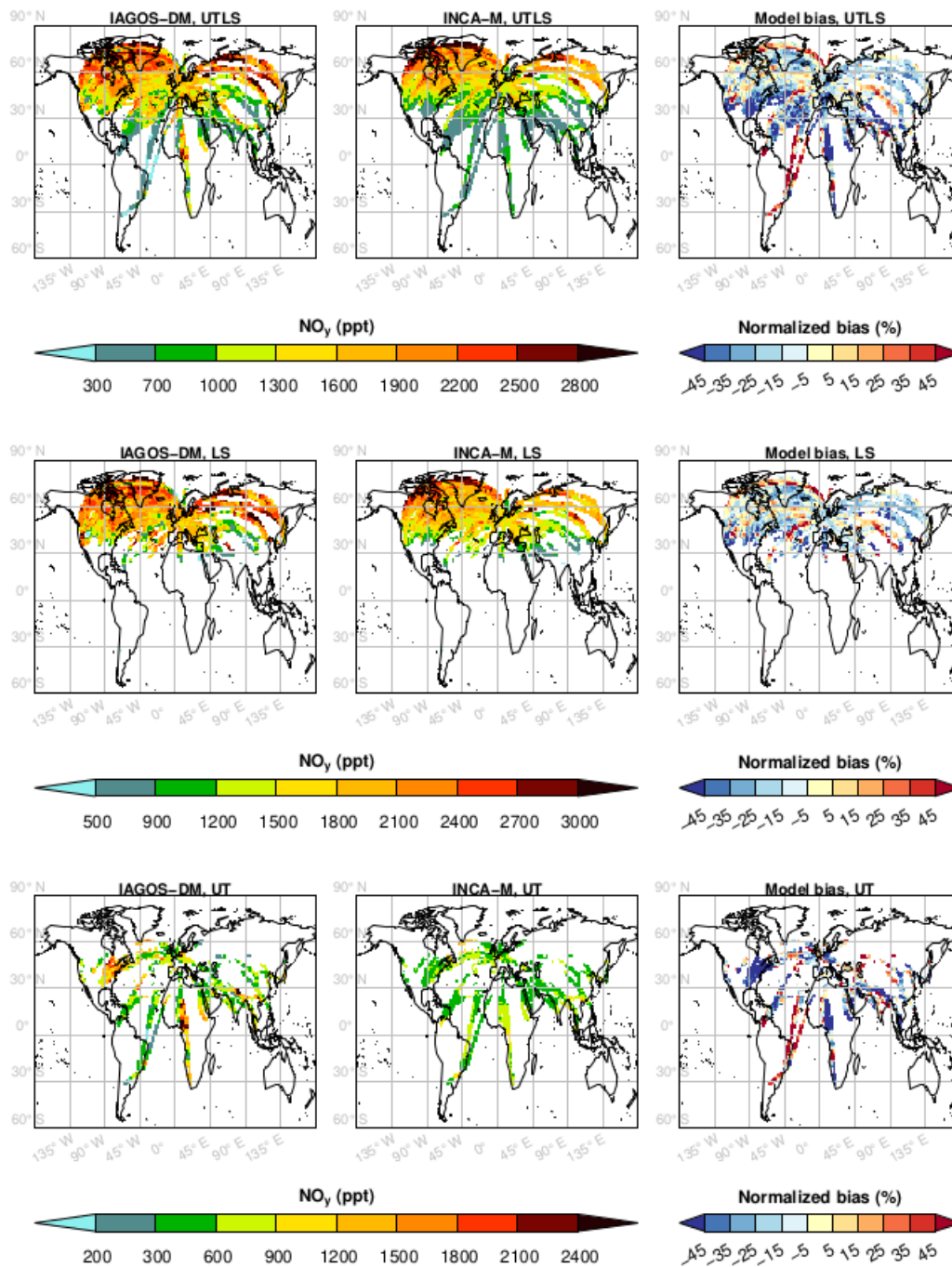


Figure 10. As Fig. 9 for boreal spring.

NO_y – JJA

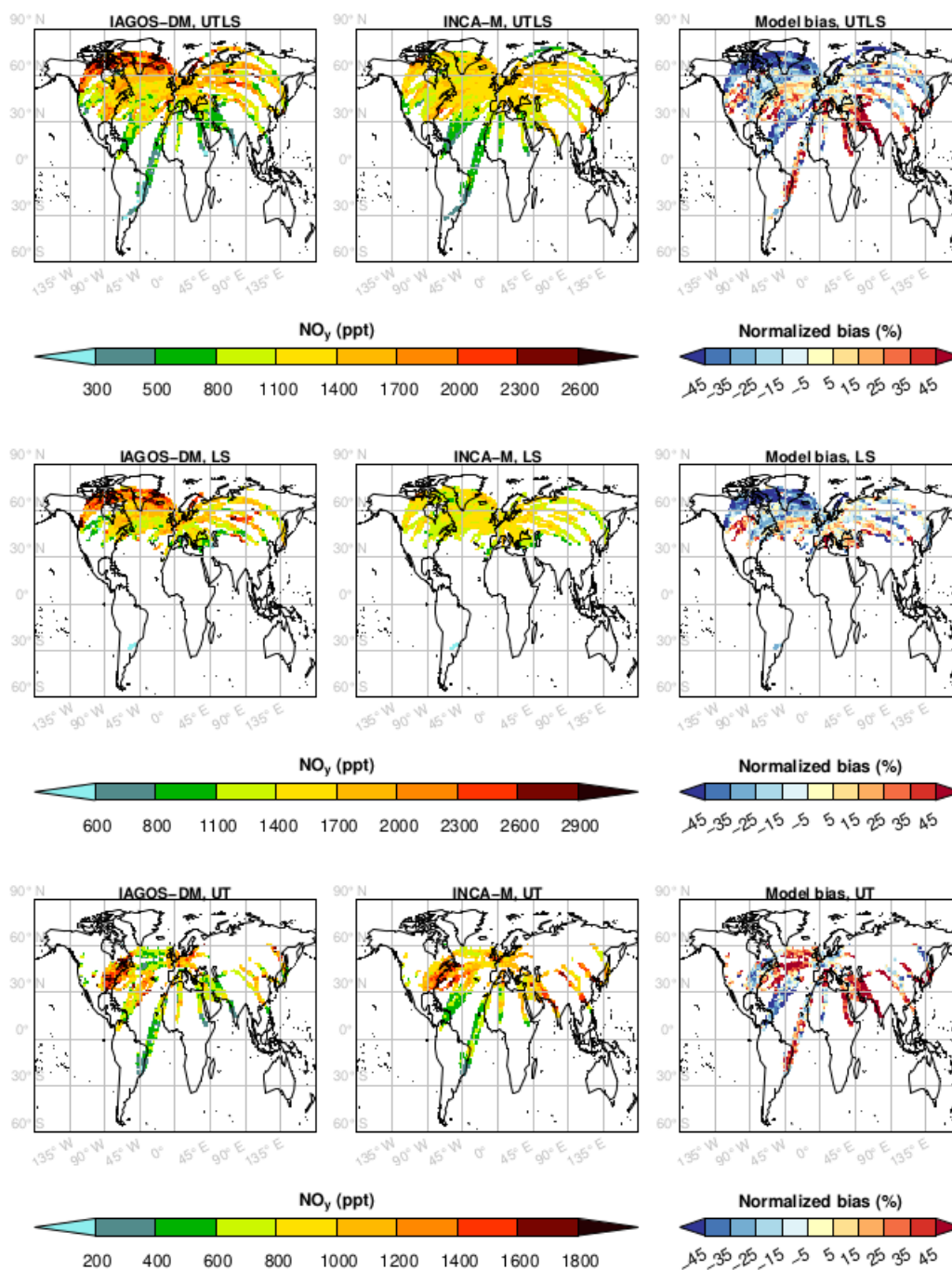


Figure 11. As Fig. 9 for boreal summer.

4 Water vapour

NO_y – SON

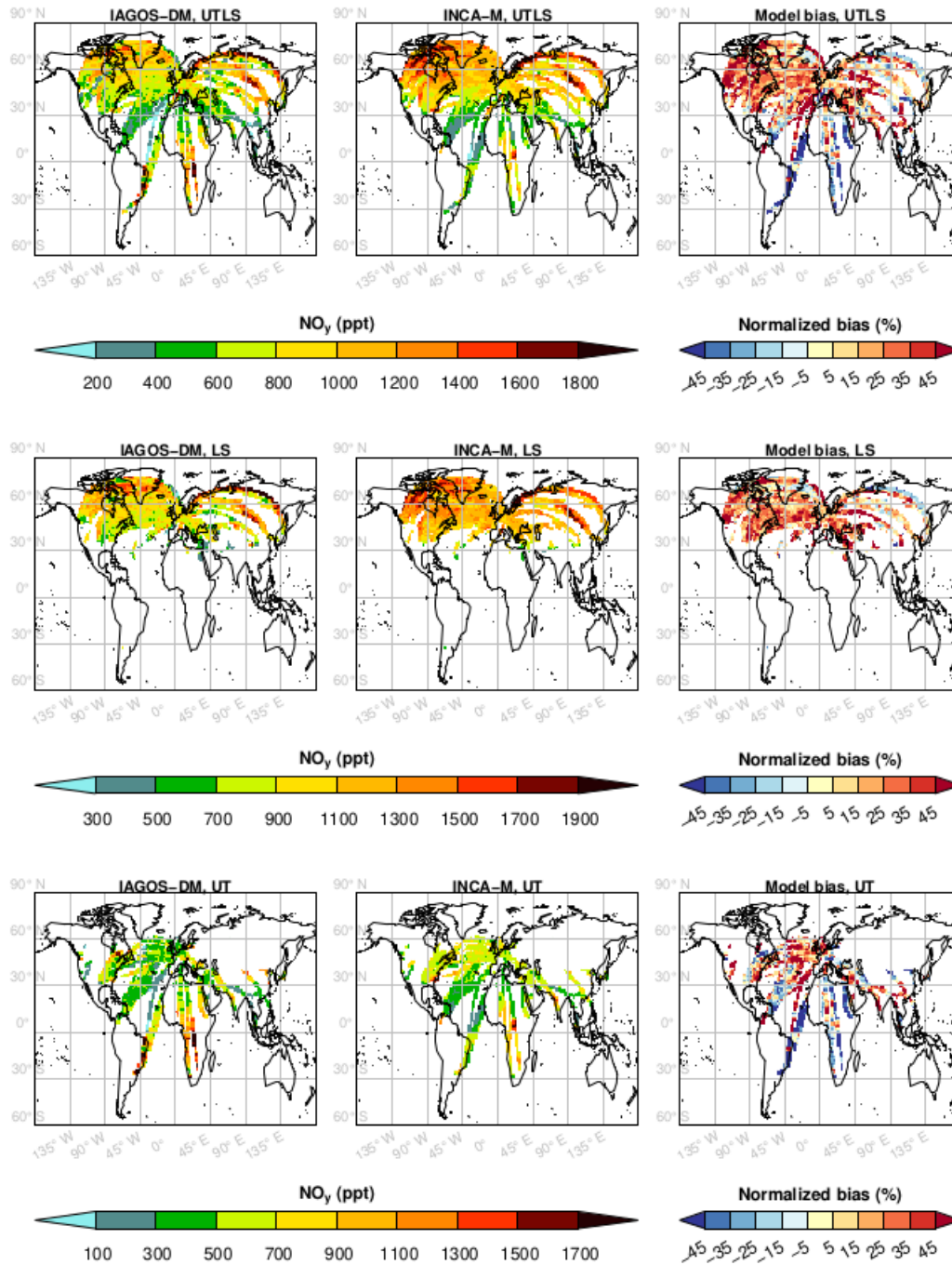


Figure 12. As Fig. 9 for boreal fall.

H₂O – DJF

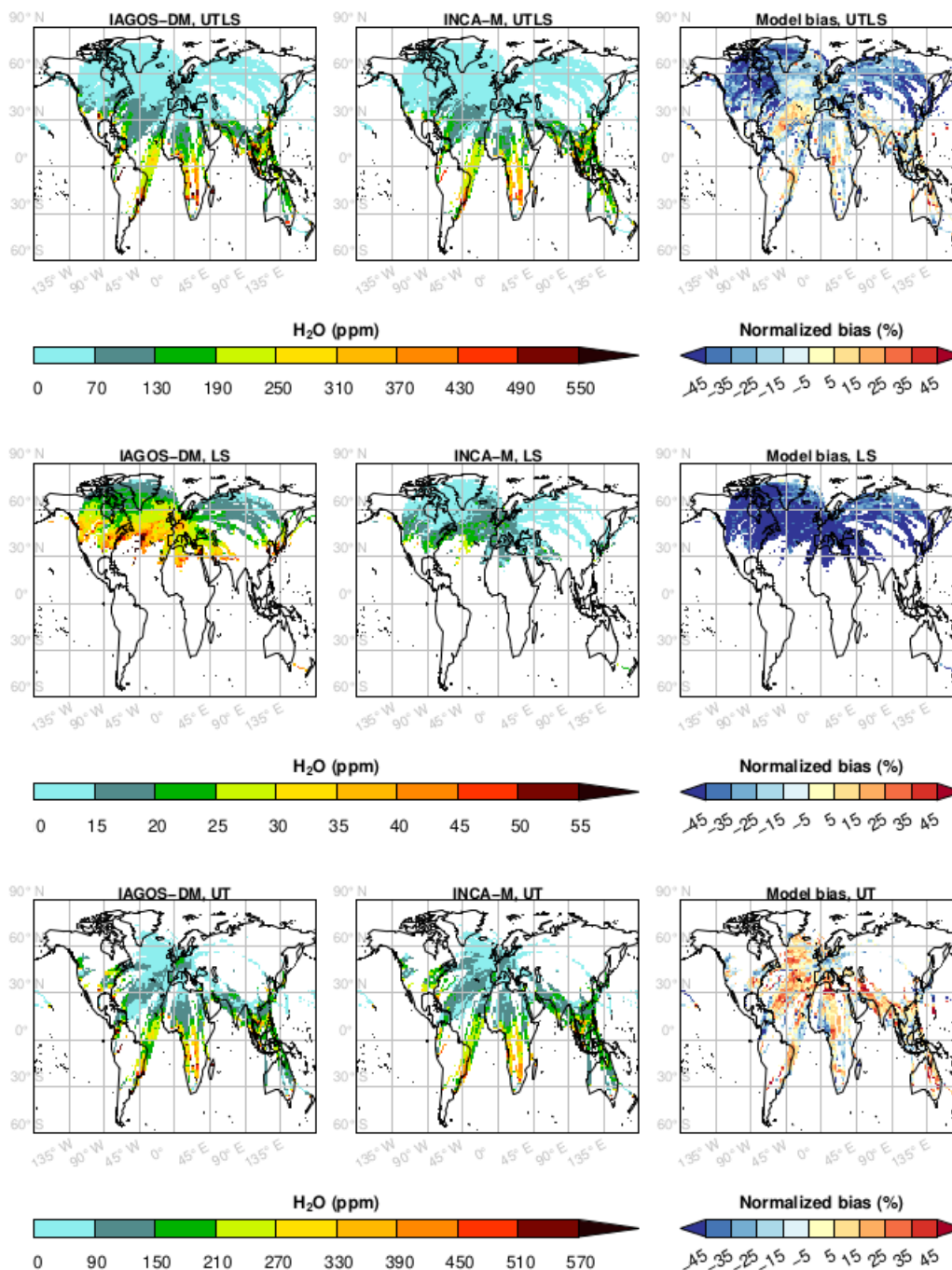


Figure 13. Water vapour mean horizontal distributions during boreal winter from the end of 1994 until 2017, for the products IAGOS-DM (left) and INCA-M (middle), and the biases (right) normalized with respect to the mean values between the two products. Each row displays a layer, with the non-separated UTLS at the top and the distinct LS and UT below. Please note that the LS climatology is representative of lower altitudes than for the other species, as explained in the manuscript.

H₂O – MAM

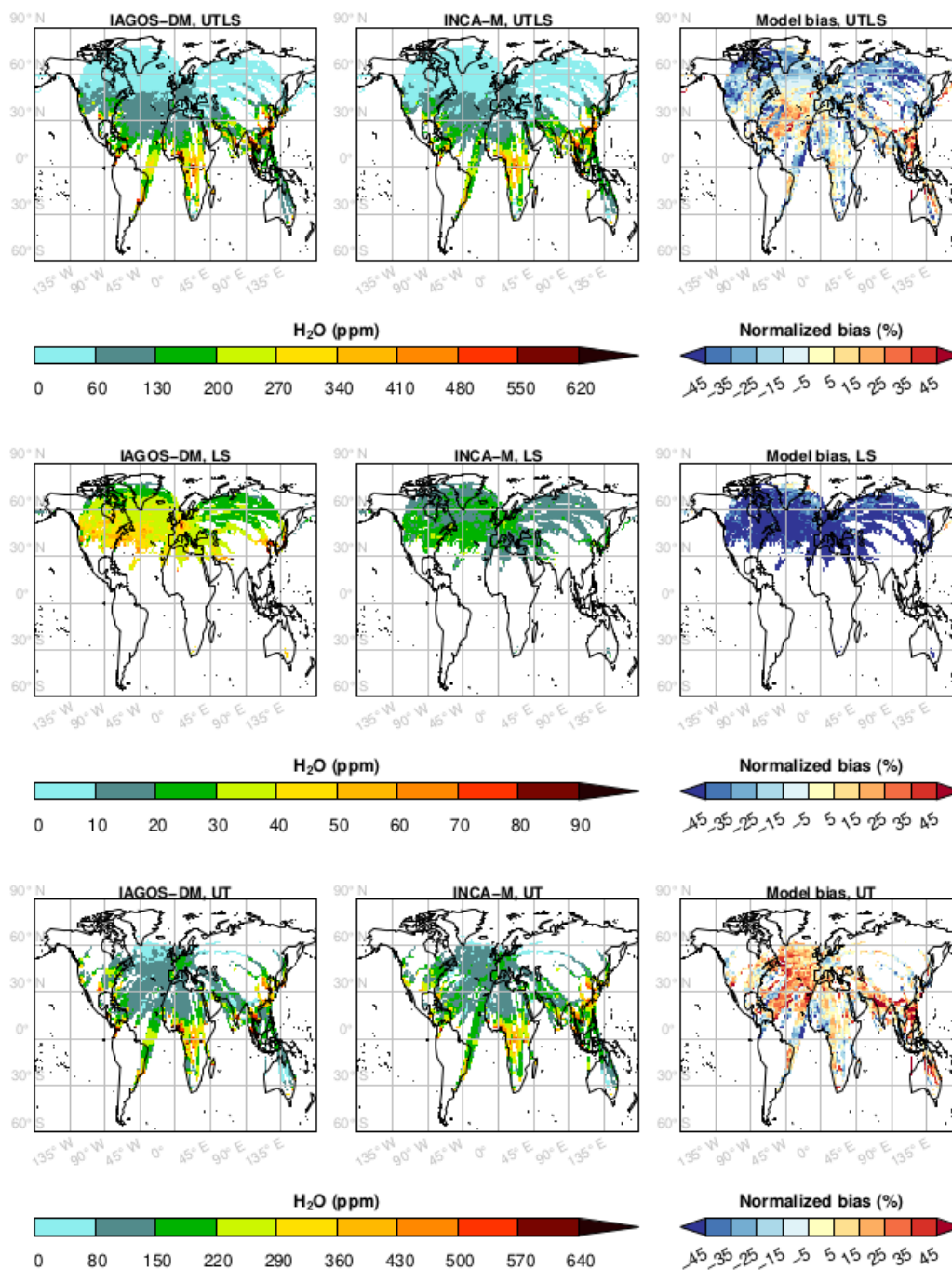


Figure 14. As Fig. 13 for boreal spring.

H₂O – JJA

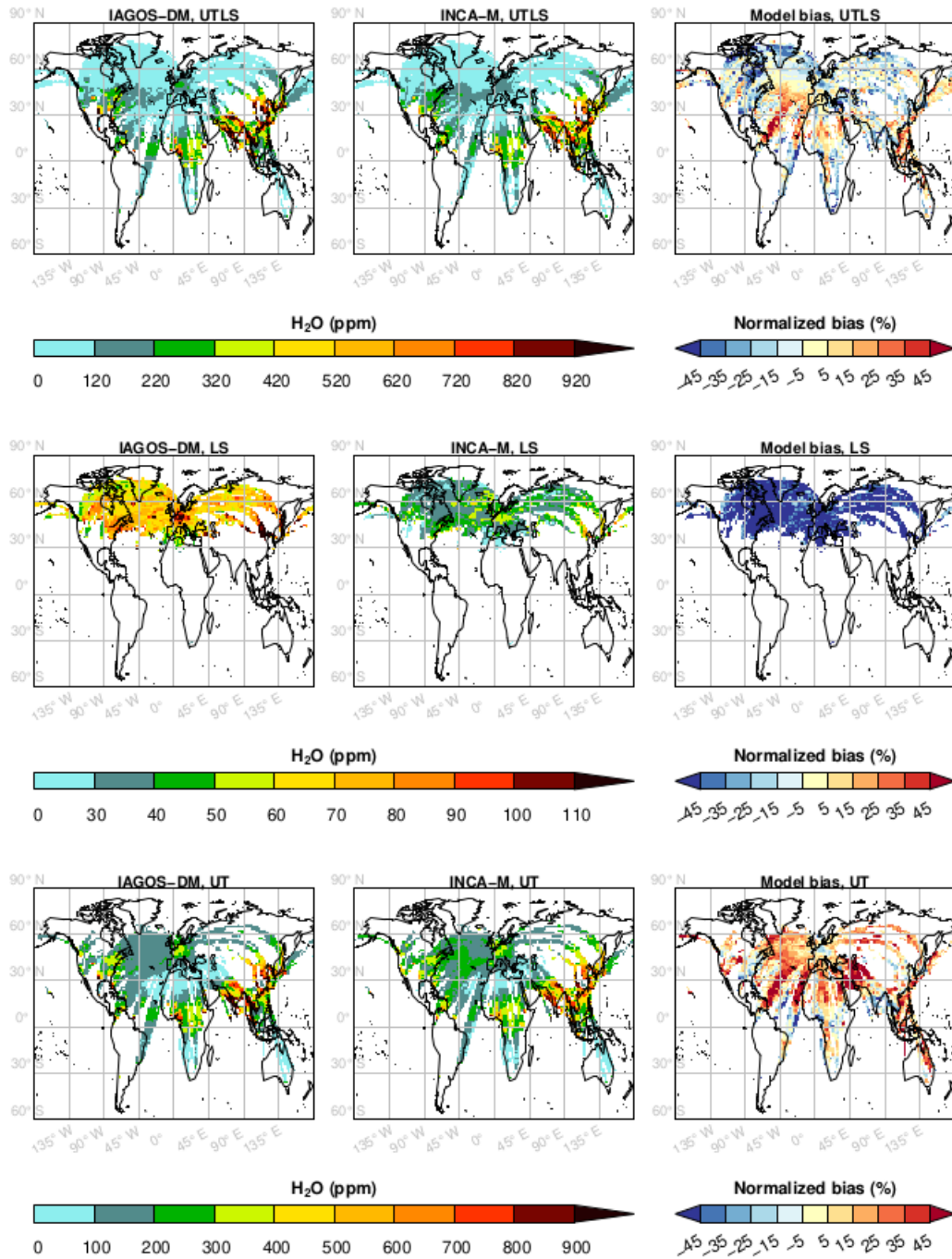


Figure 15. As Fig. 13 for boreal summer.

H₂O – SON

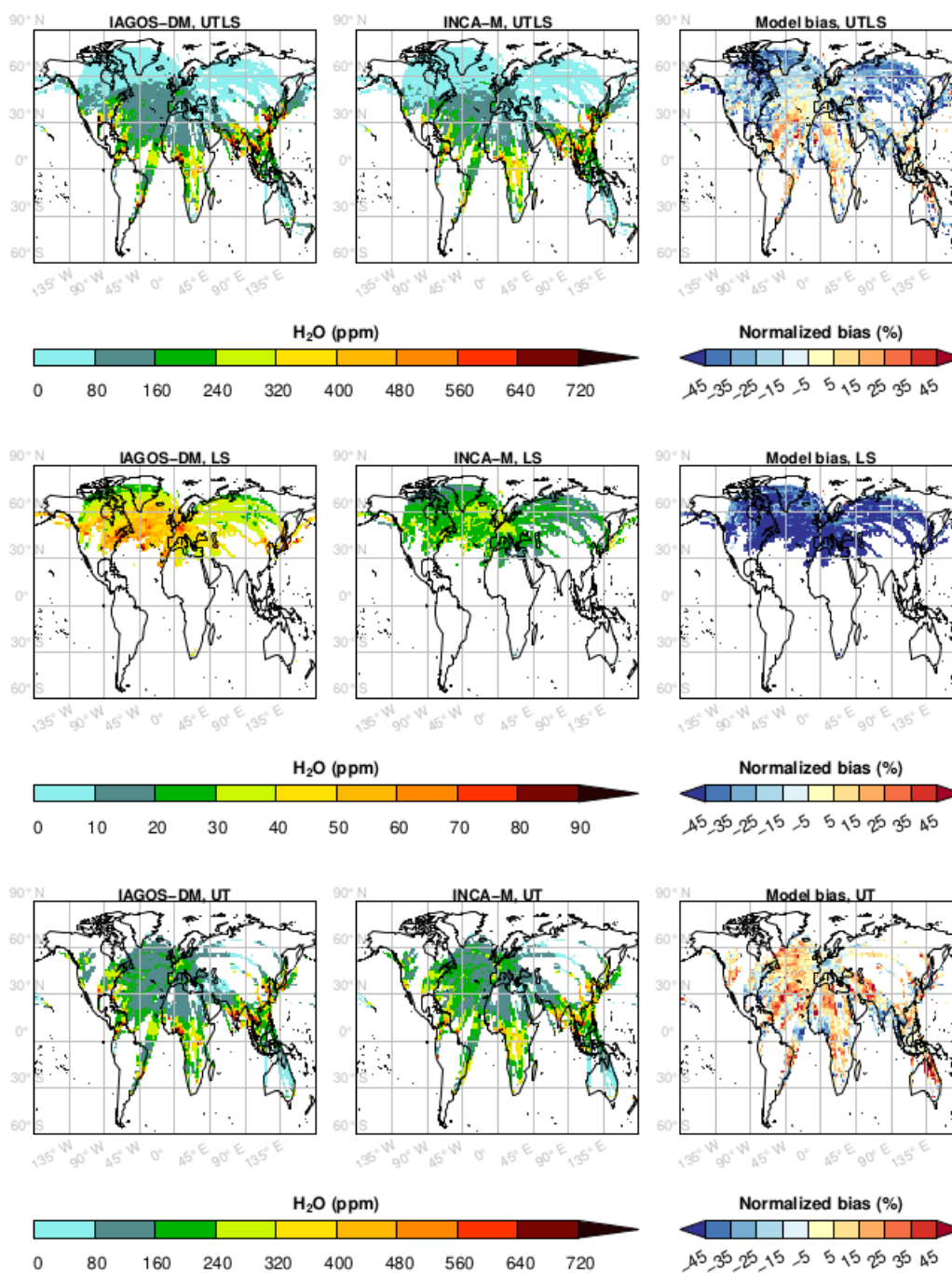


Figure 16. As Fig. 13 for boreal fall.