

# Impact of water uptake and mixing state on submicron particles deposition in the human respiratory tract (HRT): Based on explicit hygroscopicity measurements at HRT-like conditions

Ruiqi Man<sup>1</sup>, Zhijun Wu<sup>1,2</sup>, Taomou Zong<sup>1</sup>, Aristeidis Voliotis<sup>3,4</sup>, Johannes Größ<sup>5</sup>, Dominik van Pinxteren<sup>5</sup>, Limin Zeng<sup>1</sup>, Hartmut Herrmann<sup>5</sup>, Alfred Wiedensohler<sup>5</sup>, Min Hu<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>State Key Joint Laboratory of Environmental Simulation and Pollution Control, College of Environmental Sciences and Engineering, Peking University, 100871, Beijing, China

<sup>2</sup>Collaborative Innovation Center of Atmospheric Environment and Equipment Technology, Nanjing University of Information Science and Technology, 210044, Nanjing, China

<sup>3</sup>National Centre for Atmospheric Science, Department of Earth and Environmental Science, School of Natural Sciences, The University of Manchester, Oxford Road, M13 9PL, Manchester, UK

<sup>4</sup>Centre for Atmospheric Science, Department of Earth and Environmental Science, School of Natural Sciences, The University of Manchester, Oxford Road, M13 9PL, Manchester, UK

<sup>5</sup>Leibniz Institute for Tropospheric Research, 04318, Leipzig, Germany

Correspondence to: Zhijun Wu (zhijunwu@pku.edu.cn)

## [Supporting Information]

Table S1 Regional and total deposition doses in children group

Child	Dose without hygroscopicity [10 <sup>8</sup> /day]			Dose considering hygroscopicity [10 <sup>8</sup> /day]			Impact of hygroscopicity on dose		
	hydrophobic	hygroscopic	sum	hydrophobic	hygroscopic	sum	hydrophobic	hygroscopic	sum
Head	0.54	5.39	5.95	0.54	5.46	6.01	0.34%	-1.29%	-0.94%
TB	3.22	28.99	32.26	3.05	21.41	24.46	5.18%	26.16%	24.16%
P	6.97	63.02	70.07	6.63	45.03	51.66	4.89%	28.54%	26.27%
Total	10.73	97.40	108.28	10.22	71.90	82.13	4.75%	26.18%	24.14%

Table S2 Regional and total deposition doses in adults group

Adult	Dose without hygroscopicity [10 <sup>8</sup> /day]			Dose considering hygroscopicity [10 <sup>8</sup> /day]			Impact of hygroscopicity on dose		
	hydrophobic	hygroscopic	sum	hydrophobic	hygroscopic	sum	hydrophobic	hygroscopic	sum
Head	1.66	15.92	17.61	1.66	15.87	17.53	0.10%	0.33%	0.48%
TB	8.35	74.28	82.73	7.88	53.24	61.13	5.57%	28.32%	26.11%
P	12.81	114.90	127.84	12.16	82.57	94.72	5.09%	28.14%	25.90%
Total	22.82	205.10	228.18	21.70	151.68	173.38	4.90%	26.05%	24.02%

Table S3 Regional and total deposition doses in the elderly group

Elderly	Dose without hygroscopicity [10 <sup>8</sup> /day]			Dose considering hygroscopicity [10 <sup>8</sup> /day]			Impact of hygroscopicity on dose		
	hydrophobic	hygroscopic	sum	hydrophobic	hygroscopic	sum	hydrophobic	hygroscopic	sum
Head	1.61	15.49	17.13	1.60	15.52	17.12	0.31%	-0.15%	0.07%
TB	8.26	73.58	81.94	7.79	52.89	60.68	5.59%	28.12%	25.94%
P	13.24	118.79	132.16	12.55	85.28	97.83	5.18%	28.21%	25.97%
Total	23.11	207.86	231.24	21.94	153.69	175.63	4.99%	26.06%	24.04%

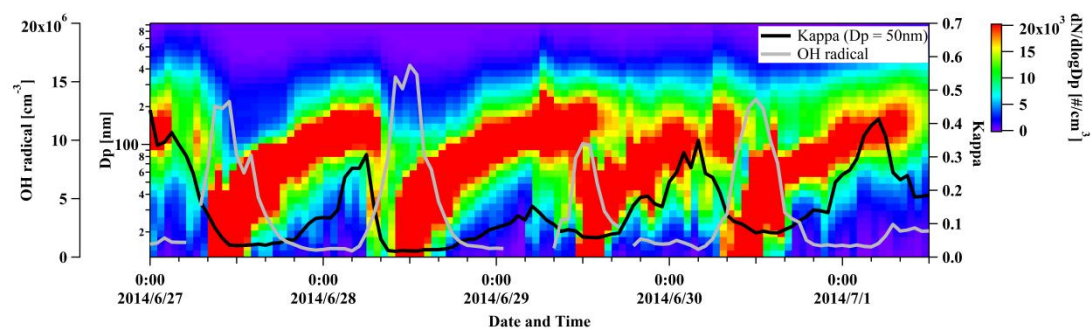


Figure S1. The particle number size distribution of typical new particle formation events from June 27 to July 2, 2014. The black line represents the corresponding hygroscopicity parameter ( $\kappa$ ). The gray line represents the concentrations of OH radical.

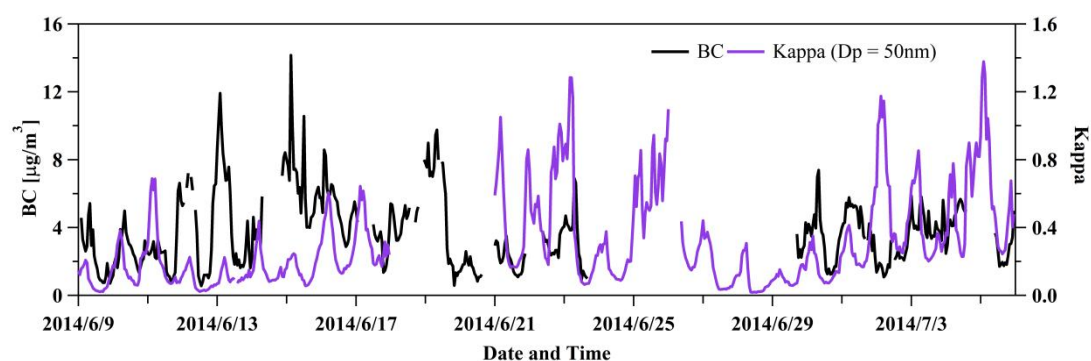


Figure S2. The time series of the BC mass concentration and the  $\kappa$  of particles with diameters of 50 nm. The black and purple line represent BC and  $\kappa$ , respectively.