Supplement of

Formation and Loss of Light Absorbance by Phenolic Aqueous SOA by OH and an Organic Triplet Excited State

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| Section S1. Absorbance correction and MAC _{ArOH} determination | |
|---|--|
|---|--|

Table S1. Sampling time for ArOH oxidation reactions. Reaction times indicate approximately one, two, and three half-lives (i.e., $t_{1/2}$, $2t_{1/2}$, and $3t_{1/2}$) unless noted otherwise. ArOH concentrations were 100 µM except as marked. For •OH reactions, the H₂O₂ concentration was 5 mM, except for FA, SyrAcid and SA, which had 10 mM H₂O₂. For ³C* reactions, solutions contained 10 µM DMB, except for tyrosol, which had 5 µM DMB.

| Reaction Condition | •OH Reaction (min) | ³ C* Reaction (min) |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Tyrosol (TYR) | 110 | 150 |
| $t_{1/2}$ | 155 | 300 |
| | 235 | 450 |
| $2 t_{1/2}$ | 295 | $600 (0.85t_{1/2})$ |
| | 365 | 750 |
| $3 t_{1/2}$ | 415 | $1424 (2t_{1/2})$ |
| Guaiacylacetone (GA) | 70 | 90 |
| $t_{1/2}$ | 140 | 200 |
| | 215 | 300 |
| $2 t_{1/2}$ | 285 | 400 |
| | 330 | 520 |
| $3 t_{1/2}$ | 385 | 640 |
| Vanillyl alcohol (VAL) | 60 | 90 |
| $t_{1/2}$ | 143 | 130 |
| | 193 | 250 |
| $2 t_{1/2}$ | 258 | 432 |
| | 323 | 610 |
| $3 t_{1/2}$ | 378 | $1184 (3.4t_{1/2})$ |
| Ferulic acid (FA) (50 µM) | 60 | 120 |
| $t_{1/2}$ | 140 | $240 (0.43t_{1/2})$ |
| | 210 | 440 |
| $2 t_{1/2}$ | 280 | $680 (1.6t_{1/2})$ |
| | 350 | - |
| $3 t_{1/2}$ | 420 | 1170 $(3.8t_{1/2})$ |
| Syringic acid (SyrAcid) (50 µM) | 20 | 24 |
| $t_{1/2}$ | 45 | 48 |
| | 70 | 72 |
| $2 t_{1/2}$ | 85 | 96 |
| | 100 | 119 |
| $3 t_{1/2}$ | 120 | 131 |
| Syringylacetone (SA) (50 µM) | 20 | 27 |
| $t_{1/2}$ | 40 | 54 |
| | 60 | 81 |
| $2 t_{1/2}$ | 76 | $108 (2.2t_{1/2})$ |
| | 88 | 135 |
| $3 t_{1/2}$ | 98 | $157 (3.5t_{1/2})$ |

Table S2. Molar absorptivities for highly substituted ArOH. Base-10 molar absorption coefficients (ϵ) for aqueous ArOH determined from five different solutions of ArOH (25 μ M, 100 μ M, 500 μ M, 1.0 mM, and 2.0 mM) in a 1 cm cell. Plots are shown in Figure S3.

| Wave- | TYR | GA | VAL | trans- | FA ^a | cis-l | FA ^a | SyrA | cid ^b | SA |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|------------------|-------|
| length | | | | | | | | | | |
| (nm) | | | | pH 5 | pH 2 | pH 5 | pH 2 | pH 5 | pH 2 | |
| 200 | 12500 | 36200 | 43900 | 11500 | 8460 | 18400 | 15900 | 24000 | 15500 | 44200 |
| 201 | 9690 | 35400 | 43200 | 11600 | 8350 | 18300 | 15700 | 24300 | 15900 | 45200 |
| 202 | 7890 | 33400 | 40000 | 11700 | 8170 | 18300 | 15000 | 24900 | 16700 | 46600 |
| 203 | 7030 | 30700 | 37300 | 11800 | 7990 | 18400 | 14300 | 25500 | 17400 | 47300 |
| 204 | 6240 | 27700 | 33600 | 12000 | 7840 | 18500 | 13700 | 26300 | 18200 | 47500 |
| 205 | 5790 | 24200 | 29300 | 12200 | 7730 | 18800 | 13000 | 27000 | 19100 | 46700 |
| 206 | 5540 | 21100 | 24600 | 12500 | 7650 | 18900 | 12400 | 27700 | 19900 | 45100 |
| 207 | 5490 | 18400 | 20400 | 12800 | 7640 | 18900 | 11800 | 28200 | 20700 | 42700 |
| 208 | 5490 | 16000 | 16500 | 13200 | 7680 | 18900 | 11200 | 28700 | 21500 | 39800 |
| 209 | 5560 | 14100 | 13300 | 13600 | 7820 | 18900 | 10800 | 29100 | 22200 | 36500 |
| 210 | 5640 | 12600 | 10700 | 14100 | 8020 | 18900 | 10500 | 29300 | 22900 | 33300 |
| 211 | 5750 | 11300 | 8960 | 14500 | 8260 | 18800 | 10200 | 29400 | 23600 | 30300 |
| 212 | 5910 | 10400 | 7710 | 14900 | 8500 | 18600 | 10000 | 29500 | 24200 | 27500 |
| 213 | 6010 | 9630 | 6940 | 15200 | 8750 | 18500 | 9890 | 29600 | 24800 | 25100 |
| 214 | 6090 | 9050 | 6450 | 15500 | 9000 | 18300 | 9720 | 29400 | 25200 | 22900 |
| 215 | 6200 | 8580 | 6170 | 15700 | 9220 | 18000 | 9570 | 29200 | 25600 | 21000 |
| 216 | 6290 | 8180 | 6010 | 15900 | 9390 | 17600 | 9430 | 28700 | 25900 | 19400 |
| 217 | 6470 | 7860 | 5950 | 15900 | 9520 | 17200 | 9270 | 27900 | 26100 | 18000 |
| 218 | 6630 | 7590 | 5960 | 15800 | 9590 | 16700 | 9090 | 26900 | 26000 | 16900 |
| 219 | 6830 | 7350 | 6010 | 15700 | 9550 | 16200 | 8920 | 25600 | 25700 | 15900 |
| 220 | 6970 | 7160 | 6070 | 15300 | 9400 | 15600 | 8740 | 23500 | 25100 | 15000 |
| 221 | 7030 | 6970 | 6150 | 14900 | 9130 | 15000 | 8550 | 21800 | 24200 | 14300 |
| 222 | 7000 | 6800 | 6240 | 14500 | 8800 | 14400 | 8340 | 20100 | 23000 | 13600 |
| 223 | 6800 | 6640 | 6340 | 14100 | 8490 | 13800 | 8130 | 18000 | 21500 | 13000 |
| 224 | 6510 | 6480 | 6430 | 13800 | 8280 | 13200 | 7960 | 15600 | 19600 | 12500 |
| 225 | 6050 | 6330 | 6520 | 13700 | 8150 | 12600 | 7830 | 14100 | 17500 | 12100 |
| 226 | 5470 | 6180 | 6590 | 13600 | 8100 | 12100 | 7720 | 11800 | 15300 | 11700 |
| 227 | 4820 | 6030 | 6630 | 13600 | 8150 | 11600 | 7630 | 10200 | 13100 | 11300 |
| 228 | 4160 | 5880 | 6620 | 13600 | 8250 | 11100 | 7550 | 8150 | 11100 | 10900 |
| 229 | 3560 | 5710 | 6560 | 13500 | 8370 | 10700 | 7490 | 7080 | 9370 | 10600 |
| 230 | 2910 | 5520 | 6430 | 13500 | 8510 | 10300 | 7410 | 6180 | 7590 | 10200 |
| 231 | 2320 | 5290 | 6230 | 13400 | 8650 | 9910 | 7350 | 5450 | 6240 | 9870 |
| 232 | 1790 | 5040 | 5980 | 13200 | 8750 | 9520 | 7280 | 4880 | 5130 | 9530 |

| Wave- | TYR | GA | VAL | tran | s-FA | cis- | FA | Syr | Acid | SA |
|----------------|------|------|------|-------|------|-------|------|------|-------|------|
| length (nm) | | | | pH 5 | pH 2 | pH 5 | pH 2 | pH 5 | pH 2 | |
| 233 | 1390 | 4760 | 5670 | 13000 | 8830 | 9160 | 7190 | 4450 | 4230 | 9160 |
| 234 | 1070 | 4480 | 5300 | 12800 | 8860 | 8830 | 7090 | 4130 | 3460 | 8770 |
| 235 | 800 | 4170 | 4890 | 12600 | 8860 | 8510 | 6980 | 3900 | 2920 | 8350 |
| 236 | 605 | 3850 | 4450 | 12300 | 8830 | 8210 | 6860 | 3740 | 2510 | 7920 |
| 237 | 450 | 3520 | 3920 | 12000 | 8780 | 7920 | 6730 | 3650 | 2200 | 7480 |
| 238 | 344 | 3200 | 3450 | 11700 | 8710 | 7640 | 6590 | 3610 | 2000 | 7010 |
| 239 | 266 | 2890 | 3000 | 11400 | 8640 | 7410 | 6450 | 3630 | 1880 | 6520 |
| 240 | 208 | 2580 | 2550 | 11000 | 8550 | 7210 | 6300 | 3700 | 1820 | 6050 |
| 241 | 171 | 2300 | 2140 | 10600 | 8440 | 7050 | 6140 | 3820 | 1820 | 5590 |
| 242 | 146 | 2050 | 1750 | 10200 | 8300 | 6930 | 5980 | 3970 | 1870 | 5110 |
| 243 | 132 | 1810 | 1430 | 9730 | 8120 | 6830 | 5800 | 4170 | 1960 | 4650 |
| 244 | 125 | 1620 | 1140 | 9270 | 7900 | 6780 | 5630 | 4380 | 2080 | 4230 |
| 245 | 124 | 1450 | 925 | 8700 | 7640 | 6780 | 5440 | 4630 | 2240 | 3830 |
| 246 | 129 | 1310 | 752 | 8240 | 7360 | 6800 | 5240 | 4900 | 2410 | 3470 |
| 247 | 137 | 1190 | 619 | 7780 | 7040 | 6840 | 5060 | 5180 | 2610 | 3150 |
| 248 | 149 | 1090 | 517 | 7330 | 6690 | 6930 | 4870 | 5480 | 2840 | 2840 |
| 249 | 163 | 1010 | 445 | 6910 | 6320 | 7040 | 4700 | 5790 | 3080 | 2570 |
| 250 | 182 | 947 | 399 | 6510 | 5950 | 7160 | 4530 | 6090 | 3330 | 2350 |
| 251 | 203 | 895 | 372 | 6160 | 5560 | 7320 | 4350 | 6410 | 3610 | 2150 |
| 252 | 226 | 855 | 361 | 5860 | 5070 | 7490 | 4280 | 6710 | 3950 | 1980 |
| 253 | 258 | 827 | 363 | 5610 | 4690 | 7680 | 4100 | 7030 | 4270 | 1840 |
| 254 | 289 | 810 | 377 | 5410 | 4320 | 7890 | 3950 | 7330 | 4600 | 1720 |
| 255 | 327 | 804 | 402 | 5280 | 3990 | 8120 | 3840 | 7630 | 4950 | 1630 |
| 256 | 367 | 810 | 437 | 5210 | 3690 | 8370 | 3740 | 7900 | 5320 | 1550 |
| 257 | 416 | 827 | 480 | 5210 | 3460 | 8610 | 3670 | 8140 | 5700 | 1480 |
| 258 | 468 | 856 | 533 | 5270 | 3270 | 8860 | 3630 | 8370 | 6090 | 1440 |
| 259 | 524 | 897 | 596 | 5400 | 3130 | 9090 | 3610 | 8550 | 6480 | 1420 |
| 260 | 583 | 949 | 667 | 5590 | 3060 | 9290 | 3620 | 8710 | 6870 | 1410 |
| 261 | 645 | 1010 | 747 | 5820 | 3040 | 9480 | 3640 | 8830 | 7250 | 1410 |
| 262 | 711 | 1080 | 835 | 6100 | 3060 | 9650 | 3680 | 8900 | 7750 | 1430 |
| 263 | 785 | 1170 | 933 | 6440 | 3120 | 9810 | 3760 | 8920 | 8120 | 1450 |
| 264 | 862 | 1270 | 1040 | 6810 | 3230 | 9930 | 3850 | 8910 | 8480 | 1480 |
| 265 | 944 | 1370 | 1150 | 7210 | 3370 | 10000 | 3920 | 8850 | 8810 | 1520 |
| 266 | 1030 | 1480 | 1260 | 7630 | 3540 | 10100 | 4020 | 8760 | 9090 | 1560 |
| 267 | 1100 | 1590 | 1400 | 8060 | 3730 | 10200 | 4140 | 8630 | 9350 | 1610 |
| 268 | 1180 | 1710 | 1520 | 8490 | 3960 | 10200 | 4260 | 8470 | 9590 | 1640 |
| 269 | 1240 | 1830 | 1650 | 8850 | 4190 | 10100 | 4390 | 8280 | 9790 | 1680 |
| 270 | 1300 | 1950 | 1770 | 9270 | 4440 | 10100 | 4490 | 8080 | 9960 | 1710 |
| 271 | 1360 | 2080 | 1890 | 9720 | 4710 | 9940 | 4590 | 7860 | 10000 | 1740 |
| 272 | 1420 | 2200 | 2020 | 10200 | 4990 | 9790 | 4670 | 7620 | 10100 | 1770 |

| Wave- | TYR | GA | VAL | tran | s-FA | cis- | FA | Syr | Acid | SA |
|----------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-------|------|
| length (nm) | | | | pH 5 | pH 2 | pH 5 | pH 2 | pH 5 | pH 2 | |
| 273 | 1480 | 2320 | 2140 | 10600 | 5420 | 9580 | 4770 | 7360 | 10200 | 1780 |
| 274 | 1530 | 2440 | 2260 | 11100 | 5730 | 9350 | 4890 | 7100 | 10200 | 1790 |
| 275 | 1570 | 2550 | 2370 | 11500 | 6050 | 9100 | 5020 | 6840 | 10200 | 1800 |
| 276 | 1570 | 2660 | 2460 | 11900 | 6380 | 8850 | 5140 | 6570 | 10200 | 1800 |
| 277 | 1540 | 2750 | 2520 | 12300 | 6730 | 8610 | 5240 | 6310 | 10100 | 1810 |
| 278 | 1480 | 2820 | 2570 | 12700 | 7080 | 8370 | 5310 | 6050 | 10000 | 1810 |
| 279 | 1420 | 2860 | 2590 | 13100 | 7430 | 8140 | 5380 | 5810 | 9960 | 1820 |
| 280 | 1360 | 2880 | 2570 | 13400 | 7780 | 7940 | 5450 | 5560 | 9800 | 1820 |
| 281 | 1330 | 2870 | 2520 | 13700 | 8110 | 7750 | 5550 | 5320 | 9620 | 1810 |
| 282 | 1290 | 2830 | 2440 | 14000 | 8430 | 7580 | 5660 | 5080 | 9430 | 1790 |
| 283 | 1210 | 2780 | 2360 | 14200 | 8740 | 7430 | 5780 | 4840 | 9220 | 1750 |
| 284 | 1080 | 2710 | 2290 | 14400 | 9030 | 7310 | 5870 | 4610 | 9010 | 1700 |
| 285 | 897 | 2640 | 2180 | 14600 | 9300 | 7210 | 5930 | 4370 | 8790 | 1630 |
| 286 | 708 | 2540 | 2000 | 14700 | 9550 | 7130 | 5970 | 4130 | 8560 | 1570 |
| 287 | 526 | 2410 | 1750 | 14800 | 9780 | 7070 | 6020 | 3900 | 8340 | 1520 |
| 288 | 376 | 2240 | 1450 | 14900 | 9990 | 7020 | 6090 | 3670 | 8110 | 1480 |
| 289 | 255 | 2030 | 1100 | 14900 | 10200 | 7000 | 6170 | 3400 | 7870 | 1460 |
| 290 | 170 | 1800 | 836 | 14900 | 10500 | 6990 | 6260 | 3180 | 7550 | 1440 |
| 291 | 112 | 1580 | 607 | 14900 | 10700 | 6990 | 6300 | 2960 | 7300 | 1430 |
| 292 | 71 | 1370 | 424 | 14800 | 10800 | 7000 | 6330 | 2740 | 7040 | 1420 |
| 293 | 45.3 | 1200 | 289 | 14700 | 11000 | 7020 | 6380 | 2520 | 6770 | 1420 |
| 294 | 28 | 1050 | 192 | 14700 | 11100 | 7040 | 6440 | 2310 | 6490 | 1410 |
| 295 | 17.7 | 924 | 125 | 14600 | 11200 | 7040 | 6490 | 2100 | 6190 | 1400 |
| 296 | 11 | 828 | 81.5 | 14500 | 11200 | 7050 | 6540 | 1900 | 5890 | 1400 |
| 297 | 6.7 | 748 | 52.5 | 14500 | 11300 | 7040 | 6570 | 1700 | 5570 | 1400 |
| 298 | 4.0 | 682 | 34.1 | 14500 | 11300 | 7020 | 6640 | 1500 | 5230 | 1400 |
| 299 | 2.5 | 628 | 22.1 | 14500 | 11400 | 6980 | 6690 | 1320 | 4900 | 1390 |
| 300 | 1.5 | 582 | 14.4 | 14600 | 11400 | 6920 | 6730 | 1210 | 4560 | 1380 |
| 301 | 0.93 | 542 | 9.3 | 14700 | 11500 | 6840 | 6770 | 1050 | 4200 | 1370 |
| 302 | 0.56 | 508 | 6.1 | 14800 | 11500 | 6750 | 6810 | 909 | 3800 | 1360 |
| 303 | 0.35 | 478 | 3.9 | 14900 | 11600 | 6650 | 6860 | 787 | 3450 | 1350 |
| 304 | 0.23 | 452 | 2.6 | 15000 | 11700 | 6530 | 6880 | 677 | 3120 | 1330 |
| 305 | 0.14 | 428 | 1.7 | 15100 | 11800 | 6370 | 6900 | 581 | 2800 | 1320 |
| 306 | 0 | 407 | 1.3 | 15200 | 11900 | 6210 | 6910 | 498 | 2480 | 1310 |
| 307 | | 387 | 0.98 | 15400 | 12100 | 6030 | 6920 | 426 | 2180 | 1300 |
| 308 | | 369 | 0.75 | 15500 | 12200 | 5850 | 6940 | 364 | 1910 | 1280 |
| 309 | | 353 | 0.57 | 15600 | 12300 | 5670 | 6960 | 311 | 1660 | 1260 |
| 310 | | 338 | 0.43 | 15700 | 12500 | 5470 | 6980 | 264 | 1430 | 1240 |
| 311 | | 323 | 0.33 | 15800 | 12700 | 5260 | 6990 | 222 | 1220 | 1220 |
| 312 | | 310 | 0.25 | 15800 | 12900 | 5040 | 6970 | 189 | 1030 | 1200 |

| wave | TYR | GA | VAL | tran | s-FA | cis- | FA | Syr | Acid | SA |
|------|-----|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| (nm) | | | | pH 5 | pH 2 | pH 5 | pH 2 | pH 5 | pH 2 | |
| 313 | | 297 | 0.19 | 15800 | 13100 | 4800 | 6920 | 156 | 889 | 1170 |
| 314 | | 284 | 0.15 | 15800 | 13300 | 4550 | 6880 | 127 | 739 | 1140 |
| 315 | | 273 | 0.11 | 15700 | 13500 | 4310 | 6840 | 104 | 610 | 1110 |
| 316 | | 263 | 0 | 15700 | 13600 | 4080 | 6790 | 81.8 | 496 | 1080 |
| 317 | | 252 | | 15500 | 13800 | 3850 | 6760 | 66.1 | 401 | 1060 |
| 318 | | 242 | | 15400 | 13900 | 3620 | 6700 | 52.8 | 323 | 1020 |
| 319 | | 232 | | 15100 | 14000 | 3440 | 6610 | 41.7 | 257 | 994 |
| 320 | | 222 | | 14900 | 14100 | 3270 | 6530 | 33.3 | 204 | 962 |
| 321 | | 213 | | 14600 | 14200 | 3110 | 6480 | 26.6 | 161 | 928 |
| 322 | | 204 | | 14300 | 14200 | 2970 | 6410 | 21.2 | 126 | 892 |
| 323 | | 195 | | 13800 | 14200 | 2850 | 6300 | 16.8 | 97.9 | 856 |
| 324 | | 186 | | 13400 | 14100 | 2740 | 6180 | 14.1 | 76.5 | 824 |
| 325 | | 178 | | 13000 | 14100 | 2640 | 6080 | 11.7 | 60.0 | 792 |
| 326 | | 169 | | 12500 | 13900 | 2570 | 5970 | 9.8 | 46.5 | 756 |
| 327 | | 161 | | 12000 | 13800 | 2500 | 5830 | 8.2 | 35.9 | 710 |
| 328 | | 152 | | 11500 | 13600 | 2430 | 5720 | 6.8 | 27.5 | 674 |
| 329 | | 144 | | 10900 | 13400 | 2370 | 5570 | 5.7 | 21.2 | 642 |
| 330 | | 136 | | 10400 | 13200 | 2290 | 5400 | 4.6 | 16.5 | 598 |
| 331 | | 127 | | 9770 | 12900 | 2220 | 5240 | 3.8 | 12.6 | 558 |
| 332 | | 119 | | 9180 | 12500 | 2150 | 5070 | 3.0 | 9.7 | 524 |
| 333 | | 111 | | 8610 | 12200 | 2100 | 4920 | 2.6 | 7.5 | 494 |
| 334 | | 103 | | 8050 | 11800 | 2070 | 4740 | 2.4 | 5.8 | 458 |
| 335 | | 96 | | 7500 | 11400 | 2030 | 4570 | 1.9 | 4.4 | 422 |
| 336 | | 89.3 | | 6950 | 11000 | 2000 | 4370 | 1.7 | 3.6 | 390 |
| 337 | | 82.8 | | 6410 | 10500 | 1940 | 4150 | 1.4 | 3.1 | 362 |
| 338 | | 76.7 | | 5910 | 9940 | 1890 | 3920 | 0.99 | 2.6 | 336 |
| 339 | | 70.9 | | 5440 | 9460 | 1810 | 3730 | 0.81 | 2.0 | 306 |
| 340 | | 65.5 | | 5000 | 8970 | 1730 | 3470 | 0.68 | 1.7 | 284 |
| 341 | | 60.8 | | 4610 | 8490 | 1640 | 3320 | 0.64 | 1.6 | 260 |
| 342 | | 56.6 | | 4240 | 8010 | 1570 | 3160 | 0.62 | 1.4 | 240 |
| 343 | | 53.1 | | 3890 | 7560 | 1490 | 3000 | 0.75 | 1.3 | 218 |
| 344 | | 49.5 | | 3560 | 7120 | 1420 | 2830 | 0.61 | 0 | 204 |
| 345 | | 46.4 | | 3270 | 6680 | 1340 | 2670 | 0.29 | | 188 |
| 346 | | 43.5 | | 3000 | 6260 | 1260 | 2520 | 0.27 | | 168 |
| 347 | | 40.8 | | 2740 | 5830 | 1190 | 2390 | 0.17 | | 158 |
| 348 | | 38.5 | | 2510 | 5420 | 1150 | 2260 | 0 | | 152 |
| 349 | | 36.4 | | 2290 | 4920 | 1100 | 2120 | | | 148 |
| 350 | | 34.5 | | 2090 | 4550 | 1050 | 1990 | | | 144 |
| 351 | | 32.6 | | 1890 | 4180 | 974 | 1860 | | | 138 |
| 352 | | 30.8 | | 1710 | 3810 | 898 | 1720 | | | 126 |
| 353 | | 29.3 | | 1530 | 3480 | 828 | 1590 | | | 118 |

| wave | TYR | GA | VAL | tran | s-FA | cis- | FA | Syr | Acid | SA |
|----------------|-----|---------|-----|------|-------|------|-------|------|------|-----|
| length (nm) | | | | pH 5 | pH 2 | pH 5 | pH 2 | pH 5 | pH 2 | |
| | | • • • • | | 1000 | 21.50 | | 1.1=0 | | | 100 |
| 354 | | 28.0 | | 1380 | 3150 | 760 | 1470 | | | 122 |
| 355 | | 26.5 | | 1230 | 2850 | 692 | 1360 | | | 116 |
| 356 | | 24.9 | | 1100 | 2570 | 627 | 1250 | | | 108 |
| 357 | | 23.6 | | 977 | 2300 | 568 | 1150 | | | 106 |
| 358 | | 22.4 | | 870 | 2060 | 515 | 1050 | | | 96 |
| 359 | | 21.4 | | 771 | 1830 | 467 | 960 | | | 86 |
| 360 | | 20.2 | | 682 | 1630 | 424 | 873 | | | 88 |
| 361 | | 19.2 | | 602 | 1450 | 381 | 789 | | | 84 |
| 362 | | 18.8 | | 533 | 1290 | 342 | 719 | | | 72 |
| 363 | | 18.1 | | 471 | 1150 | 306 | 657 | | | 68 |
| 364 | | 17.1 | | 417 | 1010 | 275 | 601 | | | 74 |
| 365 | | 16.4 | | 366 | 896 | 246 | 545 | | | 70 |
| 366 | | 15.8 | | 322 | 788 | 221 | 489 | | | 68 |
| 367 | | 15.0 | | 281 | 690 | 196 | 437 | | | 72 |
| 368 | | 14.2 | | 244 | 601 | 173 | 388 | | | 72 |
| 369 | | 13.4 | | 212 | 523 | 153 | 350 | | | 70 |
| 370 | | 12.7 | | 184 | 454 | 135 | 316 | | | 66 |
| 371 | | 12.4 | | 159 | 393 | 118 | 281 | | | 62 |
| 372 | | 11.9 | | 137 | 337 | 103 | 248 | | | 60 |
| 373 | | 11.3 | | 118 | 290 | 90.7 | 218 | | | 60 |
| 374 | | 10.6 | | 101 | 250 | 79.6 | 193 | | | 56 |
| 375 | | 10.1 | | 86.6 | 213 | 69.2 | 171 | | | 52 |
| 376 | | 9.6 | | 73.8 | 181 | 60.3 | 153 | | | 54 |
| 377 | | 9.1 | | 63.1 | 154 | 52.3 | 135 | | | 54 |
| 378 | | 8.7 | | 54.2 | 131 | 45.3 | 119 | | | 44 |
| 379 | | 8.5 | | 46.8 | 113 | 39.7 | 105 | | | 44 |
| 380 | | 8.2 | | 40.3 | 97 | 34.7 | 92 | | | 46 |
| 381 | | 7.7 | | 34.4 | 83 | 30.1 | 80 | | | 46 |
| 382 | | 7.3 | | 29.5 | 71 | 26.3 | 69 | | | 38 |
| 383 | | 7.0 | | 25.6 | 60 | 22.5 | 62 | | | 34 |
| 384 | | 6.7 | | 22 | 51 | 19.1 | 55 | | | 40 |
| 385 | | 6.5 | | 19 | 43 | 16.7 | 51 | | | 40 |
| 386 | | 6.3 | | 16.2 | 37 | 14.8 | 44 | | | 38 |
| 387 | | 5.9 | | 13.4 | 31 | 12.3 | 37 | | | 34 |
| 388 | | 5.7 | | 11 | 26 | 10.6 | 33 | | | 26 |
| 389 | | 5.4 | | 9.3 | 22 | 8.4 | 28 | | | 30 |
| 390 | | 5.1 | | 8.0 | 18 | 6.7 | 22 | | | 28 |
| 391 | | 5.0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 22 |
| 392 | | 4.9 | | | | | | | | 20 |
| 393 | | 4.6 | | | | | | | | 18 |
| 394 | | 4.2 | | | | | | | | 20 |

| $\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c } \hline pH 5 & pH 2 & pH 5 & pH 2 & pH 5 & pH 2 \\ \hline pH 5 & pH 2 & pH 5 & pH 2 & pH 5 & pH 2 \\ \hline 395 & 3.9 & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$ |
|---|
| (nm) (nm) <th< td=""></th<> |
| 395 3.9 18 396 3.9 16 397 3.8 12 398 3.6 12 399 3.3 14 400 3.1 12 401 3.1 0 402 3.0 0 403 2.9 0 404 2.8 0 405 2.7 0 406 2.6 0 406 2.6 0 408 2.4 0 409 2.2 0 0 411 2.0 0 0 412 2.0 0 0 413 1.8 0 0 414 1.7 0 0 414 1.7 0 0 413 1.8 0 0 414 1.7 0 0 416 1.7 0 0 416 1.7 0 0< |
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| 415 1.7 416 1.7 417 1.7 418 1.6 |
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| 427 1.1 |
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| Wave- | TYR | GA | VAL | trans | s-FA | cis- | FA | Syr | Acid | SA |
|--------|-----|------|-----|-------|------|------|------|------|------|----|
| length | | | | | - | | T | | | |
| (nm) | | | | pH 5 | pH 2 | рН 5 | pH 2 | pH 5 | pH 2 | |
| 437 | | 0.61 | | | | | | | | |
| 438 | | 0.60 | | | | | | | | |
| 439 | | 0.70 | | | | | | | | |
| 440 | | 0.75 | | | | | | | | |
| 441 | | 0.70 | | | | | | | | |
| 442 | | 0.52 | | | | | | | | |
| 443 | | 0.49 | | | | | | | | |
| 444 | | 0.53 | | | | | | | | |
| 445 | | 0.44 | | | | | | | | |
| 446 | | 0.37 | | | | | | | | |
| 447 | | 0.41 | | | | | | | | |
| 448 | | 0.36 | | | | | | | | |
| 449 | | 0.32 | | | | | | | | |
| 450 | | 0.26 | | | | | | | | |
| 451 | | 0.26 | | | | | | | | |
| 452 | | 0.28 | | | | | | | | |
| 453 | | 0.26 | | | | | | | | |
| 454 | | 0.26 | | | | | | | | |
| 455 | | 0.20 | | | | | | | | |
| 456 | | 0.06 | | | | | | | | |
| 457 | | 0.04 | | | | | | | | |
| 458 | | 0.10 | | | | | | | | |
| 459 | | 0.11 | | | | | | | | |
| 460 | | 0.08 | | | | | | | | |
| 461 | | 0.04 | | | | | | | | |
| 462 | | 0 | | | | | | | | |

^a Ferulic acid has a carboxylic acid group with a pK_a of 4.6 (Erdemgil et al. 2007). Molar absorption coefficients of *trans*- and *cis*-ferulic acid were determined by first measuring the *trans* isomer. As noted above, we prepared five different solutions of *trans*-ferulic acid, which is the isomer received from the vendor. We measured the absorbance of these initial solutions and determined the molar absorptivity directly for *trans*-FA. Next, we illuminated each of the five solutions individually for 20 mins to equilibrate the photoisomerization of FA. We quantified the fraction of each isomer using HPLC and measured the absorbance of the solution after illumination. Then, we determined the molar absorption coefficients of *cis*-FA by $\varepsilon_{cis-FA} = \frac{Abs_{corrected}}{l \times [cis-FA]}$, where $Abs_{corrected}$ is the absorbance of the solution corrected to remove the absorbance contribution from *trans*-FA, *l* is the cell path length (1 cm), and [cis-FA] is the concentration of the cis-isomer in M, as determined by HPLC.

^b Syringic acid has a carboxylic group with a pK_a of 4.2 (Erdemgil et al. 2007).

| Phenol | $k'_{\text{light}}^{\text{b}}$ | \dot{J} ArOH ^c | k'_{ArOH}^{d} | $[^{\bullet}OH]_{exp}^{e}$ |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | (10^{-4} s^{-1}) | (10^{-4} s^{-1}) | (10^{-4} s^{-1}) | (10^{-15} M) |
| TYR | 0.89 | pprox 0 | 1.3 | 8.9 |
| GA | 0.88 | pprox 0 | 1.2 | 8.2 |
| VAL | 0.96 | pprox 0 | 1.3 | 8.4 |
| FA ^f | 0.91 | 0.041 | 1.2 | 6.5 |
| SyrAcid | 2.9 | 0.45 | 3.6 | 18 |
| SA | 3.4 | 0.65 | 4.1 | 17 |

Table S3. ArOH Decay Kinetics by •OH^a

^a Concentrations of reactants are in Table S1. The photolysis rate constant for 2nitrobenzaldehyde, our chemical actinometer, was measured once during our •OH experiments, with a value of 5.0×10^3 s⁻¹.

^b Experimentally determined pseudo-first-order rate constant for the decay of ArOH by [•]OH, determined as the negative of the slope of ln([ArOH]/[ArOH]_0) versus reaction time (Figure S2).

^c Previously measured photolysis rate constants under midday, Davis winter-solstice sunlight for ArOH in simulated sunlight from Arciva et al. (2022).

^d Corrected pseudo-first-order decay constant for ArOH loss by •OH, determined by $k'_{ArOH} = \left[\left(\frac{k'_{light}}{j_{2NB}}\right) \times j_{2NB,win}\right] - j_{ArOH}$. We normalized values to sunlight conditions at midday on the winter solstice at Davis ($i_{2NB,win} = 0.0070 \text{ s}^{-1}$) (Anastasio and McGregor 2001).

- winter solstice at Davis ($j_{2NB,win} = 0.0070 \text{ s}^{-1}$) (Anastasio and McGregor 2001). ^e Steady-state concentrations of [•]OH in experimental solutions (normalized to winter-solstice sunlight) estimated by [[•]OH] = $\frac{k'_{ArOH}}{k_{ArOH+OH}}$, where $k_{ArOH+OH}$ (M⁻¹ s⁻¹) is the second-order rate constant of ArOH with [•]OH (Arciva et al., 2022).
- ^f Values for FA represent a weighted average between the *cis* and *trans* isomers.

| Phenol | $j_{2{ m NB}}{}^{ m a}$ | k'light ^b | $k'_{\rm ArOH}^{\rm c}$ | $[{}^{3}C^{*}]_{exp}{}^{d}$ |
|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | (10^{-4} s^{-1}) | (10^{-4} s^{-1}) | (10^{-4} s^{-1}) | (10^{-14} M) |
| TYR | 59 | 0.16 | 0.19 | 4.0 |
| GA | 65 | 0.50 | 0.54 | 2.9 |
| VAL | 100 | 0.31 | 0.21 | 1.2 |
| FA ^e | 61 | 0.37 | 0.38 | 4.6 |
| SyrAcid | 61 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 11 |
| SA | 61 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 8.7 |

Table S4. ArOH Decay Kinetics by ${}^{3}C^{*}$

^a Photolysis rate constant for 2-nitrobenzaldehyde, a chemical actinometer, on the day of an aqSOA experiment.

^b Pseudo-first-order rate constant for the decay of ArOH by oxidizing triplets, determined from the slope of the plot ln([ArOH]/[ArOH]_0) versus reaction time (Figure S2).

^c Corrected pseudo-first-order decay of ArOH by ³C*, determined by $k'_{ArOH} = \left[\left(\frac{k'_{light}}{j_{2NB}} \right) \times \right]$

 $j_{2NB,win}$ - j_{ArOH} . Values of j_{ArOH} , the direct photodegradation rate constant for each phenol normalized to Davis winter-solstice sunlight, are in Table S2. k'_{ArOH} values are normalized to sunlight conditions at midday on the winter solstice at Davis ($j_{2NB,win} = 0.0070 \text{ s}^{-1}$) (Anastasio and McGregor 2001).

^d Steady-state concentration of ³C* in experimental solutions (normalized to winter-solstice sunlight) estimated by $[{}^{3}C^{*}] = \frac{k'_{ArOH}}{k_{ArOH+3C^{*}}}$, where $k_{ArOH+3C^{*}}$ (M⁻¹ s⁻¹) as the second-order rate constant of ArOH with ³C* (Ma et al., 2021).

^e Values for FA represent a weighted average between the *cis* and *trans* isomers.

| Compound | •OH Reaction | ³ C* Reaction |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | aqSOA Mass Yield $(\pm 1\sigma)^a$ | aqSOA Mass Yield $(\pm 1\sigma)^{b}$ |
| TYR | 94.3 (± 3.6) | 85.9 (± 3.9) |
| GA | 65.5 (± 7.8) | 84.5 (± 3.8) |
| VAL | 73.7 (± 3.1) | 59.0 (± 2.0) |
| FA | 83.1 (± 6.1) | 90.6 (± 13.8) |
| SyrAcid | 63.8 (± 2.7) | 78.5 (± 8.6) |
| SA | 81.4 (± 4.9) | 99.1 (± 7.9) |
| Avg $(\pm 1\sigma)$ | 82 (± 12) | 83 (± 14) |

Table S5. aqSOA Mass Yields for highly substituted ArOH

^a AqSOA mass yields are an average of measurements of samples at one, two, and three half-lives (i.e., *t*_{1/2}, 2*t*_{1/2}, 3*t*_{1/2}) (Arciva et al., 2022).
^b AqSOA mass yields are an average of measurements of samples at one, two, and three half-lives (i.e., *t*_{1/2}, 2*t*_{1/2}, 3*t*_{1/2}) (Ma et al., 2021).

Table S6. MAC_{ArOH} and MAC_{aqSOA,t1} for ArOH reacting with [•]OH or ³C*. MAC values (in units of m² g⁻¹) at 300 nm for the parent ArOH (MAC_{ArOH}) and for the aqSOA at the first sampled time point (MAC_{aqSOA,t1}) with reaction time as marked. For aqSOA values, we subtracted the absorbance contribution from the reactants (i.e., unreacted ArOH and oxidant precursor).

| | | •OH Reaction | ³ C* Reaction |
|---------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Phenol | MAC _{ArOH} | MAC _{aqSOA,t1} | MAC _{aqSOA,t1} |
| TYR | 0.00 | 0.63 (110 min) | 1.7 (150 min) |
| GA | 0.88 | 3.0 (70 min) | 3.3 (90 min) |
| VAL | 0.02 | 3.4 (60 min) | 3.2 (90 min) |
| FA | 9.0 | 4.4 (60 min) | 5.5 (120 min) |
| SyrAcid | 1.5 | 6.1 (20 min) | 9.0 (24 min) |
| SA | 1.7 | 5.1 (20 min) | 6.0 (27 min) |

Table S7. Light absorption characteristics of the aqSOA: Fraction of light absorption (R_{abs}) due to short wavelengths, AAE_{300-400nm}, and log₁₀(MAC₄₀₅). Values are listed as a time series from top to bottom (with times shown in Table S1). R_{abs} data are shown in Figures 4 and S7.

| | •OH Reactions | | ³ C* Reactions | | | |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Phenol | Fraction of | AAE300 | Log ₁₀ (MAC ₄₀₅) | Fraction of | AAE300 | $Log_{10}(MAC_{405})$ |
| | $R_{\rm abs,t1}$ from | -400nm ^b | | $R_{\rm abs,t1}$ from | -400nm ^b | |
| | wavelengths | | | wavelengths | | |
| | < 400 nm ^a | | | < 400 nm ^a | | |
| TYR | 0.23 | 8.8 | -1.36 | 0.38 | 10.22 | -1.05 |
| | 0.32 | 8.8 | -1.25 | 0.37 | 8.43 | -0.80 |
| | 0.40 | 8.7 | -1.18 | 0.45 | 8.57 | -0.83 |
| | 0.47 | 8.6 | -1.17 | 0.39 | 7.53 | -0.67 |
| | 0.48 | 8.6 | -1.15 | 0.46 | 7.94 | -0.76 |
| | 0.52 | 8.6 | -1.16 | 0.53 | 7.63 | -0.73 |
| GA | 0.48 | 9.1 | -0.72 | 0.83 | 9.6 | -0.77 |
| | 0.54 | 9.0 | -0.79 | 0.78 | 8.7 | -0.69 |
| | 0.54 | 8.9 | -0.84 | 0.77 | 8.4 | -0.69 |
| | 0.57 | 9.2 | -0.93 | 0.76 | 8.3 | -0.70 |
| | 0.59 | 9.3 | -0.98 | 0.77 | 8.3 | -0.72 |
| | 0.59 | 9.3 | -1.04 | 0.77 | 8.3 | -0.74 |
| VAL | 0.25 | 10.1 | -0.76 | 0.16 | 7.5 | -0.46 |
| | 0.37 | 9.5 | -0.76 | 0.21 | 7.5 | -0.46 |
| | 0.44 | 9.2 | -0.78 | 0.31 | 7.2 | -0.42 |
| | 0.49 | 9.1 | -0.83 | 0.37 | 6.8 | -0.36 |
| | 0.51 | 8.9 | -0.89 | 0.41 | 6.8 | -0.35 |
| | 0.54 | 8.9 | -0.95 | 0.44 | 6.8 | -0.36 |
| FA | 0.67 | 11 | -0.75 | 0.74 | 12 | -0.83 |
| | 0.68 | 11 | -0.79 | 0.74 | 11 | -0.72 |
| | 0.67 | 10 | -0.80 | 0.08 | 11 | -0.72 |
| | 0.68 | 10 | -0.85 | 0.76 | 11 | -0.84 |
| | 0.67 | 9.9 | -0.90 | 0.70 | 10 | -0.78 |
| | 0.68 | 9.6 | -0.93 | 0.71 | 10 | 0.70 |
| SA | 0.63 | 5.0 | 0.06 | 0.64 | 3.7 | 0.28 |
| | 0.67 | 5.2 | -0.01 | 0.65 | 3.9 | 0.26 |
| | 0.67 | 5.3 | -0.05 | 0.65 | 3.9 | 0.24 |
| | 0.66 | 5.3 | -0.08 | 0.64 | 4.0 | 0.21 |
| | 0.67 | 5.6 | -0.14 | 0.64 | 4.1 | 0.18 |
| | 0.67 | 5.7 | -0.19 | 0.64 | 4.1 | 0.16 |
| SyrAcid | 0.70 | 15 | -1.19 | 0.55 | 12 | -0.54 |
| | 0.48 | 14 | -1.02 | 0.53 | 11 | -0.51 |
| | 0.45 | 14 | -1.07 | 0.52 | 11 | -0.54 |
| | 0.44 | 14 | -1.10 | 0.49 | 11 | -0.55 |
| | 0.41 | 13 | -1.17 | 0.50 | 11 | -0.58 |
| | 0.43 | 13 | -1.31 | 0.50 | 11 | -0.66 |

- ^a Fraction of the rate of sunlight absorption by aqSOA at the first illumination time point that is due to wavelengths below 400 nm.
- ^b Absorption Ångström exponent calculated using $AAE_{300-400nm} = -\frac{ln\frac{MAC_{300}}{MAC_{400}}}{ln\frac{300}{400}}$.

| | •OH Reactions | | ³ C* Reactions | | |
|---------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Phenol | $k'_{\text{Rabs,exp}}^{a}$ | $k'_{\rm Rabs}{}^{\rm b}$ | $k'_{\rm Rabs,exp}^{c}$ | $k'_{\rm Rabs}{}^{\rm d}$ | |
| | $(10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1})$ | $(10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1})$ | $(10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1})$ | $(10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1})$ | |
| TYR | 0.74 | 1.0 | 0.080 | 0.095 | |
| GA | 2.6 | 3.6 | 0.46 | 0.50 | |
| VAL | 3.1 | 4.3 | 0.24 | 0.17 | |
| FA | 1.7 | 2.4 | 0.0046 | 0.0053 | |
| SyrAcid | 6.7 | 9.4 | 3.4 | 3.9 | |
| SA | 4.9 | 6.9 | 2.4 | 2.8 | |

Table S8. Experimental and normalized k'_{Rabs} values.

^a Experimentally measured rate constant for loss of the rate of light absorption by •OH-derived aqSOA in the presence of •OH.

^b Corrected pseudo-first-order decay constant for the loss of light absorption by aqSOA in the presence of [•]OH determined by $k'_{Rabs} = \left[\left(\frac{k'_{Rabs,exp}}{j_{2NB}}\right) \times j_{2NB,win}\right]$. We normalized values to sunlight conditions at midday on the winter solstice at Davis $(j_{2NB,win} = 0.0070 \text{ s}^{-1})$ (Anastasio and McGregor 2001).

^c Experimentally measured rate constant for loss of the rate of light absorption by ${}^{3}C^{*}$ -derived aqSOA in the presence of ${}^{3}C^{*}$.

^d Corrected pseudo-first-order decay constant for the loss of light absorption by aqSOA in the presence of ³C*, determined by $k'_{Rabs} = \left[\left(\frac{k'_{Rabs,exp}}{j_{2NB}}\right) \times j_{2NB,win}\right]$. We normalized values to sunlight conditions at midday on the winter solstice at Davis ($j_{2NB,win} = 0.0070 \text{ s}^{-1}$) (Anastasio and McGregor 2001).

Table S9. OH concentrations and rate constants for loss of absorbance under experimental solutions and extrapolated to ambient conditions in aerosol liquid water (ALW) and cloud/fog drops (drop).

| Phenol | [[•] OH] _{exp} ^a | $k'_{\rm Rabs}{}^{\rm b}$ | [•OH] _{drop} / | $k'_{\rm Rabs,drop}{}^{\rm d}$ | [•OH] _{ALW} | $k'_{\text{Rabs,ALW}}^{\text{f}}$ |
|---------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | (10^{-15} M) | $(10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1})$ | [•OH] _{exp} ^c | $(10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1})$ | / [•OH] _{exp} ^e | $(10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1})$ |
| | | | (M / M) | | (M / M) | |
| TYR | 8.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.88 | 0.61 | 0.46 |
| GA | 8.2 | 3.6 | 1.3 | 3.4 | 0.66 | 1.7 |
| VAL | 8.4 | 4.3 | 1.3 | 4.0 | 0.65 | 2.0 |
| FA | 6.5 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 0.84 | 1.4 |
| SyrAcid | 18 | 9.4 | 0.59 | 3.9 | 0.30 | 2.0 |
| SA | 17 | 6.9 | 0.65 | 3.2 | 0.33 | 1.6 |

^a •OH concentration calculated from the pseudo-first-order loss of ArOH for each experiment (Table S2). Values are normalized to Davis winter-solstice conditions and corrected for i_{ArOH} .

^b Experimentally determined rate constant for decay of the rate of light absorption by aqSOA determined by the plot of the natural log of the total rate of light absorption from 280 to 800 nm (Equation 2) versus reaction time.

^c Ratio of [•OH] estimated in fog drops to the •OH concentration in our experiment. Both conditions are normalized to midday winter-solstice sunlight in Davis. For fog drops we use the Ma et al. (2023) estimate of [•OH]_{drop} = 1.1×10^{-14} M for winter-spring PM extracts and a dilution condition typical of a clean fog ($3 \times 10^{-5} \,\mu g$ -PM / μg -water).

^d Estimated rate constant for loss of the rate of light absorption by aqSOA in a fog/cloud drop, determined as the measured (and sunlight-normalized) value of *k*'_{Rabs} multiplied by the ratio [•OH]_{drop} / [•OH]_{exp}.

- ^e Ratio of [•OH] estimated in aerosol liquid water to the •OH concentration in our experiment; both values are normalized to winter-solstice sunlight. We use an estimate of [•OH]_{ALW} = 5.5×10^{-15} M for 1 µg-PM / 1 µg-water for Davis winter-spring samples, which were significantly influenced by residential wood combustion, from Ma et al. (2023).
- ^f Estimated rate constant for loss of the rate of light absorption by aqSOA in ALW, determined as the measured (and sunlight-normalized) value of k'_{Rabs} multiplied by the ratio [$^{\bullet}$ OH]_{ALW} / [$^{\bullet}$ OH]_{exp}.

Table S10. ³C* concentrations and rate constants for loss of absorbance under experimental solutions and extrapolated to ambient conditions in aerosol liquid water (ALW) and cloud/fog drops (drop).

| Phenol | $[^{3}C^{*}]_{exp}^{a}$ | k' _{Rabs} ^b | $[^{3}C^{*}]_{drop}$ | $k'_{\rm Rabs,drop}{}^{\rm d}$ | $[^{3}C^{*}]_{ALW}$ | $k'_{\rm Rabs,ALW}^{\rm f}$ |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| | (10^{-14} M) | $(10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1})$ | $/[^{3}C^{*}]_{exp}^{c}$ | $(10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1})$ | $/[^{3}C^{*}]_{exp}^{e}$ | $(10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1})$ |
| | | | (M / M) | | (M / M) | |
| TYR | 4.0 | 0.095 | 0.92 | 0.074 | 20 | 1.6 |
| GA | 2.9 | 0.50 | 1.3 | 0.60 | 29 | 13 |
| VAL | 1.2 | 0.17 | 3.2 | 0.76 | 70 | 17 |
| FA | 4.6 | 0.0053 | 0.80 | 0.0036 | 18 | 0.082 |
| SyrAcid | 11 | 3.9 | 0.33 | 1.1 | 7.3 | 25 |
| SA | 8.7 | 2.8 | 0.42 | 1.0 | 9.4 | 23 |

^a ${}^{3}C^{*}$ concentration calculated from the pseudo-first-order loss of ArOH for each experiment (Table S2). Values are normalized to Davis winter-solstice conditions and corrected for j_{ArOH} .

^b Experimentally determined rate constant for decay of the rate of light absorption by aqSOA determined by the plot of the natural log of the total rate of light absorption from 280 to 800 nm (Equation 2) versus reaction time.

^c Ratio of [³C*] estimated in fog drops to the •OH concentration in our experiments. Both values are normalized to winter-solstice sunlight. For fog drops we use the Ma et al. (2023) estimate of $[^{3}C^{*}]_{drop} = 3.7 \times 10^{-14}$ M for winter-spring PM extracts and a dilution condition typical of clean fog (3 × 10⁻⁵ µg-PM / µg-water).

^d Estimated rate constant for loss of the rate of light absorption by aqSOA in a fog/cloud drop, determined as the measured (and sunlight-normalized) value of k'_{Rabs} multiplied by the ratio $[{}^{3}\text{C}^{*}]_{\text{drop}} / [{}^{3}\text{C}^{*}]_{\text{exp}}$.

^e Ratio of [³C*] estimated in aerosol liquid water to the ³C* concentration in our experiment; both values are normalized to winter-solstice sunlight We use an estimate of [³C*]_{ALW} = 8.2×10^{-13} M for 1 µg-PM / 1 µg-water for Davis winter-spring samples, which were significantly influenced by residential wood combustion, from Ma et al. (2023).

^f Estimated rate constant for loss of the rate of light absorption by aqSOA in ALW, determined as the measured (and sunlight-normalized) value of k'_{Rabs} multiplied by the ratio $[^{3}\text{C}^{*}]_{\text{ALW}} / [^{3}\text{C}^{*}]_{\text{exp}}$.



Figure S1. Experimental and simulated actinic flux. The red line is the modeled, midday Davis winter-solstice actinic flux from the Tropospheric Ultraviolet and Visible Radiation Model Version 5.3 (https://www.acom.ucar.edu/Models/TUV/Interactive_TUV/). The purple line is the measured photon flux from our solar simulator on a day with $j_{2NB} = 0.0051 \text{ s}^{-1}$. The solar simulator contains a 1000 W Xe lamp equipped with a downstream water filter, an AM1.0 air mass filter (AM1D-3L, Sciencetech), and a 295 nm long-pass filter (20CGA-295, Thorlabs).



Figure S2. ArOH oxidation kinetics with $^{\circ}$ OH (blue circles) and $^{3}C^{*}$ (red triangles).



Figure S3. Base-10 molar absorption coefficients (ϵ) for aqueous, highly substituted ArOH. Values, which are tabulated in Table S2, were determined from the spectra of five different solutions of each ArOH at 25 μ M, 100 μ M, 500 μ M, 1.0 mM, and 2.0 mM in a 1 cm cell.



Figure S4. Absorbance measurements for mixtures during the [•]OH reactions. The absorbance here, which was measured in a 5-cm cell at each time point, represents contributions from the oxidant precursor, starting phenol, and products.



Figure S5. Absorbance measurements for mixtures during ${}^{3}C^{*}$ reactions. The absorbance here, which was measured in a 5-cm cell at each time point, is due to the oxidant precursor, starting phenol, and products.



Figure S6. Evolution of mass absorption coefficients (MAC) of aqSOA formed from the [•]OH reaction (left column) and ${}^{3}C*$ reaction (right column) of three phenols: vanillyl alcohol (top pair of panels), ferulic acid (middle pair), and syringic acid (bottom pair). Arrows show the trend in MAC (i.e., increasing or decreasing) in a given wavelength region as a function of illumination time. The MAC value for each starting phenol is shown as a black line. The absorbance contributions of the starting phenol and oxidant precursor (i.e., H₂O₂ or DMB) have been removed from the aqSOA MAC values (colored lines).



Figure S7. Rates of sunlight absorption for aqSOA formed from vanillyl alcohol (VAL; top), ferulic acid (FA; middle), and syringic acid (SyrAcid; bottom). The left column shows results for reactions of each phenol with $^{\circ}$ OH while the right column shows the parallel results for $^{3}C^{*}$ (right column) over the course of illumination. For a given phenol, the black line represents sunlight absorption by the parent ArOH and the colored lines are sunlight absorption for aqSOA at different illumination times. Arrows represent the time trends of aqSOA MAC values after the initial illumination time point.



Figure S8. Decay in the rate of sunlight absorption (R_{abs} , 10⁻⁴ mol photon g⁻¹ s⁻¹) for aqSOA formed from tyrosol (TYR), guaiacylacetone (GA), and syringyl acetone (SA) during continued reaction. The left column shows the total rate of aqSOA light absorption (from 280 to 800 nm) over the course of each illumination. The right column shows the same data, but with the natural log of the total rate of light absorption; these plots were used to determine the pseudo-first-order decay of light absorption by aqSOA during illumination. Dashed lines indicate the time points used to determine k'_{Rabs} values (Equation 2) for the reactions with triplets (red triangles and lines) and **•**OH (blue circles and lines).



Figure S9. Decay in the rate of sunlight absorption (R_{abs} , 10⁻⁴ mol photon g⁻¹ s⁻¹) for aqSOA formed from vanillyl alcohol (VAL), ferulic acid (FA), and syringic acid (SyrAcid). The left column shows the total rate of aqSOA light absorption (summed from 280 to 800 nm) at each sampled time point. The right column shows the same data, but with the natural log of the total rate of light absorption; these plots were used to determine the pseudo-first-order decay of light absorption by aqSOA during illumination. Dashed lines indicate the time points used to determine k'_{Rabs} values (Equation 2) for the reactions with triplets (red) and •OH (blue).



Figure S10. Lifetimes of phenolic BrC formed from 'OH and ${}^{3}C^{*}$ reactions. Top panel: Lifetimes of the rate of sunlight absorption by 'OH-formed aqSOA with respect to 'OH oxidation under conditions of: (a) our experiments (gray bars), (b) cloud/fog drops (blue bars), and (c) ALW (gold bars). Bottom panel: Lifetime of light absorption by triplet-formed aqSOA with respect to oxidation by triplets.

Section S1. Absorbance correction and MAC determinations for parent ArOH

The experimentally measured absorbance of a reaction mixture at a given wavelength ($Abs_{exp,\lambda}$, e.g., Figures S4 and S5) includes contributions from the starting phenol ($Abs_{ArOH,\lambda}$), H₂O₂ or DMB as the oxidant precursor ($Abs_{Ox,\lambda}$), and the aqSOA that formed ($Abs_{aqSOA,\lambda}$):

$$Abs_{exp,\lambda} = Abs_{ArOH,\lambda} + Abs_{OX,\lambda} + Abs_{aqSOA,\lambda}.$$
(S1)

To calculate the MAC for the parent ArOH (MAC_{ArOH}) in this mixture, we took the absorbance at time 0 (i.e., where $Abs_{aqSOA,\lambda} = 0$) and subtracted the absorbance contribution from the known concentration of either H₂O₂ (in •OH reactions) or DMB (in ³C* reactions):

$$Abs_{ArOH,\lambda} = Abs_{exp,\lambda} at time zero - Abs_{Ox,\lambda},$$
 (S2)

where
$$Abs_{0x,\lambda} = \varepsilon_{0x,\lambda} \times [0x] \times l.$$
 (S3)

The absorbance of the oxidant precursor at wavelength λ was determined as the product of the base-10 molar absorption coefficient of the precursor ($\varepsilon_{Ox,\lambda}$, M⁻¹ cm⁻¹), the oxidant precursor concentration ([Ox], M), and the cell path length (*l*, cm). Values of the oxidant precursor molar absorption coefficients are from Miller and Kester (1988) for H₂O₂ and from Smith et al. (2014) for DMB.

The remaining absorbance at time 0 represents the absorbance of the starting phenol. Absorbance values for the starting phenol can also be calculated using the molar absorption coefficients from Table S2 and equation S2; this procedure results in the same values.

$$Abs_{ArOH,\lambda} = \varepsilon_{ArOH,\lambda} \times [ArOH] \times l$$
(S4)

This parent phenol absorbance was then used to calculate the corresponding MAC:

$$MAC_{ArOH,\lambda} (m^2 g^{-1}) = \frac{2.303 \times Abs_{ArOH,\lambda} \times 10^3 \times 10^{-4}}{l \times [ArOH]}$$
(S5)

where 2.303 converts the absorbance from base-10 to base-e, l is the path length of our cuvette (5 cm), [ArOH] is starting phenol mass concentration (g L⁻¹), the factor of 10³ converts from L to cm³, and the factor of 10⁻⁴ converts from cm² to m².

For subsequent time points, we calculated the wavelength-specific absorbance of aqSOA in the reaction mixture by removing the absorbance contributions from both the remaining parent phenol and oxidant precursor:

$$Abs_{aqSOA,\lambda} = Abs_{exp,\lambda} - (Abs_{ArOH,\lambda} + Abs_{Ox,\lambda})$$
(S6)

The absorbance of the phenol at a given reaction time and wavelength was determined as the product of its concentration (determined by HPLC), the molar absorption coefficient at that wavelength (Table S2), and the cell path length, as shown in equation S4. The absorbance of the oxidant precursor was determined as explained in equation S3. For triplet experiments, the DMB concentration determined in the same HPLC run as the ArOH measurement.

Because we did not measure the H_2O_2 concentration, we estimated $[H_2O_2]$ over the course of illumination by considering the stoichiometries of ArOH and H_2O_2 loss during illumination. The main loss of H_2O_2 is through direct photolysis to form °OH (SR1), while reaction with °OH (SR3) is a minor path. Based on the rate constants for SR2 and SR3 (Arciva et al. 2022; Christensen et al. 1982), we calculated the percent of °OH reacting with ArOH or H_2O_2 in each reaction mixture; e.g., for GA, these are 92% and 8%, respectively. Next, we determined the relationships between the change in the number of moles of $H_2O_2(\Delta n_{H2O2})$, °OH formed (Δn_{OH}) and GA (Δn_{GA}) in these reactions.

$$H_2O_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ OH}$$
 (SR1)

For this reaction, $\Delta n_{H2O2} = 0.5 \Delta n_{\cdot OH}$

$$OH + ArOH \rightarrow Products$$
 (SR2)

Based on the relative rates of SR2 and SR3 as fates of $^{\circ}OH$, $\Delta n_{\circ OH} = \Delta n_{GA} / 0.92$.

$$OH + H_2O_2 \rightarrow H_2O + HO_2$$
(SR3)

Since 2 HO₂• combine to form 1 molecule of H₂O₂, we can rewrite SR3 as

$$^{\circ}\text{OH} + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O} + 0.5 \text{ H}_2\text{O}_2 \tag{SR4}$$

Considering the relative importance of SR2 and SR3 as sinks of 'OH, we can write the relationship

 $\Delta n_{\text{OH}} = (\Delta n_{\text{H2O2}} / 0.08) \times 2 = \Delta n_{\text{H2O2}} / 0.04$ for SR3.

We can then sum the stoichiometric losses of H_2O_2 and •OH from these reactions to reveal the relationship between the number of moles of H_2O_2 and GA lost:

Total
$$\Delta n_{H2O2} = 0.5 \Delta n_{\bullet OH} + 0.04 \Delta n_{\bullet OH} = 0.54 \Delta n_{\bullet OH} = 0.54 \times (\Delta n_{GA}/0.92) = 0.59 \Delta n_{GA}$$
.

That is,
$$\frac{\Delta n_{\rm H2O2}}{\Delta n_{\rm GA}} = 0.59$$
, (S7)

which indicates that the number of moles of H_2O_2 lost during reaction is 59% of the number of moles of GA lost for our conditions. This example is specific for GA, but we performed parallel calculations for the other five phenols. The percentage for reactions of TYR, GA, and VAL average $(\pm 1\sigma)$ to 59% $(\pm 1.0\%)$, and for FA, SyrAcid, and SA, 76% $(\pm 4.0\%)$. These percentages are different across the two sets of ArOH due to the different starting concentrations of precursor ArOH and H_2O_2 (Table S1).

The ratio of the change in the number of moles in the reaction solution is equivalent to the ratio expressed as concentrations. Thus, we can determine $\Delta[H_2O_2]_t$, how much the concentration of H_2O_2 changed between adjacent reaction sampling times, by:

$$\Delta[H_2O_2]_t = \Delta[ArOH]_t \times \frac{\Delta n_{H_2O_2}}{\Delta n_{ArOH}},$$
(S8)

where $\frac{\Delta n_{H2O2}}{\Delta n_{ArOH}}$ is 0.59 for GA, Δ [ArOH]_t is the change in ArOH concentration between two time points as determined by HPLC, and Δ [H₂O₂]_t is the change in H₂O₂ concentration in M. For use in equation S3 for the **•**OH experiments, we determined the concentration of H₂O₂ in the reaction solution at a given time using:

$$[H_2O_2]_t = [H_2O_2]_o - \Delta[H_2O_2]_t$$
(S9)

After all of this work, our calculations indicate that the change in H_2O_2 concentration over the course of illumination was small (< 5%) in our •OH experiments, but we still accounted for it.

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